If You Want Bargains
*Remember That They are Always Advertised in the*
POST-DISPATCH.

# St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

THE DUCHESS WRITES
*Of the "SINS OF YOUNG WOMEN" in the Next*
SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

VOL. 41.—NO. 86. ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY EVENING, JANUARY 17, 1890. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER, TWENTY CENTS A WEEK.

THE
GREAT SALVAGE SALE
OPENED THIS MORNING AT
D. CRAWFORD & CO.'S
IS
THE EVENT OF THE DAY!!

Business Hours
DURING THE
Fire Salvage Sale at D. Crawford & Co.'s
WILL BE
FROM 9 A. M. TO 4 P. M.
No dinner hour for employes.

To SPECTACLE WEARERS
Do not Ruin Your Eyes by using Inferior Glasses sold by vendors and Jewelers advertising themselves as opticians, but go to
ALOE'S, The Only First-Class Opticians,

Where you are Properly Suited and get Perfect Lenses at as Low a Price as you pay for poor and badly-fitted specs. 415 North Broadway, Center of Block

PERMANENTLY CURED BY A NEW METHOD
CATARRH
By permission I refer to the following well-known persons in St. Louis, who have tried my treatment and recommend it:
W. H. Hill, Mgr. N. Y. Life Ins. Co., Odd Fellows Bldg.
Robt. L. Henry, Wm. Barr Dry Goods Co.
V. O. Saunders, Jauis, Saunders & Co.
H. O. Townsend, Gen'l Pasgr. Agent Mo. Pacific Ry.
L. J. Peck, Goddard, Peck & Co.
W. S. Simpson, Christopher & Simpson, Arch. Iron Works.
Chas. Sternberg, 420 N. Broadway.
R. R. Stinde, Real Estate, 808 Chestnut street.
Geo. S. Tyler, Gen. Agt. Chicago, Alton & St. Louis R.R.
T. C. Hamilton, with B. Nugent & Bro.
Examination and Consultation Free.
The treatment is mild and agreeable, and based upon scientific principles. Catarrhal diseases are dependent upon some taint in the organism, and it is by eradicating it that I CURE CATARRH. Patients at a distance are treated as successfully as those who visit the office. Send address or call for valuable treatise on catarrh, with carefully prepared symptom blank, and testimonials and references.
2818 Washington Ave., St. Louis, Mo. DR. T. S. GREENE.

## ELECTION NOTICES.

NOTICE—Schulenburg & Boeckeler Lumber Co.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Schulenburg & Boeckeler Lumber Co. will take place at the office of said company in the city of St. Louis on Wednesday, January 22, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m. of that day, for the election of directors of said company, and for such other business as may come before said meeting. ADOLPHUS BOECKELER, President.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 11, 1890.

THE annual meeting of the members of the Odd Fellows' Mutual Aid Association of Missouri will meet in Odd Fellows Hall, 9th and Olive sts., Friday, the 24th inst., at 8 o'clock p. m. for the election of directors and the transaction of other important business. A full attendance is requested.
W. H. WOODWARD, President.
E. M. SLOAN, Secretary.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Riddle-Rehbein Manufacturing Co. for the election of directors and such other business as may come before it, will be held at the office of the company, corner of Thirteenth and O'Fallon streets, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., on Wednesday, January 29, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m.
GEORGE T. RIDDLE, Prest. and Treas.
HENRY REHBEIN, Secretary.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 9, 1890.

THE annual meeting of the Atlantic Gold Co. will be held at the office of the company, room No. 125, Laclede Building, corner Fourth and Olive streets, in city of St. Louis, January 22, 1890, for the election of six directors to serve the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be necessary. E. M. SLOAN, President.
DAN EVANS, Acting Secretary.

## STOCKHOLDERS MEETINGS.

NOTICE is hereby given to the stockholders of the West Granite Mountain Mining Company, that the syndicate named in the resolution adopted at the meeting of said company on October 5, 1889, have delivered two hundred and fifty thousand shares of the Elizabeth Mining Company to Massena Bullard and Augustus B. Ewing, Trustees.

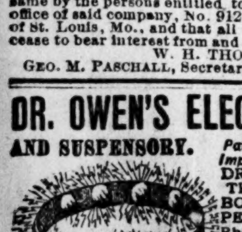
Any stockholder of the West Granite Company may, within sixty days from the 20th day of December, 1889, exchange his shares in said company for Elizabeth Mining Company stock at the rate of two shares of the former for one of the latter on the terms provided in said resolution, by applying to Augustus B. Ewing, Esq., room 124, Laclede Building, St. Louis, Mo., or Massena Bullard, room No. 8, Gold Block, Main street, Helena, Mont.

At the expiration of said sixty days the stock of the Elizabeth Mining Company remaining unexchanged in the hands of said Bullard and Ewing will be sold as provided in said resolution.
AUGUSTUS B. EWING,
MASSENA BULLARD,
Trustees.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

OFFICE of St. Louis Gas-Light Co., Jan. 2, 1890.—Notice is hereby given to all persons holding certificates heretofore issued by the St. Louis Gas-Light Co. for money deposited as security for the payment of gas bills, that said company is now prepared to pay all sums due on such certificates, deducting all gas bills unpaid, upon presentation of the same by the persons entitled to such payment at the office of said company, No. 912 Olive st., in the city of St. Louis, Mo., and that all such certificates will cease to bear interest from and after this date.
W. H. THOMPSON, President.
GEO. M. PASCHALL, Secretary.

DR. OWEN'S ELECTRIC BELT AND SUSPENSORY. *Patented Aug. 16, 1887. Improved July 30, 1889.* DR. OWEN'S ELECTRO-GALVANIC BODY BELT & SUSPENSORY will cure All Rheumatic Complaints Lumbago, General and Nervous Debility, Costiveness, Kidney Diseases Nervousness Trembling, Sexual Exhaustion, Wasting of body diseases caused by Indiscretions in Youth, Age, Married or Single Life.



SENT TO RESPONSIBLE PARTIES ON 30 DAYS TRIAL.
TRY A PAIR OF DR. OWEN'S ELECTRIC INSOLES PRICE $1 PER PAIR.
ALSO AN ELECTRIC TRUSS AND BELT COMBINED.
Send 6c. postage for free illustrated pamphlet, which will be sent you in plain sealed envelope. Mention this paper, address
OWEN ELECTRIC BELT AND APPLIANCE CO.,
306 N. BROADWAY, ST. LOUIS, MO.
826 Broadway, New York City.

Crossman's Specific Mixture.
With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet, or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price $1 a bottle.

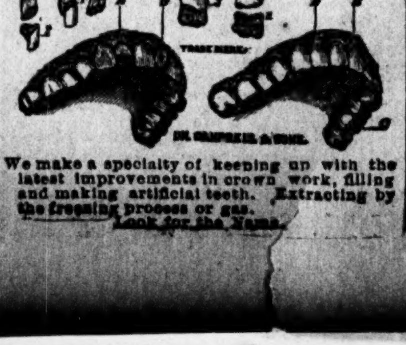
CONSULT your interests by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

I took Cold,
I took Sick,
I TOOK
SCOTT'S EMULSION
RESULT:
I take My Meals,
I take My Rest,
AND I AM VIGOROUS ENOUGH TO TAKE ANYTHING I CAN LAY MY HANDS ON; getting fat too, FOR Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda NOT ONLY CURED MY Incipient Consumption BUT BUILT ME UP, AND IS NOW PUTTING
FLESH ON MY BONES
AT THE RATE OF A POUND A DAY. I TAKE IT JUST AS EASILY AS I DO MILK." SUCH TESTIMONY IS NOTHING NEW. SCOTT'S EMULSION IS DOING WONDERS DAILY. TAKE NO OTHER.

Liebig COMPANY'S
J. v. Liebig.
EXTRACT OF MEAT.
INCOMPARABLE IN FLAVOR.
Use it for Beef Tea, Soups, Sauces, (Game, Fish, &c.) Aspic or Meat Jelly.
One pound of Extract of Beef equal to forty pounds of lean beef. Genuine only with signature of J. von Liebig, as shown above, in blue.

The fast increasing sales make the use of "Cocoa" and "Chocolate" almost as general here as in Europe, and households now welcome these beverages as refreshing, palatable, with good tonic properties, for breakfasts, etc. With a desire to satisfy a demand for a superior article, guaranteed by the reputation of a house noted all over the United States for the purity and excellence of its manufactures, the well-known New York confectionery firm of HUYLER'S wish to introduce to the people of St. Louis a COCOA, for breakfast use, and a CHOCOLATE (blue wrapper) for drinking and cooking; and they have only to say that a trial of them means—to use them always. Tell your grocer to order of any wholesale house, or Delafield, McGovern & Co., wholesale agents.

DR. CAMPBELL & SONS,
1002 OLIVE ST.



TRADE MARK.
DR. CAMPBELL & SONS.

We make a specialty of keeping up with the latest improvements in crown work, filling and making artificial teeth. Extracting by the freezing process or gas.
Look for the Name.

# A GALLANT FIGHT.

## St. Louis Scores a Point in the World's Fair Contest.

## The Special Committee Resolution Adopted by the House.

**Chicago's Desperate Effort to Defeat the Resolution and Have the Entire Matter Referred to the Foreign Affairs Committee—The Special Committee Clothed With Full Power—New York Strongly in Favor of Postponement—Good Work by the Missouri Members in Congress—The Local Fund.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.—Great interest was taken in the vote upon the World's Fair question in the House to-day. Members representing the competing cities were active in consolidating their forces and in keeping their men in line. Dozens of members kept tally and every vote was closely scanned. The most energetic of the Chicago men were Messrs. Cannon, Mason, Lawler and Smith. St. Louis was marshalled by Messrs. Hatch, Dockery, Frank and Bland, while the New York interests were attended to by Messrs. Flower, Farquhar and Cummings. The result of the contest is that a special committee of nine members will be appointed without receiving any instructions. It may choose the site if it sees fit, but it is more probable that a determination of that question will be relegated to the House.

The windy city's supporters made a desperate effort to defeat the special committee resolution, but were over matched by the St. Louis, New York and Washington adherents. As the matter now stands Chicago's little game to steal a march on the chief competitor, St. Louis, was neatly blocked.

YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

In the House yesterday Chicago lost a big point in the contest. The Chicago representatives were fighting to have the selection of a site for the fair referred to the Foreign Affairs Committee, which is composed of men favorable to Chicago. The other cities opposed this and worked for a special committee. A resolution was reported from the Committee on Rules providing for the reference of the matter of site to a special committee. Mr. Cannon of Illinois brought in a minority report providing for the reference to the Foreign Affairs Committee. A vote taken on the substitute resulted in the vote of 137 ayes to 134 noes. On the question of adopting the report of the committee as amended by the substitution of the minority report, the proposition was lost by a vote of 130 yeas to 135 noes.

Mr. Springer moved to reconsider this vote, and Mr. Bland of Missouri moved to lay the motion on the table. The House adjourned without action on these motions.

### In the House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.—In the House to-day Mr. McKinley called up his motion to table the motion to reconsider the vote by which the House yesterday refused to substitute the resolution reported by the Committee on Rules (as amended by the adoption of the Cannon resolution) for the original resolution offered by the committee. The motion to table the motion to reconsider was agreed to—yeas, 144; nays, 142.

The question then recurred on the adoption of the original resolution, as follows:

Resolved, That a select committee of nine members be appointed by the Speaker, to be called "the World's Fair Committee," to which shall be referred all matters relating to the proposed celebration of the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America or the World's Fair of 1892.

The resolution was adopted—yeas 141, nays 136—Mr. Springer of Illinois changing his vote from the negative to the affirmative in order to enter a motion to reconsider.

Mr. Springer said that he only desired that the committee should be instructed to report next week to the House a plan by which the location might be selected. As it now stood, the committee would be authorized to select the location. He withdrew his motion to reconsider, stating that he would trust to the fairness of the committee and of the House.

Mr. Flower of New York introduced the New York World's Fair bill and it was referred to the special committee when appointed.

Mr. Raine of New York offered a resolution increasing the membership of that committee from nine to thirteen. Referred to the Committee on Rules.

### The Postponement Question.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—With reference to the talk about the postponement of the exposition until 1893, Chauncey M. Depew said that while in Washington he had heard that idea advanced, emanating from some men of prominence and influence, who were actuated by a desire to eliminate the possible political complication from the exposition problem. He did not think that the idea prevailed to any great extent, but its very existence showed the trend of sentiment towards having the exposition in New York. Those who advance the 1893 argument do so upon the ground that at that time the fair can be held here, where it ought to be held, with no possible danger to the Republican party. Mr. Depew thought that it was only an easy way of bowing to the inevitable. People do not like to surrender without a show of resistance, and the proffer of terms of capitulation are always in order from an opponent.

"The absolute elimination of any possible taint of partisanship from the management of the exposition," said Mr. Depew, "and the utter impossibility from the composition of the Board of Incorporators of any political advantage accruing to any political party, was so forcibly and unanswerably portrayed to the Senate Committee that there is no longer a peg to hang a political argument upon. There is no good excuse for delaying the exposition until 1893 for the sake of politics. Congress, if it thinks necessary, may add any additional safeguards it desires to prevent the intrusion of politics into the project."

### Favorable to St. Louis.

In the opinion of those who have been watching the interests of the candidacy of St. Louis for the World's Fair the cause of this city was very much advanced by the course that the discussion on the matter took yesterday in the House of Representatives. A telegram was received this morning from S. W. Cobb, stating that all through St. Louis had made great gains at the expense of her rivals and this without in any way having done anything that could be a fair subject for criticism. In fact no decided action was required, as the adversaries of St. Louis had apparently gone to work to play the game of this city.

PLAYING ITS OPPONENT'S GAME.

Mr. Cobb wrote a letter a few days ago in which the plans of the Chicago men, who forced the fighting, were outlined, and the event has proved that his diagnosis of the situation was correct. Those who have not followed the course of the canvass carefully will not be likely to realize the importance to St. Louis of yesterday's proceedings in the House. From the first it was determined by the managers of the St. Louis canvass to avoid anything like sectionalism, and to make the fight on the merits of the city. It was recognized that by so doing a certain element of strength would be lost, but it was deemed better to dispense with ardent support from some quarters rather than to arouse bitter antagonism in others. The wisdom of this course was questioned by many, as it prevented an aggressive campaign from being carried on, but since the debate of yesterday all agree that as affairs have turned out no line of action could have been so efficacious as that pursued by the St. Louis delegation. That Chicago would step to the front and do for St. Louis all that this city felt that it would be impolitic to attempt on its own account, was something that the most sanguine had not anticipated.

A FINE OUTLOOK.

But in the opinion of those in Washington and the members of the Executive and Congressional Committees who are in this city, this is exactly what Chicago has done. Telegrams from Washington state that when the resolution was introduced by Illinois, asking that it be decided at once whether the fair should be held west or east of the Alleghany Mountains, the St. Louis people feared that they were beaten, as it was not believed that Chicago would have allowed such a motion to be made unless assured of success. A number of those whose first choice was St. Louis voted in favor of the motion, while every man that Chicago could count upon cast his vote for the resolution. The consequence was that it was clearly shown that Chicago could not command a majority, and that its cause was almost hopeless. What was seen with peculiar satisfaction by the friends of St. Louis was the strength of the sentiment that existed in favor of holding the World's Fair in the center of the country.

THE WESTERN VOTE.

To many of the Western representatives it was evidently a matter of comparative indifference which city gained the prize, so long as the exposition was kept away from the seacoast. Chicago announced herself as the leader of this sentiment, and its strength was far greater than any that city can bring to bear on its own account. St. Louis voted against making the issue a sectional one and thus gained scores of friends among the Eastern Congressmen, who declared that if Chicago seemed likely to get the fair they would change their votes to St. Louis and turn the scale. While it was evident that those favoring a Western location had a majority of the votes, it was also made plain that a majority of these would be satisfied with either St. Louis or Chicago, and the action of the latter city has assured the support of the East to the former should the question be narrowed down to those two. Taken altogether, yesterday saw the best day's work done for St. Louis that has yet been accomplished.

# AHEAD OF TIME.

## Peculiar Effect of the Weather on the Fish Business.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 17.—Among the peculiar antics of the present winter is the extraordinary effect produced upon the fish business. A fish dealer said yesterday that the weather has pushed the fish season ahead of time just about six weeks.

"We do not look into the air," said he, "for flying birds to tell us that summer is coming, but look to the water for the first shad or other warm weather fish as the harbinger of spring. Among the summer fish we are already handling are spots, Spanish mackerel and trout. This month we have had trout that were caught in the Rappahannock River. They usually come about April. Yesterday we got shad from the Chesapeake Bay that are at least six weeks ahead of time. We got some from North Carolina that should in the regular course of things have come next month, and since last Friday we have had 5,000 shad from Florida. At this time of the year we ought to be selling lake fish from the West, but we are not, as the others are taking their place."

# MAY BE CLEARED UP.

## The Mysterious Murder of Jeweler Wells at Ashland, Wis.

ASHLAND, Wis., Jan. 17.—Detectives here have secured clews by which they may clear up a murder mystery. Several years ago the body of a jeweler named Wells, who came from Grand Rapids, Mich., was discovered in a barn with a bullet hole through his head. A man who was suspected of murdering him has left the city, but another suspect is now supposed to be in this vicinity. The wife of the deceased lives with her parents at Erie, Pa. Wells' effects were returned to her, but a diamond pin is missing, and by tracing that, the detectives have hopes of securing their man. The relatives of the murdered man appear determined to find the real culprits, and before long something may be done in bringing the guilty ones to justice.

### Stern After Latham.

Aaron Stern, President of the Cincinnati National League Club, arrived in the city this morning. His mission is understood to be to induce Latham to jump his contract with the Chicago Brotherhood team and sign with Cincinnati. It is said Stern has offered him a fabulous salary, and there is no telling where Arlie may play next season. He has already received $600 or $700 advance money from the Chicago Brotherhood Club, and telegraphed from Portland, Ore., for more. They were slow in sending it, and Latham had left Portland before a telegraph money order reached there, so that he is probably in a good frame of mind and pocket to make the jump. He has squandered all the money sent him, and will probably get through several hundred dollars more before the season opens. Latham is expected to arrive here to-morrow.

### Bricklayers' and Masons' Convention.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 17.—The International Union of Bricklayers and Masons convened at 8 o'clock this morning and devoted the forenoon to a hearing of the report of the Committee on the Officers' Reports, in which all their decisions and rulings were discussed. At the afternoon session the Committee on Subordinate Unions made its report. The report was completed and shows a very encouraging growth in the union. To-morrow the other committees will be heard and then the election of officers will be held.

### Arthur Blake Under Arrest.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 17.—Arthur C. Blake, the ex-bell-boy at the Centropolis Hotel, was arrested here [illegible] day on a charge of blackmailing Mr. Gorham, the millionaire cattleman, who he claimed had given him $1,800,000 to release him from all claims upon him. Blake went to Topeka to see Gorham but failed to do so and returned to Kansas City, where he was followed by a detective. The complaint on which the warrant for Blake's arrest was issued was sworn out by Gorham.

### Judge S. T. Holmes Dead.

BAY CITY, Mich., Jan. 17.—Judge S. T. Holmes died at midnight of general collapse, aged 75. He was Congressman from the Twenty-second New York district in 1865, and afterwards the partner of Roscoe Conkling. He removed to Bay City in 1872, and while here was one of the foremost lawyers and citizens.

### An Insane Mother's Deed.

FAIRBAULT, Minn., Jan. 17.—The wife of James McNeal, Jr., Postmaster at Warsaw, became suddenly insane yesterday morning and shot her three youngest children, aged 3 weeks, 2 and 4 years, and gave carbolic acid to the oldest child aged 7. She then took some herself. She may recover, but two of the children are already dead.

### A Strange Operation.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 17.—A strange operation was performed at the Presbyterian Hospital yesterday on a 6-year-old Rockford boy. He was paralyzed Christmas so he could not move a muscle. His spinal column was laid bare and a clot of blood removed and it is said he will get well.

### Fell From a Car.

About 8 o'clock this morning D. P. Taylor, living at 3105 Olive street, fell on the street at Seventh and Olive while stepping from an Olive street cable car. He received a severe scalp wound in his forehead and was otherwise badly bruised about the face and body. He was removed to his home in a cab.

# PORTUGAL'S PLAINT.

## An Appeal to Prince Bismarck Against Great Britain.

## English Residents of Lisbon Victims of the Public Animosity.

**Spanish Republicans Expressing Sympathy for Portugal—English Employes of Portuguese Houses Discharged—Death of the Oldest Member of the English Parliament—Grain Porters Strike at Liverpool—Belgium to Have a Universal Exposition—Foreign News.**

LISBON, Jan. 17.—The English residents of this city, who have been victims of the public animosity occasioned by the attitude of England towards Portugal, propose to appoint a deputation to wait on Lord Salisbury to urge Great Britain to adopt a more conciliatory policy. The feeling toward England is very bitter. Many English employes of Portuguese houses have been discharged.

SPANISH SYMPATHY.

MADRID, Jan. 17.—The proposed public meeting to be held in this city on Sunday by Republicans for the purpose of expressing sympathy with the Portuguese in their dispute with England has been abandoned. The Republicans intend, however, to visit the Portuguese Legation and leave their cards as an expression of sympathy.

NEW DANGERS AHEAD.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—In contrast to the excited state of popular feeling in Lisbon and other cities of Portugal over the action of the British Government in the Southeast African dispute, the English public is singularly apathetic. Though the late Portuguese Ministry accepted the ultimatum of Lord Salisbury, perforce, there is no guarantee that the new Government will acquiesce in the action of their predecessors in office, but there is rather a great likelihood that the popular clamor and a desire to disarm the Republican element by an appeal to their patriotism, will impel the Ministry to undo the action of the Gomes Government and engage in a hopeless fight for the preservation of the national dignity and honor, trusting to the sympathy of the powers to interfere in their behalf.

VIOLATED THE BERLIN TREATY.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—The *Figaro* says that Portugal has complained to Prince Bismarck that Great Britain has violated the Berlin treaty. She therefore asks that a conference be convoked to discuss African affairs.

### England.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Mr. Christopher Rice Mansel Talbot, Liberal member of the House of Commons for the Middle Division of Glamorganshire, is dead. In point of service Mr. Talbot was the oldest member of the House of Commons, having sat for the county uninterruptedly for sixty years.

FUNERAL OF LORD NAPIER.

The funeral of Field Marshal Lord Napier of Magdala will take place at St. Paul's Cathedral on Tuesday. He will be buried with military honors.

GRAIN-PORTERS' STRIKE.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 17.—Five hundred grain porters on the North and South Docks have struck for an advance in their wages. As a result of their strike the grain traffic on these docks is at a standstill.

### Austria.

VIENNA, Jan. 17.—The results of the German-Czech conference held in this city have exceeded expectations. The conference has succeeded in reconciling all the differences between the Czechs and Germans in Bohemia.

### Belgium.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 17.—A universal exhibition will be held in Liege, in June, on the occasion of King Leopold's jubilee.

### The Dominion.

QUEBEC, Jan. 17.—A trader named Roy was kicked to death at St. Francois, Riviere du Sud, Montgomery County, on Monday night by a man who afterward fled in the direction of the United States. The murderer is supposed to be a former partner of Roy's, with whom he had financial trouble. The police are in pursuit of him.

### Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, via Galveston, Jan. 17.—The influenza is spreading in Mexico. Several deaths from the disease are reported to have occurred at Villa Lobas.

The editor of the newspaper *El Progreso* has been sent to jail for defaming Adelina Patti.

It is stated that capital has been offered in London for the construction of a railroad from Guadalajara to Chamela and Aguas Calientes.

The Government has sent a party of engineers to take soundings in the Port of Vera Cruz, in consequence of a report that the construction of the breakwater there was causing the harbor to fill with sand.

Government officials say in reference to the rumor which has been put in circulation repeatedly that Mexico was endeavoring to negotiate a loan, that the finances of the country are in such condition that a loan is unnecessary.

Count St. Foix, the French Minister here, is ill.

### The Panama Canal.

PANAMA, VIA GALVESTON, Jan. 17.—The President of the committee which is studying the canal works, in an interview with a *Star and Herald* reporter, said the committee had found the condition of the works and plant extremely satisfactory. He denies the statement that the committee, five members of which are here, is or has been in any way influenced by the De Lesseps party. The committee is composed of twelve engineers who have had no connection with or interest in either the Panama or Suez Canal. No report of the work of the engineers here will be published until they return to Paris and join their confreres, who are studying plans for the completion of the canal. Then a final report will be made as to whether the completion of the canal under the conditions conceded by Colombia in 1878 is considered possible.

### The Hutchins Suicide.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 17.—There are many people here who cannot believe the report that Mrs. Harriet Hutchins, wife of Rev. R. G. Hutchins, formerly of Minneapolis, Minn., had committed suicide at Los Angeles, Cal., to be true. Mrs. Hutchins was always in exceptionally fine health when here, while the telegram announcing the suicide said she had been in ill health for some time. Mrs. Hutchins had a daughter who was an invalid, and her friends here are inclined to believe that the latter is the suicide. Further light on the subject is anxiously awaited here.

### The Australian System.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 17.—Senator McCreary to-day introduced the bill prepared by Gov. Wilson to establish something similar to the Australian system of voting in this State. It is quite elaborate, and embraces fifty-nine pages. There seems to be no doubt of its passage, probably with some amendment.

### A Bloody Tragedy.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SHELBYVILLE, Ill., Jan. 17.—Miss Lucy Stapp, a young lady aged 22, living with Mrs. Permelia Webber, six miles north of Cowden, last night visited the house of Mrs. Thomas Askins, a neighbor, and charging her with having circulated something discreditable to her character, drew a case knife and cut Mrs. Askins' throat in a ghastly manner. Her victim will die. Miss Stapp fled and has not been arrested.

# WILL INVESTIGATE.

## Reports That the Morgue Has Been Used as a Place for Carousals.

Coroner Frank to-day said he would probably investigate some serious charges concerning the management of the Morgue.

It has just leaked out that for some time past the Morgue has been the nightly scene of carousals. Though there were bodies of dead unfortunates lying upon the slabs near by men and women have assembled there at night and become drunk in the dead house during their carousals. Morgue-keeper Praedicow and Officer Dempsey have known that the Morgue rooms were used for such purposes.

Supt. Praedicow was asked to-day if the charges were true, and he admitted that they were.

"I leave the Morgue at 6 o'clock," he said, "and it is then in the charge of the colored man, my assistant. He has a key and can admit women if he wants to. Negroes and white women, too, have been let into the secret, and they have met here at night and made a resort of the place, sending out for liquor and drinking it here. Officer Dempsey surprised a couple of women and some negroes here about a week ago, but he did not arrest them. Some trouble grew out of it a few days ago. A woman named Georgia Thompson sent a note to Jim Russell, who lives on South Eighth street, and the note fell into his wife's hands. It was something about the Morgue I think, but at any rate the Thompson woman went down to his house and she and Russell's wife had a terrible time. Russell came here to complain and I drove him away. But the thing must stop. The Morgue shall be used as an assignation house no longer."

Officer Dempsey said he found a crowd in there one night and drove them off. He did not know who they were or how they got there, but he did not arrest them.

Coroner Frank will probably investigate the affair.

# TERRIBLE BRUTALITY.

## A Mischievous Boy Knocked Down, Kicked and Beaten by a Grocer's Clerk.

A tale of terrible cruelty was told in the Court of Criminal Correction this afternoon, which will cost John Philipe just $100 and costs. Philipe is a clerk in the employ of M. Kahmann, a grocer doing business at the corner of Chouteau avenue and Josephine street. On December 2 Mr. Kahmann noticed that a number of small boys living in the neighborhood had taken his delivery wagon from his yard and were hauling it away in great glee half a block down the street. He at once ordered Philipe to get the wagon, and the clerk started in pursuit. One of the youngsters took to his heels when they saw him coming. Six-year-old Harry Wyman, living at 910 Josephine street, was the only one caught. As proven by the prosecuting witnesses Philipe threw the little fellow to the ground and kicked him in the head, breast and stomach until he was insensible. His shoulder blade was cut, his chin bleeding and the skin torn from a big bruise on the forehead. The injuries to his stomach appeared to have been the most severe, medical attendance being required for some time. Philipe and his employer both testified that the defendant had not injured the boy and endeavored to prove that the boy had been hurt by falling from the wagon when he saw the clerk coming in pursuit. Judge Campbell thought a clear case of brutal assault and battery had been proven and fined Philipe as above stated. The defense will contest the matter further.

# THE UNKNOWN DEAD.

## Who Was the Unfortunate Whose Body Was Found in the River?

J. L. Sennott, Coroner of Monroe County, Ill., writes to Chief of Police Huebler in regard to the identification of a woman's body found in the river at Harrisonville, Ill., a few days ago. A description is given, as follows:

White female, about 24 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches tall, and weighing in the vicinity of 135 pounds. She was dressed in a suit of some thin, striped material, white underclothing, brown stockings, size 4 button shoes—almost new. In her pocket were found a bunch of keys, a pair of black kid gloves, two white handkerchiefs and a check of the Anchor steamer Commonwealth No. 59. One of her ear-rings, which were square, plated, with black set and raised white dove, was broken.

The deceased was almost bald, and wore a small brown wig. The body had been in the water some time, and showed no marks of violence, with the exception of a small cut on the chin. An inquest was held, and the remains intered in a cemetery near Harrisonville. The writer thinks the body is that of one Mary Anderson who disappeared from St. Louis several months ago.

The police made a careful search of the records here in compliance with a request from the coroner of Monroe County, Ill., but could find no record of any woman of the name of Mary Anderson, who answered the description of the woman.

### Destitution and Distress.

Mrs. Allen, a colored widow living at 3824 North Grand avenue, is reported by the police of the Fourth District to be in destitute circumstances. She supports three small children.

Mrs. Kate Stone is also a widow, colored, and with three children, the oldest of which has just passed her 11th year. They live on the second floor of the building at 1006 North High street, in the rear.

The police of the Third District report that Mrs. Louisa Smith and her 11-year-old daughter are in destitute circumstances at 1418 Wash street. Mrs. Smith is willing to do any kind of work which may be furnished her.

### His Injuries Fatal.

At 1 o'clock this morning James E. Hutchinson died at the Missouri Pacific Hospital from the effects of injuries received several days ago. Hutchinson was a railroad man and was hurt in a collision at a crossing near Little Rock. He was removed to this city for treatment, but had received internal injuries and never rallied. Deceased was a married man 24 years of age and lived at Argenta, Ark. Coroner Frank has been notified and will hold an inquest this afternoon. The remains will be taken to Argenta for interment.

### An Odd Incident.

An odd incident occurred yesterday in connection with the death of Doug. Scott. The report was circulated first that Doug. Cook, later that Doug Scott was dead, and between the two rumors the friends of the gentlemen did not know which to believe. Mr. Cook is an Elk, and the Secretary, Lew A. Clark, was on his way to the florist's to order flowers when he heard that it was Mr. Scott, not Mr. Cook, who was dead. The similarity of names is no doubt the cause of the confusion.

### A Prohibition Victory.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 17.—Intelligence from Dardanelle says that an exciting contest between Prohibitionists and anti-Prohibitionists has just ended in a victory for the former by a majority of eighteen. County Judge Wirt has, therefore, declined to grant licenses for the ensuing year. The Antis talk of an appeal to the Circuit Court.

### Who Struck Ellen Jennings?

Ellen Jennings was taken from the lodging-house at 719 North Sixth street, to the City Dispensary yesterday evening, where a severe scalp wound in her forehead was dressed. The woman was under the influence of liquor and nothing could be learned in regard to the manner in which she was injured.

# THE POSTMASTER'S BOND.

## GREAT SECURITY REQUIRED AND LITTLE POSSIBILITY OF PECULATION.

**Red Tape Necessary to the Induction of John B. Harlow—Probability That All Forms Will Not Be Completed by February 1—Loyal Legion Companions to the Front.**

THE bond of the Postmaster of St. Louis is $375,000, and his sureties are required to qualify for twice this sum, making their combined wealth $750,000. This is calculated to impress the idea on outsiders that the Postmaster has possession of and is responsible for large sums of money. From the statements of receipts of the office this would appear to be the case. But the truth is that under the postal regulations and the practical operation of this portion of the appointment his responsibility is very small indeed.

The St. Louis office is a depository for a very large territory. Thousands of dollars are sent in daily by the small post-offices in that territory, thus materially increasing the office's receipts; but the Postmaster is required to deposit in the Sub-Treasury all money on hand at the close of each business day. No money is kept on hand. The receipts from the sale of stamps, money-orders, postal notes and box rents, with the deposits from other offices, less the disbursements of the day, are deposited in the Sub-Treasury.

UNDER THE ADMINISTRATION OF MR. HYDE

it has been seldom that the Postmaster was indebted to the Government. The account has nearly always been the other way. The reason for that lies in this: Many small offices do not always pay their expenses, and the postmasters report to Washington that they are entitled to credits ranging from $1 to some thousands of dollars on a quarter's business. At Washington a draft is issued the small office postmaster on the St. Louis Post-office. He deposits the draft in bank and gets his money. The draft in the course of business reaches the St. Louis office, is paid, and constitutes a credit in the account of the St. Louis office with the Government. These transfer drafts, as they are called, are frequent, and sometimes exhaust the funds on hand. Yet the law requires that a deposit shall be made. Careful book-keeping at Washington requires that the accounts of this office and all other offices with which it does business shall balance, and no considerable sum could be diverted from its proper channel before a discrepancy was discovered.

THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE POSTMASTER

would be amply covered by a bond of $50,000; but the present amount was fixed before he was required to make daily deposits and has never been changed.

At the Post-office it has been expected that Mr. Harlow would take charge on February 1, but unless there is some very quick work this will be impossible.

Upon appointment the appointee is notified by letter and furnished with a blank form of official oath and bond. He fills out each, takes the oath and executes the bond, which must be signed in the presence of attesting witnesses by himself and at least two sureties. The sufficiency of the sureties for the payment of the sum specified in the bond must be certified by the officer who administers the oath in which they justify their responsibility. The appointee cannot assume his duties until his commission is received, and it is not issued until his oath is filed in the department and his bond approved by the Postmaster-General.

Mr. Harlow will not be notified of his appointment until the Postmaster-General has official notice that the Senate has confirmed the President's nomination.

SHOULD MR. HARLOW BE CONFIRMED

to-day—and it is not likely that the Senate will take up the matter so soon—the letter containing the information could not reach him before the 21st. Then several days would be necessary to the preparation of the bond. Its transmission to Washington, approval by the Postmaster-General and return to St. Louis would consume about ten days. All this will delay the transfer until at least the last of February's first week.

The money department of the office will be the scene of some trouble in the few days immediately following the transfer. Under the law Mr. Hyde will be required to deposit all the money in his hands. All that he will turn over to Mr. Harlow will be the stock of stamps and the office furniture. He will not turn over a cent of money. Very likely in the first day of business under the new Postmaster a transfer draft for several thousand dollars will be presented and there will not be a dollar on hand to pay it with. Then the rule of daily deposits will have to be complied with. The only way out of the difficulty will be the detaining of the draft in bank until this money is received with which to take it up.

THIS DIFFICULTY AROSE

at the beginning of Mr. Hyde's administration and proved very annoying.

Mr. Harlow, as has been stated, is a member of the Loyal Legion. He is the fourth companion of the Legion appointed to a Federal office in St. Louis. The others are Surveyor of the Port James O. Churchill, District Attorney Geo. D. Reynolds and Appraiser Lyne S. Metcalf. Charles F. Wenneker, Collector of Internal Revenue, is not a member of the order. Two excellent appointments made by President Cleveland were Amos M. Thayer, District Judge, and J. W. Emerson, Marshal, and both are companions of the Loyal Legion. President Harrison is a companion of the Legion.

### Afro-American Convention.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 17.—The Committee on Constitution and By-Laws appointed yesterday by the Afro-American Convention brought in a report this morning recommending the adoption of an article declaring that the proposed Afro-American League should not indorse any party in politics, and that any member using the league's pamphlets or stationery for a political or personal purpose should be expelled. The article will be discussed this afternoon and will, in all likelihood, be adopted, as the delegates of the convention seem to be in perfect unanimity with the members of the Constitution Committee.

### An Angry Husband's Suicide.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 17.—Benjamin Bennings, a resident of Osage City, eight miles east of here, committed suicide this morning about 7 o'clock by shooting himself through the head with a pistol. He was 40 years old and had worked about Osage City all his life. The cause of the shooting was due to a quarrel he had with his wife a few minutes before. After quarreling a while he put a pistol in his pocket, walked a few steps from the house and shot himself above the right ear. Death was instantaneous.

### A Hilarity Hop.

On Friday evening, January 31, the First Regiment, National Guards of Missouri, will give a company drill, dress parade and hop at the Armory on Seventeenth and Pine streets.

STILL TIME TO BEGIN IT. The greatest and latest of Rider Haggard's novels, "Beatrice," a dramatic story, profusely illustrated, is now running in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH. The second installment, with a complete synopsis of the first, was given in last SUNDAY'S POST-DISPATCH. Begin it now. Copies of the paper to be had at this office.

# EVERY ONE SATISFIED.

## PRESIDENT KAUFFMAN'S SELECTION OF COMMITTEES GENERALLY APPROVED.

**Names of Those Who Will Conduct the Affairs of the Exchange—A New Departure in the Selection of the Floor Committee—The Real Estate Committee—Grain Inspection.**

When the standing committees of the Merchants' Exchange for the year were announced by President Kauffman there was general satisfaction among the members of the Board of Directors. It was evident that no particular faction was to be favored, but that all were to be represented on the committees. The only complaint heard was among the few who favored granting Burks the privilege of collecting fees on the east side of the river, these men declaring that they had not been properly recognized, but the overwhelming majority of the members heartily indorse the appointments of the President. The members of the Standing Committees for the next year will be as follows:

THE STANDING COMMITTEES.

The committees appointed are as follows:

Committees on Grain Inspection:

On Wheat—R. P. Annan, Chairman; A. T. Harlow, A. L. Messmer, Alex. H. Smith, W. K. Stanard.

Corn, Oats and Rye—John Thyson, Chairman; Wm. M. Leftwick, T. H. Ryan, C. H. Teichman and J. S. McClellan.

Barley—P. Brockman, Chairman; C. M. Foster, E. A. Busch, Henry Trere.

Committee on Memberships—Marcus Bernheimer, Chairman; Geo. M. Flanagan, C. A. Cox.

Committee on Flour Inspection—H. T. Craft, Chairman; David Simpson, Fred Hattersley, Conrad Becker, J. C. Fisher, E. L. Buschman, C. A. Eberle.

Committee on Provision Inspection—Jas. Meagher, Chairman; J. K. Savage, A. F. Zelle, James Sharp, E. H. Barnes.

Committee on Seed and Castor Bean Inspection—Alfred Plant, Chairman; A. R. Strain, D. I. Bushnell, J. Walter Teasdale, C. F. Beardsley.

Committee on Market Reports—R. M. Hubbard, Chairman; John Thyson, H. G. Craft.

Committee on Rules—Geo. M. Flanagan, Chairman; P. Brockman, R. P. Annan.

Committee on Contracts for Future Delivery—Jos. B. Ambs, Chairman; T. W. Carter, C. H. Albers.

Floor Committee—C. H. Spencer, Chairman; E. S. Walton, H. B. Slaughter, Fred G. Cochran, H. A. Smith, Oswald Graves, T. H. Francis, F. D. Woodlock, M. Backer, Chris Bernet, W. A. Gardner, J. R. Crandall, Fred Puff, P. F. Shirmer, E. C. Chamberlin.

Committee on Pig Lead—Thos. J. Phillips, Chairman; George O. Carpenter, Jr., George H. Loker, Jr., Richard Everett, W. W. Harris.

Committee on Mississippi Improvement—Charles F. Orthwein, Chairman; Henry C. Haarstick, E. O. Stanard, Michael McEnnis, Henry Hitchcock, Wm. L. Huse, Isaac M. Mason, John H. Douglass, J. C. Ewald, Nathan Cole, Jerome Hill, Hugh Rogers.

Committee on Mexican and Central and South American Trade—L. D. Kingsland, Chairman; H. C. Pierce, Thos. J. Phillips, Geo. D. Dana, Henry Stanley, Willis J. Powell, T. C. Johnson, T. K. Niedringhaus, J. B. Woestman.

Meteorological Committee—John B. Gandolfo, Chairman; W. T. Haarstick, John M. Gannett, Wm. H. Wulze, Wm. P. Hazard, Louis Helm, Hunter Ben Jenkins.

Committee on Real Estate—Charles A. Cox, Chairman; M. Bernheimer, E. C. Simmons, E. O. Stanard, John Wahl, Charles H. Turner, M. M. Buck, Charles Parsons, H. C. Haarstick, Alex. H. Smith, Henry Sayers, Miles Sells and Moses Fraley.

Committee on National Board of Trade—Frank Galennie, Chairman; R. M. Hubbard, W. F. Boyle, B. Eiseman, C. H. Sampson, P. F. Shirmer, Alex. Euston, W. H. Thompson, E. S. Rowse and S. W. Cobb.

Committee on Transportation—E. C. Simmons, Chairman; L. L. Prince, Dwight Treadway, Geo. H. Plant, Geo. H. Updyke, Sid R. Francis, P. P. Connor, E. P. Bronson, John M. Gilkeson, Wm. E. Schweppe, J. H. Kracke, Conrad Fath, L. D. Kingsland, L. B. Tebbetts and Louis Fusz.

A PECULIAR COMMITTEE.

In discussing the personnel of the different committees the members of the Exchange were much struck with the composition of the Floor Committee. To this body of men is intrusted the task, often a difficult one, of keeping order on the floor of the Exchange, and repressing any unseemly noise or boisterous horseplay. Service on this committee has generally been considered a difficult and troublous task, and the steadiest and gravest members of the Exchange have as a rule been chosen. In the selection of the present committee, President Kauffman has cut loose from all precedents, and has named a set of men to preserve order such as never were chosen before. Instead of grave, quiet seniors the present committee is composed of men who have probably violated the rules in regard to dignified conduct more than any of those whose actions they are to regulate. A glance at the names composing the Floor Committee will show anyone familiar with the Exchange that it is composed for the most part of the members whose actions have in times gone by frequently been the subject of unfavorable criticism by their predecessors in office. As it was slangily but tersely put by a gentleman on the floor, all the toughs on 'Change have been placed on the Floor Committee, and it was confidently predicted on all sides that if the committee could keep itself in order the Merchants' Exchange would have nothing to complain of in the way of lack of decorum. The original method of securing order that had been adopted by President Kauffman excited much laughter, the most hilarious being the officials themselves, and the result of the experiment is watched with great interest.

FOR THE FIRST TIME

there was no Committee on Grain Inspection. This matter, as far as St. Louis is concerned, is now in the hands of the Railroad Commission, and any questions that may arise will be considered by the Board of Directors in a body. The Real Estate Committee contains the names of some of those who were most prominent in advocating the Planters' House purchase, and of some who were its strongest opponents, and thus both parties were satisfied. Mr. Kauffman was congratulated on all sides on account of the selections made, which were pronounced representative in all respects.

### STILL RISING.

**The Bottom Lands in and Around Evansville, Ind., Submerged.**

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Jan. 17.—The river at this point passed the danger line on the gauge at 8 o'clock last evening and is still rising at the rate of half an inch an hour. The water is rapidly spreading over the bottom lands and those who have not already been driven from their homes by the rising waters are removing their families and stock. A great amount of corn has been destroyed. The prospects now are that the water will reach a greater height than at any time since the flood of 1884. The officers of the steamer Blue Wing, which arrived here last night from Calhoun, report Green River rising at the rate of two inches an hour. Hundreds of families have been driven from their homes. Many of them are living in churches and school-houses.

### MURDERED BY A DESPERADO.

**Horrible Tragedy in the Chickasaw Nation—Texas Topics.**

GAINESVILLE, Jan. 17.—A desperado entered the house of an old man named Wells at Healdtown in the Chickasaw Nation and asked for $160 he knew the old man had received. Wells refused to give it up and was beaten to death with the butt of a revolver and his wife beaten to unconsciousness. Wells was 80 years old and his wife a few years younger.

DENISON, Jan. 17.—Mr. R. H. Golden and many of his neighbors are out $5 each. A young man called on them and sold sewing machines for $5 down and the rest in two years. The machines were to be shipped from Baltimore. They were never sent and the firm he presented to represent never existed.

**A Confession by Murderers.**

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Jan. 17.—On Christmas night Alexander Blackburn, an inmate of the Soldiers Home, was murdered for a small amount of pension money which he had on his person. Two negroes, Wm. Green and Geo. Wilkerson, were arrested and charged with the murder and when Green was examined testimony was brought out implicating his step-father, George Thomas. Thomas was arrested and placed in jail, when he broke down and confessed that they had crushed Blackburn's head with an axe. Green then also confessed.

**Ordered Out of Town.**

Judge Cady fined Pat Powers $100 and costs in the First District Police Court on a plea of guilty to the charge of vagrancy. Powers is supposed to be the man who for some weeks past has been stealing buggy and lap robes from vehicles left unguarded on the street. He took hours to get out of the city.

### GUARD-HOUSE CRUELTY.

**A Discharged Soldier Confined for Robbery Starved at Jefferson Barracks.**

William S. Otey was before United States Commissioner Crawford yesterday charged with having stolen an overcoat from the United States. The overcoat was valued at $13.50, and Sergt. John Nelligan, U. S. A., made the affidavit on which the warrant for Otey's arrest was issued. The defendant was taken into the commissioner's presence in charge of a deputy marshal, who had fetched him from Jefferson Barracks a few hours before. The story of the case is this: Otey, who comes from an excellent Tennessee family, enlisted in the army in Memphis and was sent to Jefferson Barracks. He enlisted October 24, 1889. On his arrival at the Barracks he was sent to the Post Surgeon for examination. The surgeon detected traces of heart trouble, and put him under observation. He was rigidly examined three times, and on December 24, discharged. He had been in the meantime compelled to draw clothing in excess of the sum allowed for that purpose by the United States, so that when he received pay for his two months' service he got of the $26 due him but $11.20. With this sum he came up to the city. He tried to obtain employment, but found none, and his money being all gone he tried to steal a ride to Memphis. He started from the city last Friday. At Jefferson Barracks he was discovered on the train and was put off. Being very cold he went up the hill to the quarters he had formerly been in and entered Sergt. Nelligan's room to get an overcoat in which to sleep. He got the overcoat and was leaving the room when Nelligan awoke.

The boy was captured and taken to the guard-house. There he remained until yesterday afternoon, and the story he tells goes to show that the barbarities practiced there before the POST-DISPATCH expose have been resumed now that the Court of Inquiry has ceased its sittings. Otey was given but one meal between Friday night and Wednesday morning. He had a place to sleep, but was kept confined without food, except such as the garrison prisoners could give him. When there were no garrison prisoners he got nothing to eat, and sometimes they had no surplus.

Assistant District Attorney Cahoon said this morning: "I am very sorry for the young man. I do not believe that he intended to do wrong, but he did take the coat. He was cold and wanted something to cover himself with. He told his story in a straitforward honest way. I am convinced he was very badly treated. I am not familiar with army regulations, but they should cetainly have fed him while he was in confinement there. Then Maj. Bernard did not notify us until Monday that he had the boy prisoner, and in his letter spoke of him as a 'tramp.' The boy is not a tramp. He was a discharged soldier and Maj. Bernard should have used that term. I think the application of the epithet very undignified. We did not complete the examination. We shall finish it Saturday, and then I shall see what can be done for the boy. I think he deserves help more than punishment. He has suffered enough."

**STILL TIME TO BEGIN IT.** The greatest and latest of Rider Haggard's novels, "Beatrice," a dramatic story, profusely illustrated, is now running in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH. The second installment, with a complete synopsis of the first, was given in last SUNDAY'S POST-DISPATCH. Begin it now. Copies of the paper to be had at this office.

### ASSAULTED BY A SERVANT.

**Mrs. Theresa Ronaldson's Terrible Experience With a Discharged Negress.**

Mrs. Theresa Ronaldson of 2907 Franklin avenue says she will have no more colored servants in her house. She says "no" very emphatically, too, and her actions show that she means what she says. She has a strong objection to colored servants for very good reasons if the story told by her is true.

Hattie Smith, who has a complexion which shines like black satin, is the unfortunate individual who has caused Mrs. Ronaldson to lose faith in the colored race. Hattie was working for Mrs. Ronaldson as a general house servant, and the trouble occurred in consequence of a breach of discipline on the part of Hattie, who refused to do something as directed.

"Hattie, you must do as I tell you to," said Mrs. Ronaldson, patiently.

"I jest does as I pleases, I guess," said Hattie, defiantly.

"Well, then, I'll have to discharge you if you don't do as I tell you."

"I doan tink you'se goin' to do dat, kase you haint got no udder girl."

"Yes, I will. I discharge you now."

"You goin' to fire me rite now?"

"Yes, you can go."

"Oh you ole — — —," and then blue and green flames, figuratively speaking, filled the air with a smell like wet matches.

"Stop that talk Hattie and leave the house."

Hattie was washing and had just filled the wash boiler with scalding hot water. She siezed the boiler and attempted to pour the contents over Mrs. Ronaldson, who started to beat a hasty retreat. Hattie siezed the stick which she used to stir the clothes and with numerous sulphurous expressions chased Mrs. Ronaldson around the room.

Mrs. Ronaldson shrieked for help and just as Hattie seized her by her back hair and raised her club to strike, the door opened and in opportunely rushed the butcher who had called to see what meat was wanted for dinner. Hattie was disarmed and assisted out of the house by the chivalrous butcher, who received warm thanks for his timely rescue.

Mrs. Ronaldson called at Justice Ryan's office and swore out a complaint against Hattie on a charge of assault and battery. Mrs. Ronaldson concludes that it was lucky for her that Hattie did not catch her a minute sooner.

LOST—A scrap-book containing press notices of Mrs. Dr. Longshore-Potts. A reward will be paid for its return to Hurst's Hotel.

J. L. MILLARD.

### ELECTRIC RAILWAY PROJECT.

**New Boston's Cold Wave—Gov. Fifer's Dinner—Illinois Items.**

CHAMPAIGN, Jan. 17.—A number of prominent citizens here have incorporated an electric railway company for $150,000. The plan is to run an electric road between here and Urbana, with branches on the principal streets in each town.

NEW BOSTON, Jan 17.—The thermometer here stands 8 deg. below zero. There is four inches of good clear ice in the bay and great preparations are being made for cutting.

SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 17.—Gov. Fifer gave a dinner yesterday evening to the Supreme Court. The guests were: Chief Justice Shope, Justices Bailey, Craig, Magruder, Scholfield, Wilkins and Baker, ex-Judge M. Scott, Supreme Court Reporter N. L. Freeman, Attorney General George Hunt, Supreme Court Clerk E. A. Snively, Appellate Clerk Geo. W. Jones and Senator T. C. Korrick of Bloomington.

### WHILE HE SLEPT.

**James Johnson Lost His Winnings at a Game of Craps.**

Edward Webb and James Johnson are both colored roustabout runners on the river steamers. Yesterday they came in on the steamer Cherokee and drew their money. Both engaged in a game of craps in a Levee dive. Webb lost all he had. Johnson still had $4 when the game broke up. He fell asleep in front of a saloon. When he awoke about five o'clock this morning it was to find Webb bending over him in the very act of taking the money from his pocket. As soon as the pilferer had gone Johnson raised the alarm and gave chase. Officer Maloney of the Second District joined in the chase and captured Webb after a hard run. He at first denied having any money, but was searched and $3.80 found in a side pocket. Johnson wanted a warrant for robbery in the first degree, but when Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes asked him if he had made any resistance he said he was too badly scared and pretended to be asleep until Webb had started away. A warrant for petit larceny was issued.

**Temperance Entertainment.**

The W. C. T. U. Freewill Offering entertainment will be held at Christian Church, Locust street near Compton avenue, this evening, January 17, at 8 o'clock. Rev. John Snyder will speak and Miss Langdon and Miss Slayback will sing.

# DOINGS IN THE COURTS.

## NEW SUITS STILL POURING IN FOR THE FEBRUARY TERM.

**Over Four Hundred Will Be Filed by Saturday Night—A Judgment for E. C. Tittman—Two New Incorporations—Judgment on Constable Manly's Bond—Damage Suit on Trial—Notes.**

THREE hundred suits have been filed in the Circuit Clerk's office returnable to the February term, and this being the last week for filing, a large number are being filed every day. Over four hundred will be recorded on the docket by closing time to-morrow night. The following suits were filed to-day:

Paris, Allen & Co., sue J. A. Heitkamp & Co. for $722.88 on an account.

A suit on a mechanic's lien for $414 was filed against Thomas M. Dunn and Julius Saltz, by the Eau Claire Lumber Co.

Hermann Hopman enters suit against Frank Bockwenkee for possession of a half block of ground bounded by De Soto, Prairie and Twelfth streets, and $500 damages.

William Lucas sues George Seveanor to recover $3,600 he claims to have advanced Seveanor when the "Seveanor Liquid Gold & Silver Concentrating Co." was incorporated.

Daniel M. Frost entered suit in ejectment against Thomas Marshall, executor of Georgiana Richards, for possession of the premises 1315 and 1315½ North Eleventh street, and damages.

James Atkinson sues James Fitzgerald, Richard Pelchman and Gustave Stuhr, bakers on Hickory street, for $2,000 damages, saying the defendants have caused water and dirt to flow on his premises since October, 1884.

M. Kauffman filed a petition asking the court to annul a contract he made with James S. Wilson, whereby he agreed to buy 1,000 shares of Sinaloa Mining Co. stock for $1,500, of which he paid $1,000 cash and has since learned the stock is worthless.

A strange species of damage suit was filed by Mrs. Cecelia Schmidt and her husband, Paul Schmidt, against Louis Heger. Mrs. Schmidt states that on New Year's eve last Heger made an indecent proposal to her and then made an attempt to criminally assault her. She asks for $5,000 damages.

The Bode-Litzen Mercantile Co. has been incorporated with a cash capital of $18,000. Henry J. Bode holds 75 shares; August H. Litzen, 75 shares, and Hugo H. Bode, 30 shares.

Frank F. Huseler entered suit against J. H. Bobring and Daniel Paule, Sr., for balance due as partner in profits of firm, amounting to $559.35.

Joseph F. Luecke & Bro. have sued Dwight and Manning Tredway as stockholders in the Wilson Car-Warming & Ventilating Co., and want $305.78 profits due them.

**Now in Court.**

The Sullivan-Drew Co. sue Ellen Walsh on two notes and on account amounting to about $450.

James S. Wilson sues the Mechanics' Bank, asking the court for an order of delivery for some stock held in trust.

Sullivan Hutt asks to be divorced from Jennie Hutt on the simple ground of desertion. They were married in March, 1885, and she left in September, 1887.

An unpaid account of $761 is the basis of the suit of W. H. Cole and George Davis against the St. Louis Lumber Co.

Edward P. Smith has sued A. Loth & Sons, on $769.67 and Heinze, Lowry & Co. have sued them for $4,696.82 on accounts.

Kate Messmer sues Gilbert Richetts and Alex A. Messmer in ejectment to obtain possession of a lot on Sixth street between Robert avenue and Blow street.

The Henry Bell Publishing Co. sues S. F. Junkin & Co. for $1,854.76 saying the defendants agreed to take and sell 4,000 copies of "Marvels of the West," but took only 234 volumes.

Mrs. Annie Jessel asks to be divorced from George Jessel on account of his indignities and cruel treatment. They were married January 25, 1882, and separated yesterday. Two children were born of the marriage and of these she asks custody.

Walter H. Cole & Bros. have sued the Lee-Deming Grocery Co. asking the court to set aside all judgments made by the firm and subject the property to the claims of all creditors pro rata.

Mitchell Smith & Co. sue the Bradstreet Co. for $50,000 damages, saying they were doing an excellent business in Sugar Loaf, Ark., last year when Bradstreet reported them assigned, and in a few weeks they were driven out of the business.

**Judgment on a Constable's Bond.**

John Rohan secured judgment in Judge Klein's Court this morning against Nicholas J. Tiernan for $477.49. Rohan and Tiernan were Constable James Manly's bondsman in the sum of $5,000 and in his petition Mr. Rohan claims that Manly collected $575.08 which he failed to pay over and that the firm of Mette & Kanne entered suit against Manly and his sureties and secured judgment on the bond for $216.16. Mr. Rohan says he paid $150 for attorney's fees and that Mr. Tiernan has paid nothing.

**Two More Incorporations.**

The Sinclair Painting Co. has incorporated with a capital stock of $2,500, all paid up. Allen Sinclair holds four shares, Clarence A. Sinclair ninety-three shares, Edward Dippold two shares and John H. Gusoskey one share.

The Desloge Consolidated Lead Co. filed articles of incorporation yesterday in the Recorder's office. The capital stock is $200,000, all paid up. Louis Fusz holds 7,396 shares, Firmin Desloge 6,931 shares, Mathias Backer 3,019, John F. Valle 2,653 and George H. Backer one share.

**Damages for an Electric Shock.**

An electric light accident is the cause of the $5,000 damage suit against the St. Louis Illuminating Co. and the Western Union Telegraph Co. by Mrs. Tillie Smith, who came in contact with a wire hanging on Seventh near Morgan street. The wire knocked her down and the current burned a hole in her neck, exposing her windpipe.

**Notes.**

John Williams, Jr., was granted judgment for $588 against the Morris Light Co. this morning by consent.

Josephine Bestel sues Frank B. Bestel for divorce, complaining of his brutal treatment, drunkenness and failure to provide for her. They were married October 14, 1888, in this city and lived together only three months.

### PLEAD TO CHARGES.

**A Number of Jail Prisoners Will Be Arraigned in the Criminal Court To-Morrow.**

To-day the prisoners against whom the Grand jury returned indictments on Wednesday last would have been arraigned in the Criminal Court had it not been for the death of Mr. Jos. G. Lodge. Out of respect for him Judge Normile adjourned court over Friday and the arraignment will probably take place to-morrow morning.

Yesterday afternoon John Hayes, charged with attempted burglary and larceny in the second degree, was permitted to plead guilty to attempted petit larceny, on which plea he was sentenced to serve six months in the Work-house.

The case against James Mackey for assault to kill was called and went to trial. Part of the evidence had been submitted when it was discovered that the indictment was defective, and the case was remanded to the Grand-jury, Mackey giving bond.

**They Stand Accused.**

New criminal warrants sworn out this morning charge Thomas Slaughter with keeping a common gambling house; Adam Rudolph, petit larceny, in stealing a quantity of dry goods from George Wander; Edward Webb, petit larceny, in stealing $4 from James Johnson; Charles Williams, petit larceny, in stealing a lap-robe from Peter Rose; Louis Griffin, petit larceny, in stealing an overcoat from William O'Brien.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney
DRY GOODS CO.
Special Cheap Sale
SATURDAY
OF
HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR and
GENTS' UNLAUNDERED SHIRTS
and NIGHT SHIRTS.
The BEST VALUE on Both New and Old Lots
OFFERED IN THE MARKET.

# GETTING DOWN TO WORK.

## STATE DEMOCRATIC HEADQUARTERS ESTABLISHED IN THE TEMPLE BUILDING.

**The Hendricks Association Rooms Not Desirable—C. C. Rainwater's Letter to Senator Richardson on the Story About Vest's Refusal to Run Again—The Story Was Entirely Without Foundation—The Marshalship Matter.**

SENATORIAL
TIMBER

THE headquarters of the Democratic State Committee will not be in the rooms of the Hendricks Association as has been reported. In fact they have already been established in the Temple Building, and the Secretary, Mr. Frank Walker, is getting them in order. Mr. Walker says there never was any intention of establishing them in the rooms of the Hendricks Association. The association never even extended the committee an invitation to make its headquarters in their rooms. The quarters which have been secured are thoroughly satisfactory to the Chairman and Secretary and will be fitted up in nice style. The future meetings of the committee will be held there instead of at the Laclede Hotel. Secretary Walker has been under the weather for a couple of weeks, but is getting back in form again, and will in a couple of days buckle down to the big work before him in carrying out the committee's plans to bring about an effective organization in every school district in the State.

**Rainwater to Richardson**

On the morning of the day that a story was published to the effect that Maj. C. C. Rainwater had announced in Washington that he had in his possession a letter from Senator George G. Vest in which the Senator stated that he would not be a candidate for re-election, Senator Richardson wrote Maj. Rainwater to ascertain whether the story was true. The following is Maj. Rainwater's reply as published in the Sedalia *Gazette* of January 15:

THE LETTER.

ST. LOUIS, MO., Jan. 13.

*Hon. E. H. Richardson, Sedalia, Mo.:*

DEAR SIR—On my arrival home this morning from Washington, D. C., I find your note of the 11th inst. on my desk and hasten to reply to same. The statement made in the *Globe-Democrat* some days since, in which it is claimed that I had a letter from our mutual friend, Senator Vest, saying he would not be a candidate, is simply a falsehood from beginning to end. I have no such letter nor did I ever hear of any.

Just as I was boarding the train at Washington last Saturday night a reporter of the *Globe-Democrat* asked me if I had heard the rumor and then asked me if it was true, and I emphatically denied it. I notice in this paper of this morning's publication my denial.

The fact is, the Republicans of this State hate our friend, Senator Vest, with great cordiality, and will, no doubt, resort to any subterfuge to injure and defeat him. I believe he is the greatest man to-day in the United States Senate. He is an honor to our State and our party, and we shall only honor ourselves when we stand loyally by him.

I am sincerely your friend,

C. C. RAINWATER.

**The Marshalship.**

But very little interest is being taken, even by the politicians, in the Marshalship matter. There is a great deal of doubt expressed as to whether Mayor Noonan on his return will call an election. Until he comes back and announces his decision neither of the party committees will take any action. The friends of Neiser, who are afraid that the Mayor will be governed by the City Counselor's opinion in the matter, are recalling the Comfort case to show that Mr. Bell's position on the Marshalship is not in entire harmony with an opinion previously expressed by him. When it was ascertained after Mr. Comfort's election that he was not of the required age, there was some talk of a special election. Mr. Bell, it is said, advised against it on the grounds that it was too expensive and Mr. Comfort would be of age in a few months. Now he is in favor of a special election for Marshal. The election for Marshal under the Australian system will be very much more expensive than a special election for a Councilman would have been, and that is why Neiser's friends are claiming that the City Counselor is not consistent.

### A BASELESS RUMOR.

**Reports of Negotiations for United Elevator Stock Unfounded.**

A story was in circulation on the floor of the Merchants' Exchange that an English syndicate had made a proposition to purchase the stock of the United Elevator Co. at $70 a share, and had agreed to put up $1,000 as a forfeit. Those in a position to know declared that there was nothing in the rumors and also that a large waste basket could be filled with the letters from irresponsible parties, desiring options on the elevators and various other properties, it having apparently become a favorite occupation among many people to request that options be given them on almost anything.

**Venice, Ill.**

The Glucose Co. have been troubled very much in pumping water, the shifting sand having covered the suction pipe.

Brooklyn is a very busy town at present. The inhabitants are replacing the damage done Sunday by the cyclone.

The damage caused by the current on the dyke, forming part of the east approach of the Merchants' Bridge, will be replaced as soon as possible.

Mr. John Snell, the engineer of the Water-works, has been taken ill with influenza. Mr. A. Case is acting in his place.

Wm. Lammert of the firm of Rode & Lammert is now seriously ill with consumption.

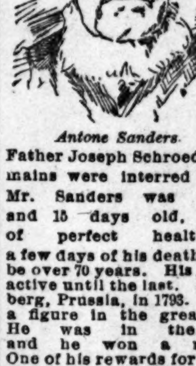
**Death of George Graham.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHILLICOTHE, MO., Jan. 17.—The sad news was received here to-day that George Graham, son of Judge James Graham of this city, had died of consumption at Phoenix, Ariz., where he had gone for his health. He was at one time manager of the Chillicothe Water Gas & Electric Light Co., was Councilman-at-Large and held other offices here. He was about 35 years of age.

### A SOLDIER OF WATERLOO.

**Antone Sanders Dies in His 98th Year—His History.**



*Antone Sanders.*

Antone Sanders, one of the oldest residents of St. Louis, and a surviver of the battle of Waterloo, was buried this morning at 9 o'clock, from the home of his grandchild, Casper Sanders, 1430 Angelrodt street, to the Holy Trinity Church, Fourteenth and Mallinckrodt streets. Requiem mass was celebrated by Father Joseph Schroeder, after which the remains were interred in Calvary Cemetery. Mr. Sanders was 97 years, 4 months and 15 days old, looked the picture of perfect health up to within a few days of his death. He did not appear to be over 70 years. His mind was particularly active until the last. He was born in Reithberg, Prussia, in 1793. He was in his 22d year a figure in the great battle of Waterloo. He was in the Prussian cavalry and he won a mention for bravery. One of his rewards for his service was a bullet shot through his right leg and another through the skin of his neck. He came to St. Louis in 1830, when the Northern end of the city was known as the German settlement of Baden. He was active in business until his eightieth year. He leaves to mourn him two daughters, Mrs. Sophia Diekman and Mrs. Lizzie Bruning, and a son, Casper Sanders.

### THE STOCK BROKERS.

**The Bears Doing All of the Business—The Wisconsin Central Lease.**

By the Gaylord-Blessing Private Wire.

From New York, 9 a. m.—The sentiment was not bullish on the stock market at the Windsor last night, and among those who thought that the bears were still in control of the situation and would so continue this week out were the representatives of the largest commission houses in the street. Some of the bulls on the coal stocks were about and apparently greatly encouraged over the prospects of cooler weather, and they sported their fur coats with apparently great satisfaction. Some of the Wall street brokers thought last evening that the alleged purchase of 10,000 Reading yesterday by Potter was for Cammack, and it was he who knocked Union Pacific down to facilitate cheap purchases of the former. A prominent stock house said that while the general market continues oversold, the bears are doing all of the business, and the Vanderbilt-Gould people seem to have simply stepped aside and given them swing.

10:30 a. m.—The lease of the Wisconsin Central to the Northern Pacific is for ninety-nine years on the basis of 35 per cent of the gross earnings. These are substantially the same terms which have existed heretofore, but the lease now gives the Northern Pacific control.

I strongly advise selling Wisconsin Central and Fort Worth & Denver. The deals in both are over, and all these worthless stocks will sell lower.

11 a. m.—The Western roads are now in session considering complications likely to grow out of the proposed reduction in cattle rates. The general freight agent of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy says there is no good prospect that the Alton may not insist on reducing the cattle rates.

The earnings of St. Paul for the second week of January increased $46,601.

### CHARGED WITH ANOTHER JOB.

**The Sleeping Burglar Identified by a Pawnbroker to Whom He Sold Goods.**

Charles Bruemmer, the burglar who ransacked the residence of James H. Bright, 1215 North Market street, on Wednesday night and fell asleep in a chair by the stove, where he was caught by the servant who made the fire in the morning, has been identified for another job. This morning a pawn broker appeared at the Four Courts and readily recognized Bruemmer as the man who two days ago sold to him an overcoat, a silver-headed umbrella and a quantity of silverware. This property was stolen last Friday night from the residence of Dr. Wm. S. Barker, 1107 Tyler street. Dr. Barker died on Monday and was buried Wednesday. Bruemmer seems to have aped Paul Banten, the funeral thief, taking advantage of the calamity that had befallen the family and robbing the residence on Friday night, during the absence of the members of the family. Everything was turned upside down, and property of the value of $50 stolen. A valuable heirloom in the shape of a set of silver spoons was taken, but has been recovered with the other property by Detectives Badger and Flynn. Criminal action had been taken against Bruemmer for the Wright burglary, and a clear case made, yet to make assurance doubly sure a second warrant for burglary and larceny was sworn out this morning. Bruemmer does not say anything.

### SENT TO JAIL.

**A Thief and Receiver of Stolen Property Locked Up in Default of Bail.**

Judge Campbell heard the evidence in the case against John O'Hare and Mellier Sappier in the Court of Criminal Correction this morning, and sent both defendants to jail in default of $800 bond, in which sum each was held to the Grand jury—O'Hare for grand larceny and Sappier for receiving stolen property. O'Hare is the seventeen year old boy who was first arrested about a week ago while running out of a burning building on North Sixth street. There was no positive evidence that he had set the fire, however, and no prosecution could be made. Acting Mayor Walbridge refuses to send the boy to the House of Refuge on account of his advanced age, and the police were on the point of sending him into the Second District Police Court charged with vagrancy and trespass, when it was discovered that he had a few days previous stolen a gold watch from the room of a North Sixth street resident. He sold the time piece to Sappier, telling him at the time, it is alleged, that the property had been stolen. O'Hara appears to be a hard nut.

**Prof. Painter Dead.**

The local branch of the American Pharmaceutical Association at its next meeting will take action upon the death of Prof. Emlin Painter, President of the National Association, who died at his home at Spuyten Duyvil, N. Y., on January 15. Prof. Painter was elected last June at the meeting in San Francisco, but he was not there at the time, owing to his ill health. He failed rapidly lately, and finally became so ill that he was compelled to drop his business and retire to his home.

Cor. Broadway and Locust.
Your Eyesight is too valuable to trifle with it.
The Most Skillful Opticians are at MERMOD & JACCARD'S.
Spectacles and Eye-Glasses accurately adjusted.
Gold Frames, $5 and up. Steel Frames, $1 and up.
Our skillful and practical opticians will be pleased to serve you.
MERMOD & JACCARD'S,
Cor. Broadway and Locust.
Opera Glasses, Fine, $3.50 to $50 a Pair.

GOT TO MOVE.
Lease Expires
March 1.
The entire stock must be sold, and the following CUT ON PRICES will move it:

| | |
|---|---|
| Ladies' French Kid Louis XV. Button | From $8.50 to $5.00 |
| Ladies' French Boots | From $8.00 to $5.50 |
| Ladies' French Kid Button | From $6.00 to $4.00 |
| Ladies' Bright Dongola Patent Leather Tip Button | From $5.00 to $3.00 |
| Ladies' Bright Dongola Button | From $4.00 to $2.75 |
| Ladies' Bright Dongola Button | From $3.50 to $2.50 |
| Gents' French Calf hand-sewed Buttons, Bal. and Cong | From $8.00 to $5.75 |
| Gents' French Calf hand-welt Button, Bal. and Cong | From $6.00 to $4.00 |
| Gents' Calf Welt Button, Bal. and Cong | From $5.00 to $3.50 |
| Gents' Calf Welt Button, Bal. and Cong | From $4.00 to $2.75 |
| Gents' Calf Bals. and Congress | From $3.00 to $2.00 |

Come early before sizes are broken. Nothing held in reserve.
C. W. PARRISH,
N. W. Cor. Seventh and Olive Sts.

OVERCOATS
AT
ONE-THIRD THEIR VALUE.
Misfit Clothing Parlors
808 Olive St.
SUITS,
Trousers,
AT BIG BARGAINS.

### REAL ESTATE.

**Vacant Houses in Demand—Non-Residents Coming—Capital Seeking Investment.**

Applicants for houses to rent have been more numerous than any other class of inquirers in real estate circles during the past few days. All the agents say renting is very good, exceedingly brisk in fact for mid-winter season. The trouble is the "For Rent" lists that house agents now have on hand are entirely too short to meet the demand either in quality or location. In fact there are but very few vacant houses to be had in any part of the city. The demand for more home places is urgent, so much so some of the agents are advertising to have owners place vacant property upon their lists.

Builders have been very busy all winter putting up new houses, but most of them were spoken for in advance and rented long before the places were ready for occupancy. From what the agents say there must be a great many people coming from distant points to make St. Louis their home, as the inquiry for tenements is largely from an entirely new class of citizens, with whom the agencies have had no previous acquaintance. John H. Terry of Terry & Scott said to-day that his firm had rented more dwellings yesterday than it did during the whole of the previous two weeks, and every house rented was taken by persons who had recently come into St. Louis from other places. One of these, Mr. Terry said, was a former St. Louis lady who has been living in Colorado. But being afflicted there with mountain fever her husband had to bring her back here where she could enjoy the delightful climate of her old home-place.

Another of Terry & Scott's new tenants is a Minnesota family who came here to escape the terrible cold weather of that State, with the intention of making St. Louis, with its glorious climate, their future home. Still another of this firm's new tenants is a California family. The fault they have with the Golden State is that business and industries of all kinds is so prostrated on the Pacific slope they found it a very difficult matter to make a living in that section of the country, and as the St. Louis climate was just as good as that of California, and business and manufacturing prospering in this city they have come here to make their home. Many other evidences are afforded that St. Louis is attracting wide-spread and favorable attention in all parts of the country. Communications may be seen daily upon the desk of nearly every real estate operator from non-resident capitalists asking about the prices of valuable corners and what opportunities there may be, if any, for purchasing such sites or leasing them for a long term of years.

Frank Obear is now in daily communication with two syndicates who are making earnest inquiries about St. Louis properties. One of these syndicates has its headquarters in Chicago, the other in Boston, and both of them want to buy St. Louis business property or lease it so that it may be profitably improved with large buildings.

A VALUABLE CORNER.

The premises at the northeast corner of Olive street and Ware avenue, with a frontage of 184½x70 feet, have been sold by the Ohio Real Estate Co. for $12,000 to Peter Gazzolio. Samuel Simmons and S. P. Gait were the grantors.

BOUGHT A RESIDENCE SITE.

Sol E. Wagner, Resident Secretary of the North British Mercantile Insurance Co., has purchased from Leo G. Hadley a lot of 58 feet front at the northwest corner of Bell and Pendleton avenues, where he is going to erect a $10,000 residence. Mr. Wagner paid $65 a foot for the ground.

THE CENTRAL IMPROVEMENT.

The Central Improvement Association will meet at the office of Kernan & Faris, No. 1017 Chestnut street, to-morrow (Saturday) afternoon at 4 o'clock. Mr. Kernan, the secretary, says business of great importance will be transacted at that meeting, and all members and all other persons interested in the improvement of the Central district are earnestly requested to attend.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

The directors of the Harlem Heights Land & Improvement Co. have elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Samuel T. Rathell, President; J. B. Legg, Vice-President; Charles H. Gleason, Secretary, and B. F. Hammett, Treasurer.

Gov. Buckner has fixed January 30 as the day for the execution of Thomas O'Brien at Lexington, Ky., for the murder of Bettie Shea.

### A BIG PURCHASE.

**Joseph Specht Buys Out the Wanamaker & Brown Clothing House.**

It was a big purchase that of Joseph Specht, President of the Famous Shoe & Clothing Co. That company, as the public very well knows, is a close buyer and always manages to get hold of the best bargains in the market. It has a great faculty for seeing and grasping all the good things in sight. That is the reason its patrons are so well satisfied in the quality and price of all goods purchased there.

The recent acquisition is nothing less than the entire stock of Wanamaker & Brown, at 210 and 212 North Broadway. This large store, with all its clothing and gentlemen's furnishing goods, will go in bulk into the sales-rooms of the Famous at such low valuations that the public will be surprised when they are admitted to the benefits of this purchase.

The Wanamaker & Brown stores were closed to-day that an inventory might be taken. It is estimated that even at the very low valuation agreed upon the purchase price will be in the neighborhood of $100,000. When the check is signed the firm of Wanamaker & Brown will have no more business in St. Louis.

When this firm came to St. Louis and established a branch house it did an excellent business. But owing to defects in the management it lost its custom and was beginning to be anything but profitable. D. L. Anderson was sent out from Philadelphia with instructions to close out the immense stock on hand and the goods on the road as quickly as possible. Being a live manager he soon awakened the business. The trade during the nine months the closing sale has been under way has been tremendous. When the first of this year came around a large part of the stock had been disposed of, but there was a large portion left. Mr. Anderson made an offer of this to Mr. Specht. The offer was so liberal that it was immediately taken, and now all that remains is the inventory to complete the sale. After that is completed the goods will be removed to Famous for sale.

**Safe and Sound.**

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 17.—John M. Bulkley, who was supposed to have been waylaid while in St. Paul the fore part of the week, owing to the fact of his having considerable money on his person, arrived in this city yesterday. He says he was taken ill and had to remain over an extra day.

**Murdered by His Stepchildren.**

PINE BLUFF, Ark., Jan. 17.—John Leonard, colored, was killed by his stepson, Sidney Freeman. Leonard was quarreling with his wife, and his stepson and stepdaughter set upon him, the boy shooting him in the groin and the girl beating him with an iron bar.

First Steps

When the idea of the peculiar combination, proportion and process in preparing Hood's Sarsaparilla had been successfully worked out, the proprietors of the medicine went ahead slowly and carefully, but surely. They called the attention of a few friends to the new preparation and invited trial and criticism. The reports were uniformly favorable and confirmed the belief of those who knew its composition that there was great merit in Hood's Sarsaparilla. It soon had an extended local reputation and, notwithstanding powerful competition, in a few months it had a greater sale in Lowell than any other sarsaparilla or blood purifier, which popularity it maintains to the present day.

"My opinion of Hood's Sarsaparilla is that it is the best blood purifier in the market at the present time. I have a larger sale for it than all the other blood purifiers combined." A. L. FIELD, Apothecary, Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.
100 Doses One Dollar

# IS HE INSANE?

## A Jury in the Probate Court Is Hearing Evidence on That Question To-Day.

### Mrs. Lynam Tells How Old Mr. Mullery Carried Mrs. Alves on His Back.

**Some of the Incidents of His Queer Courtship—Why Mrs. Alves Took Longer to Deliver Bread to Mr. Mullery Than to Any One Else—Other Witnesses Examined—They Testify as to His Actions at His Home and at the Residences of Friends—The Old Gentleman's Relatives in Court.**

THE attendance at the inquiry into the sanity of John Mullery, now going on in the Probate Court, was larger to-day than yesterday. Among the audience were a number of old residents of the city, most of them being witnesses summoned either by the aged defendant or his children, Joseph Mullery and Mrs. John Conroy, who instituted the present proceedings to prevent the marriage between him and Mrs. Alves, which was celebrated on December 31, while the result of the inquiry was pending. Many of the people in the audience were old personal friends of the venerable horseshoer. As on yesterday Mr. Mullery remained perfectly calm during the hearing, occasionally shaking his head in denial of some particularly severe statement to which the witnesses would testify or whispering to his attorneys some words of advice. The son, Joseph Mullery, who was not present at all in court yesterday, came in this morning shortly before noon and took a seat beside his sister, Mrs. Conroy. The trial had not been long in progress when the court-room was crowded, the nature of the proceeding and the fact that Mr. Mullery is so old a resident of this city seeming to attract people. The evidence frequently gave vent to laughter when something laughable concerning the aged defendant's courtship was developed.

YESTERDAY AFTERNOON'S PROCEEDINGS.

The morning session was taken up yesterday in examining jurors. It was not until after the dinner recess that the attorneys made their challenges and the twelve men to try the case were selected. In his opening address to the jury Mr. Garesche stated that they did not expect to show Mr. Mullery to be a lunatic or maniac who should be confined for the good of himself and the community. They merely intended to show that he was suffering from senile dementia, or in other words, that his mind had become unsound through old age. In his early days he had worked hard and saved considerable means. He was then religious and moral and was chaste in his language; of late he had given up his religion, used vile language and sought the society of immoral women whom he previously shunned. From a truthful man he had become untruthful. While he could remember things that occurred years ago, he could remember nothing that occurred recently. He had a mania for marrying, and immediately after burying his second wife, wanted to marry a third, and sang on the way back from his wife's funeral. The old man had even asked a dispensation from the church to marry his stepdaughter, but it was refused him. His present wife was a designing woman, Mr. Garesche said, who had stated she intended marrying him for his money and he would soon die.

Mr. John D. Finney, Secretary of the Mullanphy Board, was the first witness examined. He testified to having known Mr. Mullery for thirty years past. The witness regarded him as one of the most honest, straightforward men in the city, and thought Mr. Mullery sane on every subject except matrimony. On that question he was abnormal. He had what the witness would term matrimonial mania.

Mrs. Regina M. Carlin, the youngest daughter, testified that she had been living with her father at No. 104 South Eleventh street since her husband left her two years ago. She said her father had always been kind to her. He had told her that he married Mrs. Alves on December 31 last and since then he had been living at Mrs. Alves' place of business, 1931 Biddle street. Mrs. Alves used to have her horses shod at the shop of the witness' father. Afterward he began to buy bread from her. Then Mrs. Alves used to stop at the house for a while when delivering her bread and talk to him. One day she told him in the presence of the witness that she had a farm which he could have if he would give her his heart. Mrs. Alves followed this up by throwing her arms around the old man's neck and kissing him. The witness afterward remonstrated with him for permitting it, but he laughed and said it was all right. Then she and her sister, Mrs. John J. Conroy, called on Mr. John D. Finney and had him visit her father and talk to him on the subject. Mrs. Alves delivered bread at the house two or three months before she married the defendant and had been going there a couple of months before she hugged and kissed him. The daughter when asked about her father's giving up his religion denied that he had done so and she said most emphatically that she believed him to be sane.

MRS. LYNAM'S TESTIMONY.

When the case was taken up at 11 o'clock this morning Mrs. Charles R. Lynam, who resides at No. 106 South Eleventh, next door to the defendant's home, was sworn. She said she had known the defendant fifteen years, and knew his children. She also knew his three wives. He treated his first wife well, only occasional slight jars, such as are apt to occur in any family, marring their happiness. With the second wife he frequently quarreled, and matters sometimes got pretty rough. The present wife, Mrs. Alves, used to deliver bread to her. Mr. Mullery treated all his children well, except Peter, until recently, when their opposition to his marrying Mrs. Alves turned him against them. They were all good children except Peter. The defendant used to quarrel with Peter at times and put him out occasionally, and he sometimes sent him to the Work-house when he could not manage him in any other way. Mrs. Alves used to remain in Mr. Mullery's house for about an hour when she brought him bread. Mrs. Alves never took that long to deliver bread to the witness. Mr. Mullery always treated Mrs. Alves pleasantly, patted her on the shoulder and seemed very friendly. One night Mr. Mullery drove his second wife from the house and at 2 a. m. Mrs. Mullery sought shelter in the witness' house. After marrying a second time Mr. Mullery appeared to grow sour in disposition. His second wife had children by a former husband and the defendant having children by a previous wife probably caused much of the trouble between them. The witness thought Mrs. Alves was about 40 years of age. She had heard Mrs. Alves was 38 years old and had also heard she was 40 years of age. The witness was asked how old she thought Mr. Mullery was when she first saw him. The question was objected to and the objection was sustained. The witness was then examined as an expert of age. She testified that she had frequently been called upon to pass judgment on the age of people and thought she was something of a judge. Mr. Mullery had told her that he had learned his trade as a horse-shoer in Ireland and had said that a man had to be 21 years of age before he could learn his trade in Ireland. He had said he was married to his first wife forty-four years and to his second about ten years. She died October a year ago. The witness was not permitted to state how old she believed him to be.

"What was the conduct between Mr. Mullery and Mrs. Alves when she called to deliver bread to him?" asked Mr. Garesche.

"Oh, he used to pat her on the back and they seemed very friendly."

"Did you ever notice anything particular between them?"

"I saw him carry her on his back one day in his yard."

"How? Did she have her arms about his neck, and he hold her by the limbs?"

"I do not know whether he had her by the limbs, but she had her arms about his neck. She had to hold on to him some way." [Laughter.]

JOSEPH A. MULLERY,

the son of the subject of the inquiry, was placed on the stand next. He testified that he had brought the inquiry and that he was 35 years of age last December. His father had thirteen children by his first wife and the witness was the twelfth. The youngest was Mrs. Carlin, who was now 33 years of age. His sister Elizabeth was the oldest child. She was 52 or 53 years of age. His father had no children by his second wife. His first wife died thirteen years ago. Before wedding Mrs. Alves the defendant was a most moral man. He never drank to excess, and was a devout Roman Catholic. The witness had frequently heard his father remark that he had not missed mass in fifty years. He always attended most strictly to his church duties. When his first wife died the defendant owned a building on the southwest corner of Ninth and Morgan streets, a building in the rear of it and the ground on which they stand the house and lot where he lives, at No. 104 South Eleventh street, and forty feet on the south side of Chestnut, between Ninth and Tenth streets. He retired from active business three or four years after the death of his first wife.

Mr. Garesche wanted to know whether Mr. Mullery himself accummulated the property owned by him. The question was objected to. Mr. Garesche said they wanted to show that the defendant had been a most economical man until recently, and that now despite the fact that his income was between $300 and $400 a month, he was constantly running in debt, although his household expenses were very light, not more than about $50 per month. The question was ruled out.

The witness stated that his father had been in the horse-shoeing business here fifty years. He had always been economical. Of late his memory seemed to fail him. The witness loaned him $165, and three months later the defendant wanted to know whether it was $265 or $365 he had borrowed and said he had forgotten. In his earlier days he would have remembered a debt of that kind to the fraction of a cent for ten years. The witness had noticed other changes in his father. Of late since meeting Mrs. Alves he had commenced to swear, something he had never been given to before. The witness had spoken to his father against marrying Mrs. Alves. He told him not to take such a woman into the house to take the place of his (the witness') mother. The defendant denied that he intended to marry Mrs. Alves. Later, in the latter part of February of last year, the witness spoke to his father and told him that he should, at least, have her treat his daughter, Mrs. Carlin, right. The defendant struck at the witness and told him he was crazy. The witness volunteered to take the defendant to a man who could give him positive proof that Mrs. Alves was an immoral woman, but the defendant would not go. In going over the accounts of his father he noticed an entry of $100 given to Mrs. O'Brien for nursing his second wife, his mother. After his mother's death, his father attempted to marry Mrs. O'Brien, his step-daughter. The defendant had told the witness that his income while his second wife was living was $300 or $325 a month. His father lived fairly well. His father probably paid $50 a month for his table. He paid his servant $8 a month and his personal incidental expenses were probably 20 cents a day. After meeting Mrs. Alves his father's conduct in the treatment of his children changed. Previous to his meeting her he was very kind to them and afterward rather cross with them. Before meeting Mrs. Alves the defendant frequently visited the witness. After meeting her he never called on the witness. He was also abrupt in his behavior to the witness after meeting Mrs. Alves. From the facts detailed to the jury by the witness, the latter said he believed his father to be of unsound mind and incapable of managing his affairs. The witness said his father had asked him if he had ever seen Alton J. Hord visit Mrs. O'Brien. When the witness said he had seen Mr. Hord in the neighborhood of Mrs. O'Brien's house, but that Hord said he was on his way to the Fair Grounds, the defendant remarked: "He lied; he was going to see Mrs. O'Brien." The defendant appeared angry because Hord was going to Mrs. O'Brien, as he believed.

This closed Mr. Mullery's direct examination, and a recess was taken for dinner before taking up his cross-examination.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

When court reconvened, at 2 p. m., it spent twenty-five minutes in transacting small routine matters before resuming the Mullery case. The reading of returns on witnesses subpœnaed by the respondents, and the asking for attachments for all the witnesses occupied several minutes more and it was 2:45 p. m. before the actual trial of the case was resumed. Joseph Mullery, whose direct examination was concluded at the morning session, was returned to the stand for cross-examination.

## BOSTON'S BIG BLAZE.

### A Boot and Shoe House Badly Damaged—Piano Factory Gutted.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 17.—Fire started about 8:30 this morning in the building No. 138 Summer street, in the shoe and leather district, occupied by William Claflin, Coburn & Co. Two alarms have been sounded. From present indications the loss will be heavy.

9:45 a. m.—The fire, which is believed to have started in the lower floor of Claflin, Coburn & Co.'s building, spread with remarkable rapidity to the upper stories. The building is of stone and four stories high. It is thought at this writing that the fire will be confined to the building in which it started. The buildings adjoining, occupied by Witcher and Emery and Potter, White & Barley, are each separated by thick brick walls which will probably prevent the fire reaching them. Claflin, Coburn & Co. are boot and shoe dealers and the firms adjoining are dealers in leather and shoe findings. The smoke caused by the burning leather is so dense as to make it as dark as night in the vicinity of the fire.

10 a. m.—The fire is under control and will be confined to the Claflin building. There will be considerable damage to contents of adjoining buildings by water. An estimate of the loss places it between $150,000 and $200,000. The loss on the Claflin building alone is about $100,000.

A later general estimate of the loss, made by John C. Paige, insurance expert, places it between $50,000 and $75,000. The insurance on the stock of Claflin, Coburn & Co. amounts to $100,000. The gutted building was owned by the Boston University and was fully insured.

### Newspaper Office Scorched.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The press-rooms of the *Morning Journal* and the Homer Lee Bank Note Co., situated in the *Tribune* building on Nassau street, were burned to the extent of a few thousand dollars this morning.

### Potsdam's Conflagration.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Jan. 17.—Potsdam, St. Lawrence County, had a conflagration this morning, six stores in Market street being destroyed. Loss, $40,000; insurance about $30,000.

### A Piano Factory Damaged.

NEW YORK, Jan 17.—Fire early this morning damaged the piano factory of Christian H. Henning on Eleventh street to the extent of $25,000; fully insured.

### An Unjust Report.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The reference to alleged complaint of stockholders of Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad Co. in yesterday's financial report, that large assets of the road had passed into the hands of a few directors, seems upon further investigation to have been unjust and misleading. The stockholders in this case seem to represent an insignificant interest and it is not unlikely have relation to the Ives and Staynor crowd.

### In England.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The opening of Eton College has been postponed owing to the prevalence of influenza. Influenza in a severe form prevails among the officers and crews of the American squadron of evolution, now in the Mediterranean. There are 180 cases of the disease on board the Chicago alone.

La Grippe.

A simple but infallible remedy for la grippe: Take one or two doses of Niggemann's Black Tonic. Sure cure or money refunded. Try it and be convinced. Sold by all druggists and at 1121 Morgan.

# HOW HE WAS DECEIVED.

## EX-GOV. FORAKER AND THE OHIO BALLOT-BOX FORGERY.

**The Investigation by the Congressional Committee—Ex-Gov. Foraker Continues His Testimony and Tells How Wood Imposed On Him—Walker Blaine's Funeral—The Port of Memphis Bill.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.—Ex-Gov. Foraker continued his testimony before the House Committee investigating the ballot forgeries this morning. He said that after parting with Wood, he got a letter from him on August 17, stating that Crosley, who held the contract, was absent; that Mayor Mosby was favorably inclined towards his application for the position of smoke inspector; that a line from him (witness) would help the application, and that as soon as the smoke inspector matter was settled he (Wood) would go to Washington and get such information as might be desired in the other matter. Witness replied on the 19th that he (Wood) would get the letter of recommendation from him as he had promised when he (witness) got the information Wood had promised, and not before. On the 21st witness got a note from Wood saying he had valuable papers and wanted to see him for fifteen minutes. Witness saw Wood, who produced a letter signed Wm. Langdon, dated Detroit, August 19, addressed to Wood, which seemed to confirm Wood's previous story that an effort was being made to secure Gov. Alger's signature to a new contract. Wood also gave him three papers he called a State contract, which witness did not have now. They had no relevancy to what witness was interested in, and he made no use of them. With respect to the gun contract Wood produced a letter dated United States Patent Office, August 6, 1887, and signed by Commissioner Hall, addressed to him, and saying that Lieut. William H. Bell had secured a patent for an improvement in gun carriages, and copies of the specification would be furnished upon application. Another letter, signed "J. E. C.," said that Lieut. and Capt. Bell were the same person and added that Peter would help in the Dodsworth case. Wood said that Col. T. I. Campbell and Gov. Campbell had been buying and getting control of a number of inventions relating to ordnance.

"That is what he said," remarked the witness. "I don't believe anything any more."

Continuing, Wood told witness these were a part only of a number of papers he had that had been submitted to him for investigation. Witness made no use of them, and after looking them over, told Wood they did not include the paper he wanted (relating to the ballot-box matter). Wood said they were in Washington—witness understood, perhaps, at a later date that John R. McLean had them. Wood had promised to write for them, saying that Crosley had them no longer. September 2 the witness got a letter from Wood dated Cincinnati, September 1, stating that he had a telegram saying that the old contract was at Baltimore and Wood was to meet a party there. He (Wood) wanted a letter of introduction to President Harrison. Wood had erroneously supposed that witness wanted the new contract up to this time. Witness gave Wood the letter of introduction (which was read) and wrote Wood that he expected him with the letter not later than Thursday. The letter commended Wood as an old soldier and an inventor of merit. Witness did not know as much of him as he did now. September 9 Wood telegraphed witness from Cincinnati, asking where he could see him. Witness was impatient and replied that he could see him at the appointed place. Meanwhile he got a letter from Wood sent from Washington, dated September 8, saying that he had the document with the valuable names; that J. R. M., was out of the city; that there were three papers in all and that he inclosed a letter from Ed Hall. This inclosure was dated Cincinnati, September 4, and addressed to Wood at Washington.

The writer told Wood not to hesitate about getting the facts and staying with Foraker during the campaign. Witness never had any communication with Hall until after the election. Witness telegraphed Wood to come to Columbus that night or the next morning. Wood replied that he would mail the paper to the witness; that the telegram was too late. The witness called particular attention to these letters, for it would appear from another witness that the paper was not forged until the next day (September 9) after Wood had written that he had the paper. Previous to that, on September 7, the witness had a conversation with Mayor Mosby on the train about Wood's application for the place of Smoke Inspector, and succeeded in having action deferred for a few days. He (witness) had notified Wood to be at Columbus September 11 to attend to it. September 11 Wood came to Columbus and brought the forged paper (Exhibit A). Witness had accidentally misstated this date before. His secretary, Mr. Kurtz, was present and knew witness was expecting the papers.

The first thing witness found that he did not expect to see was the name of Senator Sherman. He had understood that the paper bore the names of Messrs. Butterworth, McKinley and McPherson. Wood said that he was surprised to see it, as the name was not on the paper when he first saw it. He (Wood) had expected to find it on the second contract, however. Witness had never seen Gov. Campbell's signature and got Mr. Kurtz to procure a copy of a biographical sketch, and there noticed that Mr. Campbell signed his name James E. Campbell, whereas it was signed J. E. Campbell to the paper. Maj. McKinley's name looked like a very good—genuine signature—and witness would have sworn to it. He did not think McKinley would question it if signed in any honorable connection. Maj. Butterworth did not sign his name usually as it was signed to the paper. The "B" ended on the wrong side, but the signature was otherwise good. Coming to Senator Sherman's name Wood suggested that it might have been signed with a stamp; and witness noticed a peculiarity of the stroke under the "S." Wood said he got the paper at Washington from Walter Wellman, Private Secretary to John R. McLean and, in his absence in Chicago, of his private papers. Wood applied to Wellman for it and Wellman telegraphed the request to Mr. McLean at Saratoga, and he replied: "Let Wood have what he wants."

Thereupon Wood got the paper and made tracks with it for Cincinnati. That was his story. The witness said he accepted the paper without question as to its genuineness. It led to all the mortification he had experienced about this whole letter. As any honorable man would, he felt mortified to find that he had been imposed on by that paper, which, in the light of subsequent events, it appeared, should not have deceived him. But the preliminary statements had prepared his mind for it. Continuing, witness read a copy of his letter to Mayor Mosby recommending Wood, and also a letter from Wood saying that he had been received kindly, but that Ed Henderson had been seeking the appointment of another man. When witness got back to his office on the 13th of September, he examined letters bearing the signatures of Messrs. Sherman, Butterworth and McKinley. He also sent for John W. Clements and showed him Gov. Campbell's signature to the paper. Clements said that he usually signed "James E. Campbell," but thought the signature was genuine. Witness also compared the initials on the gun contract letter, furnished by Wood, with the signature and observed that the "C" was as in the signature to that paper, and that satisfied him as to that. He now saw he was more easily satisfied than he should have been, but he had no doubt at that time.

### Walker Blaine's Funeral.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.—The arrangements for the funeral of Walker Blaine were completed to-day. There will be no services at the house except a prayer by the Rev. Dr. Hamlin, and only the intimate friends of the family and the President and members of the Cabinet are expected there. The service at the Church of the Covenant will also be brief and simple. The pall bearers selected are: Hon. Wm. F. Wharton, Assistant Secretary of State; Judge John Davis, Sevellon A. Brown, Marcellus Bailey, M. L. Ruth, A. P. Jenks, F. B. Loring and Wm. Haywood.

### House Election Contests.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.—The House Committee on Elections to-day heard arguments by counsel in the contested election cases of Featherstone vs. Cate, First Arkansas District. John McClure and W. W. Dudley represented the contestant and Mr. Cate looked after his own interest.

### A Favorable Report.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.—A favorable report was to-day ordered by the House Committee on Military Affairs on the bill to authorize the President to confer brevet rank upon officers of the army for gallant services in Indian campaigns.

ROGERS' ROYAL
NERVINE
A Strictly Vegetable RESTORATIVE to the BRAIN and NERVOUS SYSTEM.
There is no substitute for this remedy.
It CURES, it GIVES NEW LIFE, it is PURE and WHOLESOME.
Sold by druggists. Price $1.00.
Prepared only by ROGERS' ROYAL REMEDIES CO., Boston, Mass.

### International Copyright.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.—The Senate Committee on Patents to-day instructed Senator Platt to report favorably the bill known as the Chace International Copyright bill, which was pending before Congress last session.

### Port of Memphis Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.—The House Committee on Commerce to-day ordered favorable reports upon the bill to extend the limits of the port of Memphis, Tenn.

### The House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.—Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio introduced a bill granting pensions to ex-soldiers and sailors incapacitated for the performance of manual labor. Referred.

Mr. Mills of Texas introduced a bill to extend the trade and commerce of the United States and to provide for full reciprocity between the United States and Mexico. Referred.

After consideration of the World's Fair resolution the House went into committee of the whole, Mr. Burrows of Michigan in the chair, on the bill to provide for town site entries of land in Oklahoma.

## EAST ST. LOUIS.

### Enthusiasts Endeavoring to Organize a Base Ball League.

Frank E. Millard, a young attorney of East St. Louis and a well-known ball player, and H. E. Barnes, another enthusiast, are making efforts to perfect the organization of the Southern Illinois League. They have perfected plans for the organization of the League and will communicate with other parties with the view of carrying them out as soon as possible. The scheme is to form a league of six clubs, two in St. Louis, one in Alton, one in Belleville and one in Edwardsville. As these cities are all within a radius of not more than twenty-five miles the traveling expenses will be very light. It is intended that the winning club in each game shall take one-half the gate receipts and the losing club nothing. The other half, after paying the expenses of the visiting club, whether winning or losing, will go to the owner of the park. The winning club's share of the receipts will be divided equally among the players. This plan is thought to be first-class, as the pecuniary consideration will cause each individual player to do his best to win every game. The plan has other merits—for instance, the provisions for expenses. A club losing at home will have no expenses, and when losing abroad its expenses will be paid. Winning either at home or abroad, the players will be recompensed for good work in equal amounts.

### Belleville.

William H. Stone has been appointed City Marshal of Lebanon in place of Peter Kadel, who resigned a few days ago. Mr. Kadel's resignation was caused, it is said, by the harsh criticisms of his official acts which have appeared in the Lebanon papers.

The annual masquerade of the Belleville Athletic Club takes place to-morrow evening at the City Park.

A little son of Gottlieb Vogel of the West End died yesterday and was buried to-day at Walnut Hill Cemetery.

C. P. Fleischbein will give one-half the gross receipts of his saloon to-day to the Ladies' Aid Society.

Interesting revival meetings are in progress this week at the Baptist Church. Rev. J. A. Leavitt is assisting the pastor, Rev. H. E. Fuller.

D. E. Wugenhals of Nashville and Ida Ulm of Belleville were granted a marriage license yesterday.

The American Surety Co. has commenced proceedings in the Circuit Court for foreclosure of a mortgage for $7,000 on the property of Vincent Whitney, the former agent at the Relay Depot in East St. Louis. The property now being in the hands of J. B. Lovington, a receiver to collect the rents pending the trial of the cause has been asked for.

### Carondelet Jottings.

Joseph Diel has returned from Little Rock, Ark.

The South End Council, Royal Arcanum, installed its recently elected officers last evening.

Rev. Dr. Pullman will preach to-night at the revival service which is being conducted at the M. E. Church.

The Imperial Club will hold a special meeting this evening at the residence of Miss Kate Sheehy on Minnesota avenue.

St. Mary and Joseph's Council, No. 9, Knights of Father Mathew, will give its sixth annual ball February 12 at Turner Hall.

La grippe has got a decidedly strong grip on Uncle Sam's army at Jefferson Barracks. Quite a number of the recruits are suffering with the disease.

One of the Missouri Pacific cradles at the incline broke down about 10 o'clock this morning. Work on the transfer boats was delayed over an hour waiting for the cradle to be repaired.

John Riebon, a resident of East Carondelet, was held up by two men last night near the Mississippi House, on the Rock road, and relieved of $10 and a watch and chain. Riebon does not know who the highwaymen are.

Will Beck, a recruit at Jefferson Barracks, had his right hand painfully crushed a few minutes after 8 o'clock this morning. Beck was at work on the rock pile, and attempted to lift a heavy rock when it fell, crushing his hand.

### Abducted by a Blind Man.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 17.—The Humane Society is engaged in looking for Mary Barrett, a flaxen-haired, pretty little girl of 9 years, whose father, Pat Barrett, a laborer, lives in Kansas City, Kan. Barrett formerly lived in Topeka with his wife and child. A blind peddler, who was frequently guided around town by the little girl last May, abducted her. Since then Barrett has traveled throughout Missouri and Kansas looking for them.

### Obituary.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Jan. 17.—J. Westinghouse, President of Westinghouse Agricultural Works, and brother of Geo. Westinghouse, inventor, died at his residence in this city, this morning, aged 53 years.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 17.—Rev. Father Sestine died at the Jesuit Novitiate at Frederick, Md., to-day. He was one of the most accomplished astronomers in the United States.

### Demand Recognition.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 17.—President Bancroft has demanded immediate recognition for the New England Base Ball Association by the National League. If it is not given the New England Association will join the Brotherhood.

### Killed by a Train.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Jan. 17.—The mixed express, west-bound, on the Pennsylvania Railroad struck and killed Edward Gallagher, aged 17; Michael Gallagher, his brother, aged 15, and Mrs. Kate Stockhouse, a married sister, aged 25, at Morrellville, near here, last night.

### A Fatal Sneezing Fit.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 17.—Late last night Wm. Gerlin, a mulatto, aged 32, died in a fit of sneezing. He had been suffering from influenza only during the evening, and about 11 o'clock was attacked with sneezing, and died before relief could be obtained.

YOU SAVE $2 ON THESE
Men's Hand-Sewed $6 SHOES FOR $4
BOEHMER & CO.
G. H. BOEHMER, 621 Olive.
Also, $5 Hand-Sewed Shoes for $3.50.
SEE THEM IN OUR WINDOW.

## AMONG THE BROKERS.

### Transactions Few and Without Feature—The Quotations.

The Mining Exchange market this morning was dull, the sales being few and without feature, and the attendance being small. The sales were: Central Silver, 1,000 at 15; Samoa, 1,000 at 25; La Union, 200 at 4½; Mickey Breen, 200 at 78¾; West Granite, 200 at 80 and 78¾.

* * *

The quotations on call this morning were:

|  | BID. | ASK. |  | BID. | ASK. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Adams | 28¾ | 32½ | Little Gnt | 3 |  |
| American | 1 02½ | 1 12½ | M. Murph |  |  |
| Arizona |  |  | Maj. Budd | 18¾ | 21¼ |
| Aztec |  |  | Mex. Imp | 10 | 18¾ |
| Bi-Met. |  |  | Montrose |  |  |
| Black Oak |  |  | Mnt. Key. | 57½ | 60 |
| Bremen |  |  | Mnt. Lion | 8½ | 10 |
| Buckskin |  |  | M. Breen. | 77½ | 80 |
| Cnt Silver | 15 | 16¼ | Neath |  |  |
| Cleveland | 1 | 3½ | Old Colny |  |  |
| Civ & Anh | 25 |  | Old Jesuit |  |  |
| Cœur d'A |  |  | P. Murphy | 4½ | 5 |
| Dinero |  |  | Pedro Con |  |  |
| Eclipse |  |  | Phillips |  |  |
| Gldn Era |  |  | Pine Grve |  |  |
| Gldn West |  |  | Q. of W. | 5 | 10 |
| Gld King | 7½ | 9 | Raspberry | 1 | 5 |
| Gold Run |  |  | Rosalis |  |  |
| Granite M | 44 75 | 45 75 | S. Frisco | ½ | 1½ |
| Hope | 2 65 | 3 10 | San Pedro |  |  |
| I. X. L. | 1½ | 2½ | S. Hopes |  |  |
| Ingram |  |  | Silver Age | 1 20 | 1 30 |
| Ironclad |  |  | Silver Bell |  |  |
| Ivanhoe |  |  | Tourtelte. | 6 | 7 |
| Jumbo | ½ | 1 | W. Granit | 78¾ | 80 |
| Keystone | 2 | 3 | W. Patch |  |  |
| La Union | 4 | 4½ | Yuma | 40 | 45 |

* * *

The Aztec mill is running regularly, and reports from the mines show the ore being taken out to be of a very good character. The Pacific ore sent here to be tested and sampled, as a means of determining what changes are necessary in the mill to treat it, looks well, and will show a good result, though the test will not be made for several days.

* * *

The weather around the Cleveland & Anchor has been very severe, and the miners have been unable to get down with reports of development. A full winter's supply was shipped into the mine, however, and work is progressing steadily.

* * *

Mr. Rasmus Hanson, owner of the Sunnyside Extension, a rich Colorado mine, and on the same lode as the Neptune, is in the city looking at machinery, etc. He is on his way home from the East. He says the mine is taking out a great deal of rich ore, and that the Neptune is also sacking large quantities of first-class ore, and developing into a big mine.

* * *

A number of stocks failed to attract any attention.

* * *

A stockholder of the Brownlow, in reference to which there has been a great deal of complaint recently, no news having been had since last July, this morning brought out a letter from the secretary, dated August 3 last, in which it was stated the company was out of debt, had 25,000 shares of stock in the treasury, and had that day received returns on a carload of ore which netted over $1,000. On this basis the company should have several thousand dollars in its treasury.

* * *

D. H. McLelland, ex-Secretary of the Denver Mining Exchange, is in the city to-day en route South. In conversation with members of the Mining Exchange he admitted that the practices of the Denver Exchange had not been what they should have been and that a great many wash sales were made when the Exchange was started. Now, however, he thought everything is straight so far as sales are concerned.

* * *

The Pedro stockholders meet at the Mining Exchange at 3 p. m. to-morrow to vote on the purchase of the Granite Hill property.

* * *

The trust certificates market to-day was as follows:

|  | Opening. | Highest. | Lowest. | Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago Gas | 46 | 46¼ | 45¾ | 46 |
| Cotton | 30½ | 30½ | 29 | 29¼ |
| Lead | 20⅝ | 20⅝ | 20⅜ | 20½ |
| Sugar | 55½ | 56½ | 55⅛ | 56¼ |

## KANSAS CITY POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

### The Contest for the Positions to Be Vacated Soon.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 17.—The contest for Police Commissioners of this city is becoming very exciting, and Gov. Francis on his return from the East will have plenty of advisers on this important question. The terms of Messrs. Lillis and Ferry, the present incumbents, expires on the 9th of February. These gentlemen were both anti-Francis in the gubernatorial contest, and as the Governor never puts his enemies on guard it is safe to say that they will not succeed themselves. J. P. O'Neil, an active young Irish Democrat, has presented a strong documentary support to the Governor, but as there was some strong opposition among the Governor's best friends here, he has withdrawn from the contest. The race seems to be between Messrs. Milton Welsh and Bernard Corrigan on the one hand and Frank Rozelle and Henry Stuart on the other. Milton Welsh was the Democratic candidate for Mayor last spring, and many Democrats feel this appointment would be an honor which he has well earned. Mr. Bernard Corrigan represents the dominant power in the Democratic party in this city. For the last fifteen years the Corrigans and their friends have been able to control the conventions and nominations in this city. An effort has been made to prejudice the Governor by publishing the statement in a Republican paper that Mr. Corrigan claimed to have a promise from the Governor. Mr. Corrigan denies that he ever made any such statement, but politicians who know Mr. Corrigan and are also acquainted with Francis' methods think it would have been very strange if Mr. Corrigan had done so much to give Mr. Francis the Jackson County delegation without any hope of reward.

As Messrs. Corrigan and Welsh represent a great political power here, it is not difficult to predict who will receive the appointment.

## WILL TRY THE NEW SCHEME.

### The Bill in the Maryland Legislature Adopting the Australian System.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 17.—Senator Poe yesterday introduced in the Legislature the Australian ballot law, prepared by the Democratic Business Men's Association of Baltimore, with amendments. The amendments provide that the ballot clerks in the counties are to be appointed by the Governor. An unofficial ballot, printed on paper of a different color from the official ballot, may be taken into the polling room by the voter marked in advance, to assist him in making the official ballot. This amendment is copied from the New York bill. Express provision is made for the admission into the polling-room of Federal officials appointed under the Revised Statutes of the United States, and of an equal number of State officials whom the Governor is to appoint for the counties and the supervisors of Election are to appoint for Baltimore City.

### Big Sale of Timber Land.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 17.—The sale is announced to-day of some 200,000 acres of timber land in Southeast Arkansas, belonging to the Iowa & Arkansas Land Co. The purchasers are Chicago capitalists. The price is stated to have been $5 per acre.

GLOBE
Shovel-'Em-Out Clearing Sale
TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW.
Better Bargains Than Ever. Prices Cut Less Than Half.
Men's Cassimere Suits shoveled out as low as .......... $ 2.45
Men's Overcoats shoveled out as low as .......... .99
Men's Baltimore Merchant Tailor $25 and $30 Suits and Overcoats shoveled out at 12.75
Boys' Suits and Overcoats shoveled out at .......... .49
Finest Merchant Tailor $7, $8 and $9 Suits and Overcoats shoveled out at .......... 4.95
Men's $2 Cheviot Pants shoveled out at .95
Finest Tailor Made $7, $8 and $9 Pants shoveled out at .......... $4.85
Knee Pants as low as .......... .10
Silk Neckwear as low as .......... .10
Ladies' Grain Button Shoes as low as. .74
Men's $1.50 Seamless Shoes .......... .99
Gold-Headed Umbrellas .......... .75
Good Jersey Coats .......... 1.50
Boys' Chinchilla Caps .......... .10
Men's Satin-Lined Fur Alexis .......... .50
Silk Web Suspenders .......... .13
75c Lisle Thread and Silk Hose .......... .25
25c and 35c Hose .......... .12½
Men's and Boys' Re-enforced Linen Bosom Shirts .......... .33½
$1 and $1.25 Star Waists ...... 50c and .65
$1.50 Camel's Hair Underwear .......... .75
4-Ply Linen Collars .......... .3½
CUFFS .......... .8½
$2, $2.50 and $3 Derby Hats, $1.35.
SPECIAL—300 Silk and Satin-lined, quilted front, velvet piped Tailor-made Overcoats at .......... $7.45
☞Thousands of other bargains too numerous to mention.
☞To avoid the rush, please come in the forenoon.
☞Mail Orders, accompanied by cash, money orders or drafts will receive prompt attention.
GLOBE,
705, 707, 709, 711 and 713 Franklin Avenue.
☞Open until 9 p. m. ☞Saturdays until 11 p. m.

## THE TRENTON TRAGEDY.

### A Change in Public Sentiment Favorable to the Suspected Parties.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 17.—There has been a remarkable change of sentiment touching the Kniffen murder case. A week ago people were all but clamoring for the blood of Dr. Kniffen and Miss Pursell. Yesterday doubts were expressed as to whether they are guilty at all, and not a few are prepared to believe that the original burglary theory was correct. The County Grand-jury will meet Tuesday, and unless the authorities find stronger evidence than has yet come to light an indictment against either Kniffen or Pursell is not expected. Yesterday search made for the chloroform bottle resulted in the discovery of several bottles into any of which the cork found on Mrs. Kniffen's bed would fit. It is said none of these bottles, however, ever contained chloroform. The mother of Miss Pursell at Broadway learned for the first time yesterday that her favorite child was suspected in connection with the death of her niece, Mrs. Kniffen. Mrs. Pursell's son William has had a man employed since the date of Mrs. Kniffen's death at Trenton, to prevent any stranger or any newspaper containing any account of the tragedy from entering the house. The amateur detective did his work well, and it was through no negligence of his that the mother discovered the secret. Every one seemed so reticent about the news of the day that she began to suspect that something was being kept from her and became much worried. A bright 5-year-old son of David Pursell, the old lady's son, artlessly said something to excite her suspicion and she did not rest until the whole story was told her. She bore it better than the family had supposed, and it was an affecting scene when she took her daughter Emma in her arms and assured her of her implicit faith in her innocence and her sympathy in this great trial.

## ROBT. L. HANKS DISCHARGED.

### The Prosecuting Attorney and Judge Campbell Agree That He Was Not to Blame.

When the case against Robert L. Hanks for manslaughter in the fourth degree was called in the Court of Criminal Correction this morning, the Prosecuting Attorney stepped up to the railing and said:

"Your Honor, this is one of those unfortunate cases where no person is to blame and in which I think the Prosecuting Attorney is justified in interfering. No one regrets the occurrence more deeply than does Mr. Hanks. I beg leave of the court to enter a nolle prosequi."

"I concur with you," said Judge Campbell. "I happen to have personal knowledge of the particulars and see no ground for a criminal prosecution. The defendant is discharged."

Mr. Hanks was on hand with several of his friends and listened attentively to the words which carried with them his release. When Judge Campbell had concluded he thanked him heartily, shook hands with him and left the court-room.

Hanks, it will be remembered, on last Friday gave his friend, Charles A. Stewart, a dose of morphine, which caused that gentleman's death the following day. Both of the men were employed by Samuel Cupples Wooden & Willow Ware Co., at whose establishment the dose was administered. Stewart was suffering with the grip at the time and Hanks, who is a graduate of a pharmaceutical college, sent for and administered the dose. He thought at the time that he was giving quinine and by mistake wrote the technical term for morphine. When Stewart died the attending physician sent a note to Coroner Frank apprising him of the suspicious circumstances surrounding his death. At 1:30 o'clock Sunday morning Hanks was arrested at his room, 2124 Olive street, and spent the remainder of the night in the Four Courts hold-over. After the inquest he was released on $800 bail. Yesterday evening a warrant was sworn out charging him with manslaughter in the fourth degree.

Hanks, since the death of Stewart, has deeded to the widow several pieces of property which he owned in this city. He feels his position keenly.

### The Funeral of E. W. Donk.

The funeral of Mr. E. W. Donk will take place on Saturday, January 18, at 2 p. m., from the residence, No. 1811 Rutger street. Mr. Donk was 40 years of age and well-known in business circles.

### Death of Geo. H. Brazeau.

Geo. H. Brazeau, son of August H. Brazeau, died at his home in Kirkwood yesterday of pneumonia. The funeral takes place on Saturday morning from St. Peter's Church, Kirkwood, to Calvary Cemetery.

### Trunk Line Presidents.

NEW YORK, January 17.—The Trunk Line Presidents are holding a meeting this afternoon to discuss the question of emigrant rates.

### The Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage licenses were granted during the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

| Name. | Residence. |
|---|---|
| J. S. Simmons | 1509 Gay st |
| Eliza Anderson | 1509 Gay st |
| George T. Andrews | 2029 Eugenia st |
| Lillie Frye | Litchfield, Ill |
| J. H. Laughlin | Sangamon County, Ill |
| Sarah P. Scott | Springfield, Ill |
| Gerhard Haffertepe | 2623 Ohio av |
| Katharine Kohle | Nebraska and Utah avs |
| Thomas Fisher | East St. Louis |
| Emma Johnson | 1227 N. 4th st |
| William Mualka | 1121 Ferry st |
| Elizabeth Bestal | 1121 Ferry st |
| W. P. Shaughnessy | 926 N. 11th st |
| Ella Beicher | 926 N. 11th st |
| Joseph Kowalsky | 2125 S. 3d st |
| Annie Schroeder | 2132 S. 3d st |
| Hugo Hutter | 2800 Gravois av |
| Mary Denary | 1222 Geyer av |
| John Talley | 1924 N. 11th st |
| Lucy McClenney | 1924 N. 11th st |
| George W. Allen | 1940 N. 11th st |
| Sarah F. Barnes | 1940 N. 11th st |
| Albert F. Canfield | Webster Groves, Mo |
| Mary E. Thomas | East St. Louis, Ill |
| Charles E. Simpson | Providence, R. I |
| Estelle V. T. McClintock | 3825 Finney av |
| Charles L. Ludwig | 3330 Lucas av |
| Ruby J. Adams | 1306 Chestnut st |

PURE 18KT. GOLD WEDDING RINGS.
*Wedding invitations executed, lowest prices.*
Lovely goods for Wedding Gifts, lowest prices.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
BROADWAY & LOCUST ST.

### Deaths.

The following burial certificates were issued by the Health Department for the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

Sarah Smith, 51 years, 12 South Eleventh street; pneumonia.

Mary Doolan, 22 years, 2634 Franklin avenue; nephritis.

Lawrence Murphy, 62 years, 2228 O'Fallon street; heart disease.

—— Wallis, 12 hours, 2120 Chestnut street; premature birth.

George Bruelheide, 47 years, City Hospital; acute pneumonitis.

Frank Harsch, 62 years, 2012 North Tenth street; strangulation.

Barbara Hoffman, 71 years, Jennings Station; influenza.

Wm. Molleneux, 40 years, 2613 North Market street; pneumonia.

John Miller, 60 years, 3139 Sheridan avenue; splenitis.

Richard L. Bohannon, 33 years, 1520 Hogan street; consumption.

Mrs. Katy Gray, 28 years, 2650 Caroline street; consumption.

Adelia Ellermann, 1 month, 3516 Texas avenue; whooping cough.

Christina Keune, 74 years, 222 Barry street; old age.

Henry Seyfried, 59 years, Alexian Brothers' Hospital; rheumatism.

Henry Knappmeier, 53 years, 1508 North Twelfth street; dropsy.

August Wm. Schneider, 44 years, 110 North Broadway; morphine poisoning (suicide).

Robert Merz, 1 year, 118 North Twelfth street; broncho-pneumonia.

Christ Van Ganden, 67 years, City Hospital; chronic diarrhea.

Martin Grazier, 25 years, City Hospital; acute pneumonitis.

Alexander Jefferson, 79 years, 4226 Maffitt avenue; pneumonia.

Walter R. Wischmeyer, 10 months, 2000 John avenue; pneumonia.

John R. Schroth, 2 months, 1035 Allen avenue; congestion of the brain.

Wm. Olthaus, 67 years, 3034 Caroline street; kidney disease.

SICK HEADACHE
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Positively cured by these Little Pills.
They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.
SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

## DIED.

RANTENSTRAUCH—Mrs. LOUISA RANTENSTRAUCH, nee Seiz, wife of Otto Rantenstrauch, at 1:30 p. m. on January 17.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

SCOTT—At 3:30 o'clock a. m., January 16, WALTER DOUGLASS SCOTT, beloved husband of Margaret A. Scott, nee Hobbs.

Deceased was a member of Alpha Council, L. of H., and of Valley Council, Royal Arcanum. Funeral will take place from the Second Baptist Church, 2 p. m., Sunday, January 19. Friends invited to attend.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.,

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

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| By the week (delivered by carrier) | 20 |
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## A BROKEN STATUTE.

*"Any person who shall sell or expose to sale, or cause to be sold or exposed to sale, or shall keep on hand for the purpose of sale, or shall advertise or cause to be advertised for sale, OR WHO SHALL PRINT OR PUBLISH SUCH ADVERTISEMENT, or shall aid or assist or be in any wise concerned in the sale or exposure to sale of any lottery ticket or tickets, or any share or part of any lottery ticket in any lottery or device in the nature of a lottery, within this State or elsewhere, and any person who shall advertise or cause to be advertised, the drawing of any scheme in any lottery, OR SHALL PRINT OR PUBLISH SUCH ADVERTISEMENT, and shall be convicted thereof in any court of competent jurisdiction, shall, for each and every such offense, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding $1,000.—[Revised Statues of 1889. Sec. 3833 of Art. 8, Chap. 47.*

FRIDAY, JANUARY 17, 1890.

### AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC—Jefferson and Florence.
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"A Hole in the Ground."
PEOPLE'S—"Lost in New York."
POPE'S—Kate Castleton.
STANDARD—"Time Will Tell."

MATINEES TO-MORROW.

OLYMPIC—Jefferson and Florence.
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"A Hole in the Ground."
PEOPLE'S—"Lost in New York."
POPE'S—Kate Castleton.
STANDARD—"Time Will Tell."

BLUE *Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, commencing at 8 a. m. to-day, for Missouri: Increasing cloudiness and rain or snow; warmer; southerly winds.*

*Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, commencing at 8 a. m. to-day, for St. Louis: Fair: warmer.*

SILCOTT robbed the Congressmen of $75,000, and now the Congressmen propose to make good their losses by robbing the taxpayers.

AN important subject for the consideration of the Missouri Press Association would be: "How to Prevent Party Organs from Defeating the Party."

THE appreciation of the extended market reports of the POST-DISPATCH throughout the commercial territory of St. Louis is universal and unbounded.

IN making fitness the test of subordinate appointments in the Post-office Postmaster HARLOW will vindicate the wisdom of his own selection on the same basis.

THE Upper Mississippi River is blocked with ice and a continuation of the cold spell for several days will assure a good ice crop. More power to the breath of Jack Frost.

NEW YORKERS do not think they can get everything ready for a World's Fair before 1893. All right, suppose New York postpone her fair until then and support St. Louis for the Columbian Fair of 1892.

THE Democratic editors of Ohio at their annual meeting sent a telegram of congratulation to CAL BRICE. At the same time they should have passed a resolution of sympathy with the Democratic party of the State.

THE bill to abolish dueling in France will doubtless be defeated on the ground that it aims to suppress a harmless sport. The Chamber of Deputies will find it impossible to consider the French duel seriously.

THE New York Ballot Reform League is camping on the trail of Gov. HILL. It has adopted a resolution demanding the passage of a thorough ballot reform bill by the Legislature and its approval by the Governor.

FINE market reports "with a good newspaper thrown in" strike the country merchants as something in the nature of a bonanza. Their indorsement of the plan of receiving market reports through the POST-DISPATCH is unanimous and hearty.

THE total contributions for the relief of sufferers from the floods at Johnstown and other places in Pennsylvania amounted to $2,902,072.68. Of this sum $70,681.40 is still unappropriated. The remainder has been applied to burial, sanitary and hospital purposes, relief of distressed widows and families, and the sum of $115,000 has been invested, the interest to be distributed among orphans under 16 years of age in annuities. The relief of the Pennsylvania flood sufferers was a magnificent charity, and, while there has been room for some criticism in the method of its application, the work has been as well done as could be expected.

### SPECIAL TARIFF PLEADINGS.

The tariff hearings before the House Ways and Means Committee have thrown little light on the particular imperfections of the present tariff schedule. The representatives of each industry want the tariff they now have or more and free raw materials; the producers of taxed raw materials want the present tax retained and in some cases increased.

The committee is therefore involved in a maze of conflicting personal, class and combine interests. The hearings have merely brought into glaring prominence the injustice of the whole protective system and the folly of the Government attempting to build up this or that industry at the expense of another and of the whole country. They prove that industries which are given protection as infants never get out of swaddling clothes as long as they can depend upon public pap. Men who count their dollars by the millions have the assurance to go before the committee and plead for discriminating duties in behalf of their industries on the ground that they cannot support themselves without it.

The demand for free raw materials only is another intensely selfish demand, for if the raw materials are freed from their burdens without a proportionate reduction of the tariff on the goods manufactured out of them the discrimination and injustice are doubled and the opportunities of the beneficiaries to make profits are vastly increased. But the people are as heavily taxed as ever.

The miserable scramble of favor beggars now exhibited in Washington will continue until Congress throws over the treatment of the tariff as a matter of petty policy and particular interests for the broad statesmanlike basis of sound principles of justice and the good of the whole people.

MINISTER ROMERO of Mexico will recommend that his Government have a fine exhibit at the St. Louis World's Fair. The railroads running into Mexico bring St. Louis in close commercial relations with her and an exhibit by Mexico at the Exposition will compel other Central and South American Governments to make handsome displays.

THE newspapers are citing the decision of the House in the case of JOHN BAILEY, who was declared ineligible to represent a Massachusetts district where all his property was and which he claimed as his home. He had lived seven years in Washington City in the service of the Government, and although he proved that he had never claimed or exercised any right peculiar to a citizen of the District of Columbia, it was held that he was not "an inhabitant" of Massachusetts in the sense prescribed by the Constitution. As BRICE'S family residence and business office have been in New York City for the last five or six years, this decision would of course forbid his representing Ohio in the Senate. But each house is the judge of the qualifications of its own members, and the Senate has conspicuously disregarded the doctrine of the House decision in the Bailey case.

ALTHOUGH the iron used in making steel plates has been cheaper in this country for a month or so past than in Great Britain, a tariff of $28 per ton enables Mr. CARNEGIE to extort from Duluth shipbuilders $60 per ton for 5,000 tons of steel plates, which could have been bought in Glasgow for half the money. The lake vessels, to the cost of which the tariff has added this $150,000, will be used in carrying Northwestern wheat to foreign free trade markets, and this extra cost will of course be added to the freight charges and ultimately come out of the pockets of wheat growers. If they cannot see how the tariff reduces the price of every bushel they send to market by rail or water, they cannot, of course, see how it robs them of a large part of what they get for it by laying taxes on their clothing, sugar and all they buy.

THE nomination of Senator ALLISON of Iowa for re-election was ordered by a unanimous vote in the Republican legislative caucus. This was due to the fact that he has been for twenty years past a clean statesman and doubtless the most influential Western Republican in Congress, without waving the bloody shirt of sectionalism and without becoming a tool of the money power or the bounty grabbers. He has been as true to tariff reform and financial reform as any Republican can be without renouncing his party, and he has probably done more for the West by remaining in his party to modify its measures than he could have accomplished by leading a sectional revolt.

ONE of the amendments to the interstate commerce law proposed in the report of the commissioners is the abolition of ticket brokerage by requiring ticket sellers to be authorized by the railroad company. This is perhaps the only method of getting rid of agencies demoralizing to railroad rates. The worst sinners, however, are not the ticket brokers, but the authorized agents of the railroad companies who secretly use them to cut rates and dispose of tickets that cannot be sold at regular prices.

SENATOR PLUMB'S resolution providing for an investigation of the operations of the Alaska Seal Co. is a move in the right direction. Many serious charges have been made against this monopolistic corporation It is admitted that it can be the sole bidder for the new lease of the seal islands, and a genuine investigation of its affairs and methods will prove the truth or falsity of the charges. Congress, at least, should know what it is doing before turning over valuable privileges to the company.

SENATOR STANFORD'S bill to permit the makers of grape wines who desire to fortify them with spirits to withdraw the latter from bonded warehouses in the original packages and use them without paying the internal revenue tax, is simply a bill to give makers of alleged grape wine a monopoly of the sale of free whisky. Few topers would give 15 cents a drink for taxed whisky when the same whisky can be had for 5 cents or 10 cents mixed with a little grape juice.

THE colonists at Topolobampo Bay, Mexico, who are living under the communistic plan outlined in EDWARD BELLAMY'S "Looking Backward," are longingly looking backward to their old homes. They are living on beans and corn bread, and are without means to return or to leave their present abode. An ex-colonist says that the time-checks which take the place of money there cannot be cashed, because there is nothing with which to cash them.

WHENEVER the Farmers' Alliance holds a State Convention in any section of the Union the roll of millionaires in the Senate is referred to, and among the resolutions adopted is invariably a demand for the election of United States Senators by popular vote. It will not take many more Ohio elections to shove this question so far afront that no politician can dodge it.

ALL the aid possible in the effort to secure full and accurate statistics concerning St. Louis should be given the officials of the census department by citizens. The growth of St. Louis must appear in the census reports.

### Judge Wood and the "Post-Dispatch."

From the Indianapolis Journal.

If the POST-DISPATCH could transport itself out of its normal condition of hysteria a sufficient period to grasp a fact, it could find one in the records of the United States Court Grand-jury, which, under the direction of a Democratic district attorney, had 100 men before it to ascertain if they knew anything about the alleged Dudley letter, and as they did not, the Democratic attorney advised the tribunal that it could not indict Col. Dudley.

From the Indianapolis Sentinel.

The man who wrote the above could have given Ananias points on lying. It is a falsehood of the monumental sort—imposing in its dimensions and picturesque in its outlines. The facts are, and no record on earth will show to the contrary, that evidence of the authenticity of the Dudley letter and of the receipt of copies of it by "trusted men" throughout the State was literally piled mountain high before the United States Grand-jury, and that that body was ready to indict Dudley, upon the advice of the District Attorney, when Judge Woods advised it that advising bribery was not a crime. We are surprised that even the *Journal* should print such barefaced falsehoods about this wretched business, when the facts are notorious in this community.

### Boodle's Grasp on Both Parties.

From the New York WORLD.

The Republicans of the Ohio Legislature yesterday certified their faith in boodle politics by giving their caucus nomination for United States Senator to Charles Foster. This compliment, so far as it goes, is a vindication of the political thrift evinced on the Democratic side in selling the Senatorship to Brice. In all his political methods Mr. Foster is a pronounced boodler. It is his boast that he spends more money for his party than any Republican in Ohio. He is a Brice man. His influence has been given to securing the Democratic nomination for Brice. Should the Republicans have the power to name a successor to John Sherman in 1892 we shall see Mr. Foster on hand to claim his purchase. The complimentary vote this year means his preemption claim.

### ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

SUBSCRIBER.—There are no charges made for the publication you refer to.

WINTER.—Questions of a personal character are not answered in this column.

M. S. D.—The records of the Signal Service do not extend to the date you refer to.

A. H. F. T.—Any first-class bookstore can provide you with the catalogues you desire.

LADY AGENT.—Notices of patent medicines are published only in the advertising column.

G. W.—Pope Pius the Ninth never was a Mason, and consequently never was expelled from that order.

OLD SUBSCRIBER.—At either of the libraries you can obtain books giving an account of the manufacture of turpentine.

A SUBSCRIBER.—Applicants for appointment as letter-carriers are examined separately from applicants for clerkships in the postal service.

SUBSCRIBER.—As the game is sometimes played when A makes a trump in euchre his opponent can go alone, but according to the recognized rules he cannot.

B. F. L. Y.—1. You can be informed of the duties of a shipping clerk at any wholesale business house. 2. Your handwriting is not altogether bad, but hardly up to the general mercantile standard.

W. A. P.—1. The subscriptions to the World's Fair fund can be collected by law, but there is no probability that any such proceedings will be necessary. 2. Certificates will be issued, and dividends paid if they are earned.

SUBSCRIBER.—The word Creole was originally employed to designate a native of the Spanish-American colonies of European descent It was afterwards extended to the descendants of the French. In the West Indies negroes of mixed blood were called Creoles to distinguish them from those of pure African ancestry. In this country the term is applied to the descendants of the French and Spanish settlers in the Mississippi Valley.

### He Doesn't Talk to the Girl That Way.

From the Atchison Globe.

No man cares to acknowledge that he is in love. He pretends that he would never give such a ridiculous thing a second thought.

### Giving Him Free Scope.

From Epoch.

On the veranda:
He: "Do you object to my sitting here?"
She: "Not at all, sir; I'm going in."

### Sponge a Tailor.

From the Texas Siftings.

A writer tells how to sponge a shiny coat. If he will tell how to sponge a brand new coat he will attract more attention.

### Keep Hammering.

From the Atchison Globe.

Stop to admire a good thing you have done and some other man will do a better one.

## CONTESTING THE VETO.

### REPORTS THAT THE BRANHAM CROWD HAS NOT YET GIVEN UP ITS BILL.

**The Gas-Works People May Offer to File Their Bond With the City Register and Claim That the Veto Is Illegal—How Some of the Mayor's Friends Bet and Lost.**

The Branham gas bill has been vetoed, but it is not dead yet. It may be dragged out again and the probability is that it will be, for there is an undercurrent of rumors that have their foundation in facts. A vetoed bill ought to have been forgotten days ago and would under ordinary circumstances, but the peculiar incidents connected with this veto, the uniqueness of the veto itself, and the determination of the Branham-Johnson-Hardesty combination not to give up the bill if it can be maintained upon any ground whatever have kept it still before the public mind and still the people are talking about it as one of the awful possibilities. This and the rumors in circulation concerning the intentions of the Branham crowd have renewed interest in the bill because of the certainty that the promoters are trying to get the franchise which that bill signed would have granted them. They know it was a valuable franchise; they know that they had all the pegs set for the signing of the bill; they know that the bill was signed and the approval of the Mayor attached thereto.

It is not often that that crowd is surprised, but they certainly were surprised when Mayor Noonan announced his peculiar veto of that bill. They couldn't draw a breath for two days. They did not want to lose that franchise and they had no idea that they would do so. They thought the Mayor's approval was as sure as sunrise and when he vetoed the bill he created consternation in their ranks.

WHAT THEY LEARNED.

But they recovered from their surprise and then began to find out what the explanation of that veto was. What they learned was that the bill was signed, all except the date, on Saturday, December 28, and a friend of the Mayor saw it. The friend went down on the street with this information concealed on his person and found other friends of the Mayor and himself who, like himself, were not averse to turning an honest dollar, and he told them that the bill had been signed and put in the executive safe. Then they went out and ventured their valuable stuff on what they thought the certain action of the Mayor. They bet that the bill would be signed, and they bet some large sums, too,

Everything went along smoothly until December 31. The Mayor did not propose to announce his action on that day. He would have waited as long as possible before making known his approval of the bill, but his friends got around him, talked to him about the necessity of vetoing the bill, of the stories Ed Butler was telling to Jim Campbell and they said that it would be far better for the Mayor if he vetoed the bill than if he signed it and they persuaded him to veto it. How he discussed getting his signature off the bill and how he interjected the word "not" before the word "approved," has all been told in the POST-DISPATCH. Then the veto was made a present to the people of St. Louis on New Year's Day.

QUESTIONING THE VETO.

Now, it is said on excellent authority, though the Branham people deny it, that that veto is to be contested. The method by which it is to be reached is this: The Branham people will prepare their bond just as if the bill had been approved and file or attempt to file their bond with the City Registrar. They will announce their intention to go ahead, build their works and lay their mains. Then when an objection is raised by the city authorities on the ground that the bill was vetoed, they will claim that it was not and take the case into court. The position which they will take is one that has already been suggested by the POST-DISPATCH; that as soon as the Mayor signed the bill it became a law and the franchise was theirs; that being a law it could not be nullified by the Mayor any more than a law could be wiped off the books at the will of His Honor, and he had no more right to insert the word "not" before the word "approved" than he had to insert a clause in the bill.

LEGAL OPINIONS DIVIDED.

There is a diversity of opinion upon this proposition among the lawyers. Some say it could be maintained in court and others that it is based on a mere technicality and that it is one of those technical questions which courts, as a matter of public policy, are not inclined to maintain. What view the courts will take of the matter is another question, but the information comes from reliable sources that it is the firm intention of Branham and his associates to raise the question and have it passed upon by the courts.

Judge Henry D. Laughlin was asked if he, as attorney for the Gas-works people, intended to raise that question.

"No," he said, "I have been out of the city and have just returned, but I have heard nothing about such an intention as that."

"You would hear of it if such a movement was contemplated, wouldn't you?"

"I should think so. But I do not see why they should wish to make that point. It is not at all certain that the gas works syndicate would have wanted the franchise if the bill had been signed and they would certainly have considered another estimate before they accepted the bill because they were not and are not sure that with the present prices of iron the works could be built for $4,500,000. I don't think that they intend questioning the veto, but I have heard nothing about it."

J. B. Johnson was called upon, but could not be found.

THE BRANHAM PEOPLE

deny that such a plan is on foot, but the information that it is comes from men who ought to know, and there are enough lawyers who think their position a safe one to give reason to the report.

J. B. Johnson was seen later and when asked if it was the intention of the syndicate to contest the veto he said: "Well—see Laughlin. There was some talk about that before Laughlin went to Chicago, but I don't know. We have never got the crowd together on it, because we are having some law points looked up. You know we have sixty days after the signing of the bill in which to accept."

### THE DEXTER BANK ROBBERS.

**Death of Lawyer Lewis A. Barker, Their Faithful Defender.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BANGOR, Me., Jan. 17.—Lewis A. Barker, the young lawyer whose efforts to establish the innocence of the men implicated in the Dexter bank robbery and murder, after they had been run to earth by reporters, gave him more than a local reputation, died here yesterday of paralysis of the brain. Mr. Barker spent money lavishly in defense of the prisoners, whose cases are still pending in the Supreme Court, and had it not been for his sturdy fight in their behalf they would long ago have been in prison. A reporter broke the news of the death of their counsel to these two prisoners yesterday. Both men were very much overcome. The iron-willed Stain soon recovered and said, with his dogged persistency, that while Mr. Barker knew more about their case than any one else and could make the best fight, he was still confident that deliverance would come because they were innocent men. Cromwell has lost courage, however, and now thinks that they will soon be sentenced for life.

**America Leads the World**

In taste and the refined customs of civilization. Of 2,454,504 cases of champagne imported into the United States during the last ten years over 25 per cent was "G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry," whose imports were over 800,000 cases in excess of any other brand. Quality will tell.

### AN EGYPTIAN NEWSPAPER.

**A Curious and Interesting Publication That Has a Subscriber Here.**

Khalil Hamul is a native of Alexandria, Egypt, but he lives here in St. Louis at 1635 Morgan street. He receives daily one of the most interesting and curious newspapers that is published anywhere in the world. It is the Alexandrian daily paper called *Al-Ahram*, or *The Pyramid*. It is a strange looking paper of four pages, filled with characters which remind one of the shorthand hieroglyphics, but they are more compact and smaller. You read from right to left and begin at what would be the back of an American newspaper. The character of the paper is very surprising to one unacquainted with the people of the country where it is printed. It is not at all the foolish, stupid sheet that one would expect to find the easy going sons of Egypt publishing, but a live, wide-awake paper that manifests a good deal of enterprise. Mr. Hamul went over one copy of it and told the substance of the different articles that were printed in it. There were telegraphic dispatches from Austria, Tunis, Servia, Turkey and Vienna on the state of politics in those places, then there were telegraphic reports from the different States of Egypt, just as American papers get them from the States of the Union. There was a letter from "our special correspondent" at Cairo about the news there and then came a column of editorial comment on the subjects of interest in Egypt, but it was evident that the deadly paragrapher had not made his way into the land of the Nile. Then there were two columns of local news about Alexandria, giving the happenings of the day and the usual items. There was a cablegram from London giving a synopsis of Parnell's speech at Nottingham on the Irish question. A dispatch from Zanzibar says that Emin Bey is out of danger and that Hohimboshiree has been sentenced to hang. A Paris dispatch announces that the Boulangists have given up the election. The paper is dated December 18, so, of course, this news is all old now, but they had it when it was fresh. There is a continued story, "The Diamond Secret," which is an explanation of the Koran, and one department which would be very interesting if translated, is a series of letters from Stanley about the minutiæ of his trip. The paper of December 3 contained a column synopsis of President Harrison's message to Congress, received by cable and printed in Arabic. The market reports are very full, particularly the cotton and wheat reports. Two advertisements contain cuts of steam engines made in London, and they are excellent cuts too. Another is a hair-restorer illustration, so even the Egyptians are not free from this disguised blessing. The steam engines advertised operate pumps, and the advertisement is of a machine for pumping water from the Nile in the dry season to irrigate the land. A steam pump at work on the bank of the Nile would strike one as a curious sight. The cost of *The Pyramid* is 4 cents a copy or $8.50 a year, but Mr. Hamul says: "I get it for nothing because my cousin, Abdoo Mikhaeel, is one of the editors."

*STILL TIME TO BEGIN IT.* The greatest and latest of Rider Haggard's novels, "Beatrice," a dramatic story, profusely illustrated, is now running in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH. The second installment, with a complete synopsis of the first, was given in last SUNDAY'S POST-DISPATCH. Begin it now. Copies of the paper to be had at this office.

### A TIMELY SUGGESTION.

**How Miss Parks Saved Her Stepmother From Being Buried Alive.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Undertaker Joseph Bryan of Brooklyn had an unusual experience Wednesday, a week ago, the facts of which have just been made public. He was requested by Chas. Parks to call at the residence of Dr. W. C. Parks, a dentist, to prepare the body of the dentist's wife for burial. When the undertaker arrived at the house he was met by Mrs. Parks' stepdaughter, who, to his utter astonishment, informed him that her mother had been only in a trance and had returned to consciousness a few minutes after the messenger had departed. Mrs. Parks had been suffering with typhoid malaria. Tuesday night a week ago the patient was very low. The following morning Mrs. Parks swooned and remained in a trance state for fifteen minutes. Her eyes closed and she apparently ceased to breathe. Her attendants, who became thoroughly alarmed, examined her and arrived at the conclusion that she was dead as they could not feel the slightest pulse beat. During the excitement that prevailed, Chas. Parks, a brother of the dentist, went to the undertakers and requested him to come at once and prepare his sister-in-law's body for burial. While the brother-in-law was out, Miss Parks suggested making another test so as to be positive as to the death of her stepmother. She tenderly lifted the head of the woman from the pillow and parting the lips, poured a half-teaspoonful of brandy into her mouth. In a few minutes the supposed dead woman sighed heavily, tossed her arms and to the delight of all opened her eyes. Another dose of the stimulant was given her and she revived. Her husband, the dentist, was ill with pneumonia at the time and was not cognizant of the unusual occurrence. He died last Friday, two days after the event. The relatives of the sick woman, fearful that news of the death of her husband, if communicated to her, would result fatally, kept her in ignorance of the event. On the day of the burial, however, she noticed Undertaker Bryan in the house, and divining his mission, asked if her husband was dead and was told in the affirmative by someone in the house. The same person then related to the woman the facts in connection with her supposed death. The double shock came near resulting fatally, but prompt attention saved the life of Mrs. Parks and she is now recovering.

### STAR OF BETHLEHEM.

**Prof. Pickering Discredits the Story Cabled From Vienna.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 17.—Prof. Pickering of Harvard University discredits the Vienna cable of Tuesday which stated that "the Star of Bethlehem" is again to be visible this year, being its seventh appearance since the birth of Christ. He says:

"I can scarcely believe that the story emanated from the astronomers of Vienna, for had there been the slightest intimation of the appearance of this star it would have been cabled to us at once, as is always done in the case of astronomical news gathered in Europe. The report is probably the unauthorized revival of an old rumor that this star, erroneously called the 'Star of Bethlehem,' was to make its appearance, but as this statement has been made several times since 1878, when the star was looked for by some astronomers, there is doubtless nothing in it. The star referred to was the one discovered by Tycho Brahe in 1572 and was named for him. It appeared quite suddenly in the constellation of Casseopeia and had a brilliancy greater than that of any of the planets, so much so that it was visible in the daytime for several seconds. It was believed by some that this star had appeared in the same position 312 years before, or in 1260, and assuming this interval of appearance to be correct, it would have been visible about the time of the Christian era, and it was thus termed the Star of Bethlehem. If its return was after 312 years, the time of its reappearance would have been in 1884, but nothing has yet been seen of it, although many observers watched for it at that time. Such a phenomenon at the present day would have the highest value to astronomical science, for by the use of modern instruments observations could be taken and information gathered that would be of the greatest assistance in a series of experiments now in progress. There is, however, so much doubt in the matter that it is of but little use to surmise as to the star's reappearance."

### Cleaned Out a Newspaper.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 17.—May Yohe, the young actress who recently created a furore by eloping from Chicago with Thomas Williams, a young millionaire, left Williams last Tuesday with her mother for Australia. She left Williams without warning, and the *Evening Post* published a sarcastic article about it. Yesterday, armed with a club, he visited the *Post* office and attacked Business Manager Hirsch with his club, making some ugly wounds. He was arrested, but immediately bailed out.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 284.

## THE MIDLAND COMPANY.

### EX-GOV. CRITTENDEN PLACED IN A DIFFERENT LIGHT BY DEVELOPMENTS.

**Mr. Frederick T. Espenchied, the Local Agent of the Company, Talks—He Had Placed but Very Few Policies, and Is Paying Back Premiums to Holders—The Company Will Have to Settle.**

The revocation of the Midland Accident Insurance Company's license to do business by the State Insurance Department, and the expose of the company's affairs which accompanied it, made a startling item of news. The fact that Ex-Governor Crittenden was at the head of the insolvent company caused the publication in the POST-DISPATCH to be generally talked about to-day. From the facts furnished by Insurance Commissioner Ellerbe it appeared as if Gov. Crittenden was simply involved in the affair to the extent of culpable ignorance. It was learned to-day, however, that Gov. Crittenden was an officer of the National Exchange Bank, in which the deposit of paid-up stock was alleged to have been made. This places him in a different light.

AGENT ESPENCHIED TALKS.

Mr. Frederick F. Espenchied, the ex-City Treasurer, and now with G. V. R. Mechim, was the St. Louis agent for the insolvent Midland Accident Insurance Co., a full account of the investigation of which by the Insurance Department was published in the POST-DISPATCH. A POST-DISPATCH reporter called on Mr. Espenchied this afternoon and asked him what he knew about the startling state of affairs which had been revealed. He said: "The news was a revelation to us. We knew nothing that would excite suspicion against the standing of the company until the investigation by the Insurance Department was made known. The company put us in a very bad light, but I do not wish to say anything against its officers or directors now that they are down."

"On whose representations did you take the agency?"

On Manager Lucas to Mr. Mechin. Mr. Lucas is a man who has stood high in Kansas City, and the Secretary, C. D. McCoy is also a man of prominence there. The fact that Ex-Gov. Crittenden was at the head of it also carried a good deal of weight."

"Did you place many policies?"

"No, we did not; only a few. The company, you see, was a new one, and was asking the fame rates as the old established companies. The directors had an idea they could compete with these on the same terms, but they were not very successful."

"Did you have any losses?"

No. We were fortunate in that respect. Those policies we did have out will be made good. We will either pay the premium on them or issue a policy in another company. The company's collapse was very worrying to do us. It put us in a light of soliciting business for a company which was not solid, and of course we greatly regret that, but no one will lose anything through us."

"Did Gov. Crittenden ever make any representations to you in regard to the company?"

"No; we were induced to accept the agency entirely through Lucas and McCoy. From what I have learned Gov. Crittenden seems to have been merely a figurehead. His name was a part of the company's capital stock, but further than that I guess he is not responsible. We very much regret that we should be put in such a position as we have been by the company's failure, but we don't care to say anything much about it. We don't desire to hit those men when they are down."

THE PRESENT SITUATION.

This morning Insurance Commissioner Ellerbe received from his attorneys, Messrs. Hereford and Hick, informing him of what had been done and what they proposed to do. They had instituted proceedings against the company in court, and would allow the directors three days more than the statutes permit in which to make answer. The officers and directors had expressed their willingness to make good the losses, and if they did this there would be no further litigation. Mr. Ellerbe stated that he had received from Mr. Espenchied, the company's St. Lous agent, a circular which had been sent out to the holders of policies which he had placed notifying them that the premiums would be returned to them. He had forwarded to his attorneys a statement of Mr. Espenchied's losses and would see that it was included in the settlement to be made.

The collapse of the company has caused a sensation in Kansas City, where all those interested in it are well known citizens. The fact that the company, as shown by the investigation of the Insurance Department's attorneys, never had any real solidity has been the cause of much criticism being heaped upon the heads of its promoters.

### HE WON'T COME BACK.

**Baker Horst's Wife Not Weeping Over His Flight With Miss Pring.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—There is not nearly so much sorrow in the family of Henry Horst, a baker of Third avenue, as one might expect after his disappearance with Minnie Pring, one of his saleswomen, and $2,500, which his wife had accumulated from the profits of the little bakery. In fact, Mrs. Horst regrets only the money, for it was the result of her economy. Horst, who had been unsuccessful as a grocer, started the bakery at his wife's suggestion, she furnishing most of the money for the enterprise. About two months ago they employed Miss Pring. Mrs. Horst did not notice that her husband spent much more time in the shop than in the bakery, but such was the melancholy fact, and soon he became desperately smitten with Miss Pring, although she was engaged to Thomas Davidson, who came with her from her native place, Shohola. Things were all arranged for the wedding. On Monday Horst left his family and went straight to the bank and drew $2,500, all the money of the family saved in that time. Then he met his inamorita, and since then he has not been heard from. His wife thinks he has gone to Europe, and says with significant emphasis "that he won't come back." Davidson thinks he has had a lucky escape, and the result is more or less satisfactory to all concerned.

### A FATAL SPREE.

**A Kansas City Printer Killed by a Brutal Bartender.**

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 17.—Chas. M. Davenport, a printer, received injuries last night at the hands of some unknown person or persons from which he died this morning at 3 o'clock. He was knocked down by a violent blow on the back of his head, striking the pavement. His skull was fractured. He and a companion named Louis Day went to a saloon about 2:30 and became noisy after they had a drink or two of whisky. John Waters, the bartender, and Tate White, the colored porter, tried to put them out of the saloon. Waters took hold of Day and White of Davenport. They took the men to the swinging doors and pushed them through, and White probably struck Davenport. The appearance of the dead man's face indicates that he did. White evidently pushed Davenport to the street and then struck him, his feet slipping from under him and throwing him violently to the stone pavement. The police will hold White for the Coroner's inquest. Davenport leaves a wife and four children.

### MRS. DR. LONGSHORE POTTS.

**She Will Deliver Her Lectures Here on Medical Subjects.**

On next Monday evening the famous little Quakeress, Mrs. Dr. Longshore Potts will begin a series of her popular medical lectures at Entertainment Hall, in the Exposition Building. The series will consist of five evening addresses to both sexes and five matinees to ladies only, the first of which will be given on Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Dr. Potts possesses the proud distinction of being the first woman in the world upon whom a medical degree was conferred, graduating from the Woman's Medical College Philadelphia in 1852. Two years ago she completed a tour of the world, lecturing wherever the English language is understood. She is at present filling a very successful engagement in Chicago, where she is attracting large audiences and winning the universal indorsement of the public and press. Her two initial lectures here will be free.

### THE LINDELL BILL.

**A Vigorous Protest Will Be Made Against It by Property-Owners To-Night.**

There will be a large delegation from Lucas avenue and another from Finney at the Council meeting to-night, to object to the Lindell Railway Co.'s bill, on account of the route it specifies. The Finney avenue people don't want the electric line on their street and don't want a double track. They will come down in full force and present their protests to the Council. The Lucas avenue property-owners and residents are protesting against the double track only. The change of route proposed by the bill is this: The road now runs from Washington north on Garrison, west to Grand and north on Grand. Returning, it runs east on Morgan to Compton, south on Compton to Washington, then east. The new line proposes to abandon the track on Morgan, Compton and Washington, between Compton and Garrison, and lay a double track on Garrison and Lucas. To this the Lucas avenue property-holders and residents object and the objections will be presented to the Council this evening.

A gentleman who is interested said to-day: "We Lucas avenue people will only object to the double track. We do not like the electric road or the huge iron poles that will be stuck up every sixty feet, but we realize that people living in a community must sacrifice something to new enterprises. We expect some one will be killed, but it seems every modern improvement kills a few people before it is gotten under control, and we will take our chances on that, though our children will be playing out in the street and may be hurt, but that is a chance we have to take. But we don't want to give up that whole street to the company and that is what we would do if they secured a franchise for a double track. Here are the figures we will present to the Council. Lucas avenue is a 60-foot street with 15-foot sidewalks, leaving a 30-foot roadway. Now, the tracks will be 4½ feet each, with 3½ feet between them, and the cars extend 18 inches over the track on each side. That takes up 15½ feet. Then Lucas avenue has not been reconstructed. It has the old gutters and they slope from the sidewalk down for a distance of thirteen inches. No vehicle can get nearer to the sidewalk than the lowest point of the gutter or thirteen inches, which takes off twenty-six inches more, making altogether seventeen feet eight inches. Subtract that from thirty feet and you find that all there is left of the street is twelve feet four inches, or six feet two inches on each side. Now that isn't enough for vehicles. Some could get through, but any quantity would be unable to pass between the cars and the sidewalk and the street would be actually monopolized by the company from Garrison to Grand avenue. That is what we object to and we think it not unreasonable. The company would prefer to tear up its Morgan and Compton tracks and lay double tracks on Garrison and Lucas rather than put poles on all four of the streets for a single track. It would make a money difference to them, but that ought not to justify the Council in really taking away our street. It will be obstructed enough with the poles. Mr. Comfort says they will not be an obstruction, because they will be so brightly lighted at night that they can be seen as well then as in the day. But that is no argument. They will be an obstruction in the day, and they cannot help being. They will be only sixty feet apart, and there will be two poles in front of some of the blocks."

The Redemptorist Fathers on Grand avenue are among those who protest, saying that the electric road will interrupt services at the church, where 6,000 people worship every Sunday.

### A TOUGH CUSTOMER.

**Sergt. Kelly of the Fourth District Captures a Burglar.**

About 6 o'clock yesterday morning a wildly-excited young girl rushed into the Fourth District Police Station, at Tenth and North Market streets, and stated to Sergt. James Kelly, who was in charge of the district at the time, that she was a servant in the employ of James H. Bright, who resides at 1215 North Market street, and that there was a burglar in the house and she had come down to the station in quest of a squad to capture the intruder. As there were no police in the station at the time, Sergt. Kelly and the turnkey went up to see for themselves. Arriving at the house the Sergeant found the proprietor guarding the front door with two huge horse-pistols. Mr. Bright told him that the thief was in the front room downstairs. Going in the Sergeant found a villainous-looking chap sitting in the room as cool as if nothing had occurred with four of Mr. Bright's best overcoats on him and his pockets stuffed with silverware and jewelry. Accompanied by the Sergeant, turnkey and Mr. Bright he was marched down to the station. As they were going through Jackon Park on Eleventh and North Market streets the burglar with a powerful lunge hit the turnkey squarely in the face knocking him spinning over seats and benches about six feet and then turned upon Sergt. Kelly, who was not expecting anything. Both men grappled and rolled over and over the park walks. As both men were powerfully built it was a pretty contest as long as it lasted, but the Sergeant was too much for his adversary who soon found it out, and in a few minutes Sergeant Kelly landed his prisoners in one of the Fourth District cells. The Sergeant still shows some marks of the fight, but is attending to his duties as usual. A charge of house-breaking and assault will probably be placed against the burglar.

### ANOTHER DUMPED JURY.

**Judge Thayer Finds a Verdict Not to Be in Accordance With Facts.**

Judge Thayer this morning in the United States Circuit Court disapproved of another jury verdict and granted a new trial in the case of H. L. Gibson vs. the Louisville & Nashville Railroad. Gibson was in the employ of the railway company. While uncoupling some cars at a switch which was covered with macadam he slipped, fell upon the track and lost an arm. He charged that the accident was due to the negligence of the company in covering the ties with macadam at the switch. The jury gave a verdict for $15,000 damages. The Court sets aside this verdict and grants a new trial because he thinks evidence of contributory negligence was not properly considered by the jury. The testimony was that Gibson, before he stepped between the cars signaled the engineer to back and then tried to draw the coupling pin. This, while a practice among switchmen, is against the rules of the company, and the judge said there was no testimony that an emergency existed justifying such celerity.

### MRS. M. E. JENKINS, DETECTIVE.

**A Shrewd Woman Causes the Arrest of a Man Who Robbed Her.**

William Willoughby, who was arrested yesterday by Detectives McGrath and O'Connell, charged with picking the pocket of Mrs. M. E. Jenkins on board a Northern Central street car and stealing $10 in money and an indorsed promissory note for $2,500, was connected with the theft in a peculiar manner. Half an hour after the theft had been committed, Mrs. Jenkins discovered her loss. She hastened back to the Mechanics' Bank and ordered the cashier to stop payment on the paper. She was informed that the note had been presented for payment five minutes before, the application being refused on account of the suspicious actions of the man who presented it. Mrs. Jenkins took from the cashier a description of the fellow and gave it to Detectives McGrath and O'Connell who made the arrest. The note was afterwards found in the gutter in front of the bank, where it had been thrown after payment had been refused. A warrant for grand larceny is now out for Willoughby.

### A MYSTERY.

**The Fatal Shooting of John Roehn in His Own House.**

YORK, Pa., Jan. 17.—John Roehn, a mechanic, was discovered by his wife sitting on a chair in an up-stairs room of his house, last evening, with his clothing burning. On her attempting to extinguish the fire she found that her husband was dead. An investigation showed that he had been shot through the heart, and the shot had set fire to his clothing. How he was shot is as yet a mystery. His wife was down-stairs and did not hear the report. A shotgun stood in an adjoining room, and fresh burnt powder at its muzzle showed that the weapon had been used. Another strange feature is that a rifle cartridge complete and unexploded was taken from the man's body. The deceased leaves a wife and nine children, one only four days old.

# COMPETITION.

## That Is What Is Secured at the St. Louis Union Stock Yards.

## The Only Market in the Country Where the Producers and Butchers Meet.

**The Buyers Number Butchers, Packers Order Men and Stockers—A View of the Yards—The Persistent Fight by the Big Four—The Best Drained and Sheltered Yards in the Country—The Company's Position Strengthened by the Merchants' Bridge—An Increase in the Eastern Order Business—The Greatest Cow and Calf Market in the Country—Horses and Mules Becoming More of a Feature—Commending the "Post-Dispatch" Market Reports.**

FEW people outside of those directly interested have any idea of the extent or the advantages of the Union Stock Yards in North St. Louis. Why? Because the Big Four has persistently endeavored to ignore them, and to attract attention from them. The Union Stock Yards, however, can get along without the Big Four. Admirably located, just south of the new bridge, built high and dry with perfect drainage and shelter, and with direct connection with all the railroads and control of all the river trade, the company does not ask any odds from combine competitors. The yards are among the best arranged in the country. A few years ago the national representatives of the Humane Society visited St. Louis. The Union Stock Yards was one of the places inspected. They were shown all over the grounds and in concluding said the yards were the finest, from a humanitarian point of view, in the country. They had seen nothing like it, and could not suggest any way in which the yards could be improved.

THE UNION STOCK YARDS

Co. was incorporated early in 1874, and opened for business on September 18 of that year. The officers of the company are: President, C. C. Maffitt; Vice-President, Daniel Catlin; General Manager, Don Mc N. Palmer; Secretary and Treasurer, W. A. Ramsay. The yards cover twenty-seven acres of ground and are all under roof. The shelter is complete, from the suns of summer as well as from the winds and storms of winter. The drainage, too, is perfect. The double deck pens are models, the lower ones being as warm as a stable. Then there are ten acres at Venice, Ill., and a regular force of employes, where cattle coming from or going to the East are transferred. These yards are directly connected with all the railroads entering St. Louis or East St. Louis, so that stock is unloaded directly into the pens, and loaded out in the same way. So far as the river trade is concerned, the Union Yards have complete control of it, both up and down. Another thing about the company, and one which deserves consideration, is that it is strictly a St. Louis institution. There is not a dollar of outside capital in it, and the money earned is divided at home, instead of being sent away.

THE MARKED FEATURE

of the yards—and it is one which is not found at any other point in the country—is the number of buyers attracted. This is, surprising to say, the only butchers' market in the country. It is the only market where the shippers and butchers are brought together. Hence it is the only market where there is real competition. It is the only market which can lay any claim to being a retail one. The people who buy in it are represented by about 500 butchers and forty-five packers, in addition to order buyers, speculators and stockers and feeders. With this army of buyers, all opposing each other, there is little chance for what is ordinarily termed the speculator. This individual buys in one market to sell in another. The prices at the Union yard are generally such that he cannot do this. Sometimes he gets pinched and is compelled to do so, but he almost invariably loses. He does, however, buy in other markets to sell here. In this speculation he buys in car loads to ship in here and sell in retail lots to the butchers, and thus get the advantage of a larger field of bidders. The competition brought about under these conditions is really very great. One not acquainted with it cannot have any idea of it. It is

SHARP AND TO THE END,

and always will be. People who are not friendly to any market not controlled by the Big Four hint at a combination among the butchers. It is never claimed that it has been perfected, but it is always about being closed up. A second thought will convince any intelligent man that this cannot be the case. The butchers cannot be brought into a buying and selling combination or the trust, no more than can the hundreds of small grocers in a city like St. Louis. They fight each other on every side, and exert every energy to get ahead of competitors in securing choice animals. The same is true of the small packer. There are forty-five of these which depend upon the Union Yards for their supplies. They kill all the way from two carloads a week to eight carloads a day. On an average they kill about fifty carloads a day. In securing these they frequently resort to amusing tricks to get a carload of choice stock. One buyer sees another in a pen of hogs that he wants himself. That buyer comes out of the pen if there is any way to get him out, the tricks used often being of an amusing character, and if he don't come out then there is liable to be some good bidding before the stock is disposed of.

THE NEW BRIDGE

will likely be of great benefit to the Union yards, particularly in the order business. It will bring every road East and West in direct connection with the yards without the necessity of transferring at the Venice yards. Coming on top of the improvement made in the last three or four years—and it has been as steady as anything could be—this will be appreciated. The growth of business last year can be seen by the following figures of receipts:

| | Cattle. | Hogs. | Sheep. | Horses and Mules. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1888.......... | 101,000 | 268,000 | 92,000 | 15,000 |
| 1889.......... | 110,000 | 850,000 | 97,000 | 25,000 |
| Increase .. | 9,000 | 82,000 | 5,000 | 10,000 |

The stock coming to the Union Yards is mostly from Missouri, Arkansas, Iowa and Illinois in the order named. Very few Texas cattle are seen here. The sales are largely to the local butchering trade, with fifty carloads per day to the packers and about twenty-five carloads per day to the order buyers, who are in the market regularly. They buy for all of the large cities, particularly Indianapolis, Baltimore, New York, Cleveland and the New England cities. This trade will all be much more easily handled when the new bridge is opened for traffic, and it is thought it will be greatly increased. At the same time the receipts from the East will be better, as the Union Yards are known all over the country as a butchers' and producers' market, and farmers with native beef cattle to sell will seek it in preference to any other.

COWS AND CALVES

will also become a more prominent feature, though they are such a marked one now that it is difficult to see just how this can be. All of the St. Louis dairymen are supplied from here, and a person who has not been around the yards during the season can have no idea as to the extent of the demand. This trade alone aggregates thousands of head per annum, the average being probably thirty carloads a week. It frequently happens, however, during the season that thirty to forty carloads are received and disposed of in one day. Then the season is a busy one, as the rush is so great that the pens must be cleared as much as possible so as to be ready for the receipts of the next day. The dairymen and their representatives are sharp and close bidders also, and rival the butchers in their competition. A choice cow and calf is certain to be bid up to their value, as choice cows are the ones wanted, and one is always more desirable than another. The shippers of this class of stock recognize this feature of the Union Market, and never think of trying any other in disposing of such stock. Many of them make special efforts to gather up choice cows, in order to get the advantage of the sharp demand here.

ANOTHER DISTINCTIVE CLASS

of buyers is composed of the stockers and feeders. As stated above, the receipts at the Union Yards are largely native. There are but few Texans to be disposed of here. This gives the yards a greater attraction for the buyer for this purpose. The stocker and feeder is of a class that buys for the purpose of stocking farms in adjacent territory, for the purpose of feeding the stock up to a condition to go on the market and realize a good price for the feed, as well as compensation for the work of feeding and handling. There are a number of these stockers and feeders in Missouri and Illinois, and a great many sales are made for both States, and particularly for the latter. Iowa, also, draws on this market for cattle to be fed for beef purposes. The market is regarded by shippers as the best one in the country for this class of stock, and they expect this part of the business of the yards to increase very rapidly, as stocking and feeding increases, and as the new bridge will give greater advantages in shipping to Illinois points.

IN HORSES AND MULES

the Union yards are increasing in importance rapidly. The St. Louis mule market is recognized on all sides as the greatest one in the world, and the bulk of this stock passes through these yards. Last year there was also a wonderful increase in the number of horses and mules sold in the yards, without going to the sales stables. The demand for this room became so great that it was necessary to add greatly to the stable room, and the management of the yards expects to be compelled to make still further additions. The arrangements for handling this class of stock are admirable in every way. The shelter given the animals is of the best, the pens are large and well arranged and drained and animals coming in off a long trip soon reach as perfect a condition as when they first left the farm. The floors are so nice and soft that mules loaded out into the pen almost without exception take a good roll before they touch the feed and water already provided for them.

THE PEOPLE AROUND THE YARDS

are of a thrifty and independent class. They have all made their own way, and though they have been successful they do not feel like saying anything about it. So far as they are concerned the outside world would never know there was such a place as the Union Stock Yards, except those with whom they necessarily communicate or talk in daily business transactions. This is great, some of the commission men receiving hundreds of letters a day, but there the publicity of the business stops, and hence many people do not imagine the Union Yards anything but a cattle and hog pen. So, too, with the packers. Any one guessing the number of establishments around the yards in which some part of the packing business is carried on, would hardly place it at more than a dozen, or twenty at the outside. They have been accustomed to them for years, and they do not stop to think of their number. Even those around the yards daily will be surprised to know that they foot up about fifty separate and distinct establishments who are not tied up by any combine.

THE COUNTRY PEOPLE

coming into the yards are also of a thrifty, but somewhat modest class. They ship to the Union Yards because 99 times in 100 they get better prices. Then they go home satisfied. But they are all proud of the yards, and of its management, and have faith in the men who do business there. A POST-DISPATCH reporter who visited the yards to-day, met a number of them. They all said they regarded the Union Yards as the only protection they had from the influences of the Big Four people. The other yards in the West were all under their control, and every buyer knew just what every other buyer wanted or was going to do and stood out of his way and settled the difference later. Here everything was free. They had the satisfaction of knowing there was more than one purchaser for what they had to sell, and that the bids mode were legitimate, and not the result of a private agreement or combination. They also recognized that the Union people have had a fight to reach their present position, and they feel like doing everything they can to assist them in making it still stronger. They thought

THE "POST-DISPATCH" MARKETS

would do a great deal toward this. They have all been receiving the POST-DISPATCH lately instead of the old postal cards on which the markets were sent out, and they are all, without exception, delighted with the change. The commission firms have all changed to this method of communicating the markets to shippers and would not return to the old system for anything. Their mails have all been heavy lately with letters congratulating them on the change.

J. W. Overstreet & Co. said they had had letters almost without number, all expressing satisfaction with the change, and hoping it would be continued. They had also had a number of their customers speak to them personally.

Holt, Payne & Co. had several callers yesterday, all of whom spoke first of the change that had been made, and congratulated them upon it. They had also had a large number of letters, in which pleasure and satisfaction were expressed.

Blakely, Sanders & Co. had received over 200 letters, and there had not been one which had not carried expressions of satisfaction and congratulation.

Wheeler, James & Co. were particularly well satisfied with the situation. Their customers had generally written that they were pleased with the change, and the market reports were perfect.

Hull, Steel & Co. were like the others. They thought the market reports the best that could be made, and their customers were universally expressing their satisfaction with the change.

**STILL TIME TO BEGIN IT.** The greatest and latest of Rider Haggard's novels, "Beatrice," a dramatic story, profusely illustrated, is now running in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH. The second installment, with a complete synopsis of the first, was given in last SUNDAY'S POST-DISPATCH. Begin it now. Copies of the paper to be had at this office.

## A CHRISTMAS TRAGEDY.

### Horse Thief Captured—Big Damage Suit—Missouri Matters.

JACKSON, Jan. 17.—The trial of John Cullison for the murder of James Mansfield on Christmas Day is being held here. Cullison, Mansfield and a third man named Taylor were at a church Christmas tree. When Mansfield came out Cullison shot him. About one hundred witnesses were called in the case, and some interesting stories developed. Cullison is an old suitor of Miss Mansfield.

MARSHALL, Jan. 17.—John Cox was arrested here for horse-thefts committed in Texas about a year ago. After an unsuccessful attempt to escape he admitted his guilt.

ST. JOSEPH, Jan. 17.—Reinhart S. Seim has sued the St. Joseph Produce Exchange for $50,000 damages. He holds that the Exchange sent out circulars which ruined his business. He has filed other suits for large amounts against a number of firms in the city.

MANSFIELD, Jan. 17.—The 7-year-old son of George Douglass, living at Cedar Gap, six miles from here, was frozen to death yesterday. The father and mother went to a funeral Sunday, the boys, aged 7 and 11, to a neighbor. About midnight the youngsters returned and found they were locked out so they crawled into a manger. The youngest boy was found dead in the morning and the other badly frozen.

Three miles east of here, on the Fort Scott & Memphis road, a freight train was wrecked with fatal results. D. C. Herman, fireman, was instantly killed, C. R. Howland, engineer, had his leg crushed, and several of the train hands were injured.

ST. CLAIR, Jan. 17.—Levi Williams, a boy traveling with his parents, fell from the platform of a passenger coach while it was going at full speed and fractured his skull.

### A Boy Murderer in Jail.

DES MOINES, Io., Jan., 17.—Edward Dougherty, aged 16, who shot Joseph Dixon, aged 14, at Hastie several days ago and then ran away, has returned home and been placed in jail. The Dixon boy died after lying unconscious for several days. Dougherty has served time in the Reform School.

# NEWS OF THE CHURCHES.

## ARCHBISHOP KENRICK'S GOLDEN JUBILEE TO BE MADE A GREAT EVENT.

**The Evangelical Lutheran Church Congregation Makes an Appropriation to Repair the Damage Done by the Tornado—Bishop Tuttle to Preach at the Church of the Holy Communion—Ethical Society Lectures.**

THE visit of Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia to St. Louis has served to bring up a subject which has the greatest interest for local Catholics. It is that next August will be the fiftieth anniversary of Archbishop Kenrick's elevation to the episcopacy. That the event will be the occasion for one of the greatest Catholic demonstrations which has ever occurred in this country there is little doubt. Archbishop Kenrick is the pioneer bishop of the West, and his golden jubilee as a bishop is consequently an important event in the church's history in America. When he succeeded Bishop Rosata as Bishop of St. Louis, the diocese of which he had charge included the whole western and northwestern part of the country. Since then a number of new dioceses have been created and a great many of them have been given in charge to St. Louisan prelates. What is more, a number of them have been supplied with priests from the St. Louis diocese. The extent of church history, in which the venerable Archbishop has been the most conspicuous figure, can be therefore understood, and the reason why the Catholics of the West wish to make his golden jubilee as a bishop an event long to be remembered, appreciated.

A meeting of the clergy will be called a couple of months at least in advance in order that those at a distance who wish to participate may have plenty of time to prepare. The idea is to have a monster parade, which will eclipse anything of the kind ever seen in the West. All the bishops and as many of the priests as possible who are in the territory formerly embraced in the St. Louis diocese will be present on the occasion, and the Cardinal and other distinguished Catholic divines in the East will be invited to come out and see how the Catholics of the West honor their pioneer Bishop. The aged Archbishop is very much opposed to the demonstration contemplated, but is bound by a promise made many years ago to permit it. The promise was given under the following circumstances: When the anniversary of the golden jubilee of his priesthood was approaching Bishop Ryan, Chancellor Van der Sanden and others of the clergy called upon him and asked his permission to celebrate the event in befitting style. He told them that he did not desire anything of the kind and if they got up any demonstration he would leave the city before the anniversary occurred. Seeing that they felt slightly hurt by the positive way in which he sat down on them, he said to reconcile them to their disappointment: "If I live until the fiftieth anniversary of my Episcopacy you can celebrate that event."

Of course when the Archbishop made that promise he had no idea that he would live that long, and he regrets very much now that he ever gave it. There are several living witnesses, however, and he is bound to abide by it.

Archbishop Ryan recalled the promise at the banquet tendered him by the clergy Tuesday and said that he looked for the Catholics here to make the event a celebrated one in the church's history in America.

### Temperance Crusade.

The local crusade against intemperance was spiritedly inaugurated last night at Central Union Church, Eleventh and Locust streets, under the auspices of the Good Templars. Notwithstanding the meeting had been but little advertised, a fair crowd was present. After a few songs in which the audience joined, Mr. J. W. Barnes introduced in a few words of explanation the orator, Mr. John A. Sobieski. Mr. Sobieski owing to the fact that he was just recovering from an attack of la grippe, did not take up any particular phase of the temperance question, giving instead forty-five minutes of what he designated as "hash." It proved very acceptable hash. His speech was largely anecdotal, and he kept the audience laughing all the time. Incidentally he denounced men who talk, sing and pray for prohibition 364 days in the year and on the one day remaining vote for drunken politicians. He strongly asserted that alcoholic medication was at no time necessary, and quoted a prominent physician who said that he could conceive of no circumstance under which intoxicants could be used to advantage in sickness. He disproved the existence of inherited taste for intoxicants by some amusing illustrations. He then took up the plaint of the anti-prohibitionists that a large proportion of the population of America are foreign, that they have been accustomed to take so-called stimulants in their own countries and that we cannot deprive them of their favorite beverages. America, he said, was a place for Americans, and none else. If foreigners came to this country and could not stand the pressure of our customs and institutions they should take the first steamer back, and their departure would not excite much comment either. He himself was born in Poland, but he had been an American from the day he had first landed on these shores. It made no difference where a man was born. The biggest fool he ever saw was born in America, the man who thought Chicago was going to get the World's Fair.

Mr. Sobieski is the picture of health and has never been sick a day in his life, all of which he attributes to the fact that he never drank. He is a very pleasing speaker, and his remarks last night were enlivened by many local hits. To-night he will be at John B. Goff Lodge Hall, 1310 North Broadway, and Saturday night at the southwest corner of Ninth and Franklin avenue. The first six nights of next week he will be at Central Church, assisting the pastor, Rev. Wm. Johnson, Sunday night.

### The Damaged Church.

The congregation of St. Peter's Evangelical Church met last evening to consider whether it would be wiser to repair the damage done to the church structure by the tornado Sunday afternoon or erect an entirely new edifice. The meeting was held in the school-room adjoining the church, on Fifteenth and Carr streets. The question was put to a vote, and there was a large majority in favor of repairing the old building. The sum of $5,000 was appropriated for the work. An entire new roof will be put on the church, and the new windows will be of stained glass. When the repairs are completed a new organ will be put in the church at a cost of $2,000 additional. To-morrow the congregation will hold their services in the German Y. M. C. A. building at Nineteenth and St. Louis avenue. Every Sunday thereafter until the work is completed the congregation will worship in the Sunday-school rooms.

### Notes.

Bishop Janssen of Belleville has gone to Rome.

The receipts from Archbishop Ryan's lecture were over $5,000.

Father McCaffrey, who has been dangerously ill, is recovering.

"Signs of the Messiah" is the subject of Dr. Spitz's lecture this evening.

A. F. Barker, State missionary, is in the city and will preach at the Lafayette Park Baptist Church Sunday.

Bishop Tuttle will preach Sunday at the Church of the Holy Communion, corner Leffingwell and Washington avenues.

Father Poland will lecture on "The City of Popes" in Pickwick Hall, January 21, under the auspices of the Young Men's Sodality.

A life-size statue of St. Francis De Sales has been placed in the St. De Chantal Convent of the Visitation. It is the gift of the Young Ladies' Sodality.

The Rev. T. M. Morrison, rector of the Church of the Epiphany, Chicago, Ill., will preach at Trinity Church, Thirty-fourth and Franklin avenue, at 11 o'clock Sunday.

Dr. Rhodes of St. Mark's Lutheran Church will administer the Lord's supper and receive new members in the morning. In the evening he will preach on "Unconscious Influence."

To-morrow morning at the Temple Israel Dr. Sonneschein's lecture in German will be on "Universal Reconciliation." Sunday morning Rabbi Berkowitz of Kansas City will preach on: "Israel Restored but Ignored."

At the New Church Chapel (Swedenborgian) on Lucas avenue the Rev. F. L. Higgins will speak to-morrow at 7:45 p.m. on "The Second and Third Days of Creation." This will be his second lecture on Creation and Revelation.

At Tower Grove Methodist Episcopal Church Rev. S. Warner will preach in the morning on "God's Will," and at night on "The Lepers Cleansed." The Young People's Society will meet at 6:45 and will be led by Miss B. Kitchell.

The B'nai Amoona congregation have had a very serious loss caused by the recent tornado. The roof of their synagogue and many window panes have been destroyed, and a large sum of money will be required to repair the damage.

Rev. Frank Lenig, pastor of the Goode Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, will preach on Sunday morning on "Faith in God." At night the Plymouth Congregational Church will worship, with Rev. Mr. Hyde preaching the sermon.

Frank S. Finn, S. J., of this city has published a drama, entitled "Echoes from Bethlehem." It is a sort of Christmas greeting to the friends and patrons of the Marquette College, Milwaukee, where Mr. Finn is now stationed.

The Christian Endeavor Societies of the Third Congregational and the Cumberland Presbyterian Churches will have union services at the Third Congregational Church, Sunday evening, at 6:30. Mr. C. E. Runk will lead the meeting.

At the First Congregational Church next Sunday, Rev. H. D. Ganse, D. D., will preach morning and evening. It will be remembered that Dr. Ganse was formerly the honored pastor of the First Presbyterian Church in this city succeeding Dr. Dickey.

At the Immanuel Reformed Episcopal Church, Pine and Twenty-third streets, J. D. Wilson, rector, Sunday services are held at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Services are held every night under the leadership of Capt. Munns of the Church Army.

At the Church of the Redeemer regular services will be held. The pastor, Rev. G. S. Ricker, will speak in the morning on "The Christian's Walk." In the evening the subject of the sermon will be: "A Working Church." Sunday-school hereafter at 9:45 a. m.

Seventeen hundred persons attended the gospel meetings of the Liberty Evangelical Mission, 719 Franklin avenue, during the week, eighteen of whom professed conversion; 334 hungry men, women and children received a warm dinner; 193 deserving men received a night's shelter in the mission dormitory, and over four hundred visited the free reading-room.

The Second Presbyterian congregation will not hold regular services to-morrow, owing to the fact that the damage done by the recent tornado has not been completely repaired. Sunday-school, however, will be held as usual in the chapel, which was uninjured. The work on the church will be finished before the following Sabbath, and regular services will then be resumed.

Rev. Wm. Johnson, pastor of Central Union Church, has organized a vocal class which meets on Friday nights at 7:30. Young people who have good voices and desire to become proficient in reading music are urged to join it. The instruction is given free of charge. Services will be held Sunday as usual at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. At the latter service Mr. Sobieski will participate. Young people's meeting at 7 p. m.

Mr. Sheldon is to give a second address next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, at Memorial Hall, on "The Christ That Is to Be, With Thoughts on the Christ Idea in Art." A week from next Sunday Mr. Wm. Schuyler is to occupy the platform. His subject is to be, "The Old Religion as Applied to the Nineteenth Century." Two weeks from Sunday Mr. Thomas Dimmock is to give a lecture on "Marcus Aurelius."

The West End Christian Church organized their Sunday-school at Mahler's Hall, on Olive street, last Sunday with a good attendance. Jesse Battle was chosen Superintendent and will be supported by a full force of competent officers and teachers. Services will begin at 9:30 a. m. every Sunday. There was no prayer meeting last Wednesday evening, but they will hold their regular Wednesday evening meetings commencing next Wednesday at 8 p. m. Dr. Cave's subject for next Sunday morning will be "On What is the Church Built?" The subject for the evening discourse has not been announced, but there will be preaching at 7:45 p. m.

## RAILROAD NEWS.

### New Basis of Passenger Rates to the East—Notice of Meetings—Personal Mention.

The differential passenger rates of the roads leading east from St. Louis, Peoria, Bloomington and Chicago will be adopted for basing purposes, and a supplement to the various rate sheets will be issued, taking effect February 1, 1890.

The General Baggage Agents of the various roads in the country will meet at Washington next week. All matters appertaining to the proper manner of accommodating the general public in the baggage department will be taken up and discussed. Rules on the time baggage should be delivered in order to be checked will probably be adopted.

The American Association of Accounting Officers will hold a meeting in New Orleans, January 22. The basis for settlement agreed upon at the last meeting will be further discussed and reported upon as to its efficiency.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

General Manager G. F. Evans of the Air Line has returned to Louisville.

Thos. E. Swann, chief rate clerk of the M. K. & T. Ry., passed through the city last evening en route from Sedalia to Louisville.

The Louisville & Nashville Railway has received twenty new Roger engines for freight business. Other equipment has been ordered both for passenger and freight.

Alex Graydon, cashier of the 'Frisco Railway, was elected director in the Harlem Heights Land & Improvement Co.

H. S. Warner, general car accountant of the 'Frisco Railway at Springfield, Mo., returned to that city last evening. Business for the company was his errand here.

The Belt road at Fort Worth is being rapidly constructed. This will be of great advantage to the commercial interests of that city and greatly facilitate the delivery of car-load freight.

## HOW HE GOT HIS SUPPLY.

### Adam Rudolph Says He Was Not Provided With Clothes, So He Stole Them.

George Wander is the proprietor of a small dry goods establishment on South Broadway. For some time past he has missed small articles from his stock and suspected that shoplifters were at work. Yesterday afternoon his watching was rewarded. While a number of customers were in the store Adam Rudolph, a 15-year-old boy, who often came about the establishment, entered. Walking over to the hosiery counter he cautiously pulled down a pair of socks and pushed them under his jacket. But Mr. Wander saw the move. He seized the frightened lad and searched him, finding his property. The boy says his father does not buy him any clothing and he has to steal what he wears or go without. A warrant for petit larceny has been sworn out.

# A BIG BATCH OF BILLS

## NOW AWAITING THE CONSIDERATION OF THE CITY COUNCILMEN.

**Some Important Measures to Come Up To-Night—Fixing the Price of Gas—The New Gas-Works Ordinance in the House—Sprinkling Figures—Sueing for Board—Municipal Matters.**

The Council and House of Delegates will hold regular meetings this evening. The Council will take up the Lindell Railway bill as a Committee of the Whole and try to make some sort of an arrangement to get through the strip of territory between Grand and Vandeventer avenues. There are only a few streets running east and west between the Narrow Gauge on the one side and the Citizens' cable on the other, which can be used for street railroad purposes, but every time one of them is suggested it raises an indignant protest from the owners and residents on that street. The main discussion to-night will be on the Finney avenue route, the protests from that locality being very strong. A committee from the neighborhood will descend upon the Council and have the route changed from Finney avenue or know the reason why it is not. The Central and Western bill will not come up until next Tuesday. It was expected that the Committee on Public Improvements would make a report on the Bell Telephone Conduit bill, but Mr. Vogel, the chairman of the committee, has not yet said what was to be done with the bill. The police salary bill if it is reported enrolled by the House will get to the Council to be signed by the President after which it will be ready to go to the Mayor.

The bill passed in the House fixing the price of gas at 90 cents per 1,000 cubic feet, will be brought up in the Council to-night for concurrence in the amendment which was made by the House bringing the price down to 90 cents.

The bill increasing the number of firemen to each engine house will also be brought up.

In the House of Delegates the new gas works ordinance will be read a second time and referred to a committee in all probability the one known as the Special Committee on Gas, of which Mr. Stone is Chairman. No other measure of importance is before the House at present, unless the meter inspection bill is brought out and taken hold of. The police salary bill will be signed by the Speaker of the House and then sent to the Council.

### Figures on Sprinkling.

The bids and figures on the sprinkling contracts have brought to light some very interesting facts, and have also afforded the defeated bidders no little amusement at the expense of Dave Josephs, the President of the St. Louis Improved Street Sprinkling Co., which bid in nearly all of the contracts.

The total cost last year was $132,861.90, and this year, thanks to Mr. Joseph's low bids, only $122,546.62 for 336 miles, instead of 289 last year, or at a reduction of $10,315.28 for forty-seven miles more of streets. No one, of course, objected to this very pleasing reduction, but it turns out that Mr. Josephs, in his anxiety to make a sure thing of the contracts he wanted, bid much lower than was necessary to get the contracts. The sum total of all his contracts is $75,316, while the sum total of the next lowest bids in the same districts is $95,662, so that Mr. Josephs put his bids $20,346 below the figure he could have put them at and still obtained the contracts. In other words, to make things certain he beat himself out of about $20,000.

A little computation on the figures at hand brings out some very interesting totals. There will be 1,008 miles of sprinkling done every day during the season and during the months of May, June, July, August and September there will be 1,060 miles of sprinkling done every day. Of the total of 336 miles of street to be sprinkled, 284 will be sprinkled three times a day throughout the season and 52 miles which will be sprinkled three or four times a day, according to the season.

During the whole season there will be something in the neighborhood of 300,000 miles of traveling done by the carts and about 2,500,000,000 gallons of water will have been spilt.

### The City Hall Plans.

There are two large packing cases taking up a good deal of room in the office of City Counselor Bell. They contain all of the plans for the new City Hall, which for the time being has been forgotten and unnoticed. The reason for the inactivity of the city officials constituting the City Hall Commission is said to be the absence of the Mayor. It has been observed, however, that no member of the commission has done anything in the way of looking over the plans or studying them. All of the members of the commission except the Mayor are in the city at present, but none of them have found time to look over the designs. One plan, it is true, has come in for considerable attention, but that was simply because it was known to be the result of the combined efforts of the Building Commissioner and a draughtsman for the Water Department. The rest are lying in the open box, gathering dust. The Commission will probably meet when the Mayor returns, when it is possible that the interest of the members of the commission may be revived to a sufficient extent to get a little work out of them.

### Reducing Water Rates.

The Ways and Means Committee of the Council has a bill now in its hands which it may report at this evening's meeting if there is an opportunity. It was introduced some time ago and only provided for a slight change in the assessment of hose licenses for sprinkling sidewalks and private property. Assessor and Collector of Water Rates Jas. Temple went to work on the committee as soon as the bill was referred and has at last succeeded in bringing about some of the changes in the rates of assessment he has for a long time been very desirous of making. A marked reduction will be observed in the water licenses for houses of six rooms or less and for rooms in tenements. The hose license is fixed at $2.50 for the season for lots of twenty-five feet front and 20 cents a front foot additional for every foot over twenty-five. The rate for water in single rooms in tenements instead of being $1.50 will be only $1. Other parts of the ordinance have been touched up so that there will be no appreciable decrease in the total revenue as a result of the reductions made.

### Suing for a Board Bill.

City Counsellor Bell filed papers to-day to bring suit against Robert Voss, a merchant of Washington, Mo., for $358, the amount of a board bill he owes the House of Refuge for the keeping of his boy. The case is somewhat peculiar. Nearly two years ago Mr. Voss, who is a well-to-do merchant, applied to Mayor Francis for permission to send his boy, aged 16, to the House of Refuge because the boy at the time was incorrigible and vicious, and suffering at the time from some skin ailment. The matter was arranged, and the father signed an agreement to pay the city 40 cents a day for the time the boy was there. During his stay at the House of Refuge he required a good deal of medical treatment and cost the city quite a sum of money. At present he is sound physically and passably so morally, and his father makes application for his release, but refuses to pay the bill of 40 cents a day for the time the boy was in the institution.

### Destroyed by Fire.

The residence of H. C. Townsend, General Passenger Agent of the Missouri Pacific, in Kirkwood, was destroyed by fire late yesterday afternoon. The building was of frame and contained ten rooms. It belonged to the Dr. Warren estate and was valued at $4,000. Much of Mr. Townsend's furniture was destroyed. The loss is only partially covered by insurance. A defective flue is thought to have caused the fire.

## MARRIED.

LESLIE—GILMORE—In Brooklyn, N. Y., on the 16th inst., Mr. ANDREW LESLIE of St. Louis to Miss ADELAIDE IRENE GILMORE of Brooklyn.

## DIED.

BAILEY—Thursday, January 16, Mrs. CATHERINE BAILEY, widow of the late Robert Bailey.

Funeral Saturday, January 18, at 3 p. m., from the residence of W. G. Lewis, 4206 North Broadway.

Moberly (Mo.), Denver (Colo.) and Fall River (Mass.) papers please copy.

CONRAD—On Friday, January 17, 1890, at 5:30 a. m., JULIUS CONRAD (ex-Recorder), beloved husband of Elly Conrad.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

DONK.—E. W. DONK, Friday, January 17, a. m., aged 40 years 9 months.

Funeral private, from residence of A. F. Donk, 1811 Rutger street, Saturday, January 18, at 2 p. m.

SPRINGER—January 17, at 5 a. m., OSCAR W., after a short illness, beloved son of Henry and Maria Springer, aged 21 years.

Funeral Sunday, January 19, at 1:30 p. m., from family residence, 2535 Dodier street. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

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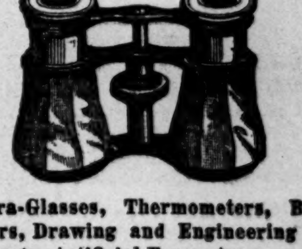

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SOTHERN,
In his Great Success,
LORD CHUMLEY.
Wednesday and Saturday Nights, Request Performance—HIGHEST BIDDER.
BENEFIT——Monday, January 20——BENEFIT P. SHORT.
Sale now open.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
Every Evening, and Saturday Matinee.
A HOLE IN THE GROUND,
A Wail for the Woes of the Wayfarer,
By CHAS. H. HOYT.
Sunday, January 19—"The Great Metropolis."

GRAND OPERA HOUSE NEXT WEEK
*Commencing Sunday Matinee, January 19.*
Realistic Spectacular Production of Jessop and Teal's Melodramatic Masterpiece,
The Great Metropolis
A story of New York City and of the LIFE-SAVERS OF SANDY HOOK! Famous New York Cast, Scenery and effects!
☞Sale of Seats now in progress.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.
To-night, Saturday Matinee,
★LOST IN NEW YORK★
A River of Real Water, an Actual Steamboat at full speed on the stage.
Next Sunday Matinee—Muldoon's Specialty.

STANDARD.
To-night. Saturday Matinee,
KENNEDY, WILLIAMS AND MAGEE,
In their latest New York Success,
TIME WILL TELL.
Next week—The charming Soubrette Miss Kate Emmet, in her great play—The Waifs of New York.

POPE'S.—TO-NIGHT.
MATINEE SATURDAY.
KATE CASTLETON,
In her New Farce-Comedy, entitled
A PAPER DOLL.
Next Sunday—TWO OLD CRONIES.

Entertainment Hall
(EXPOSITION BUILDING)
MONDAY, JANUARY 20, AT 8.
Mrs. Dr. Longshore-Potts,
THE FAMOUS QUAKERESS,
Will commence a Series of Lectures on
HEALTH AND DISEASE,
With an Address to Both Sexes.
TUESDAY, Jan. 21, at 2:30, First Lecture to Ladies Only. First Evening and First Matinee Free.

## THE POST-DISPATCH

### BRANCH OFFICES.

At the following LOCATIONS BRANCH OFFICES have been established, where WANT ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received and where the PAPER is kept for sale:

| | |
|---|---|
| BENTON ST.—1501 | O. Sutter |
| BENTON ST.—2572 | A. H. Vordick |
| BROADWAY—2001 N. | O. D'Amour |
| BROADWAY and ANGELICA | W. J. Kohrumel |
| BROADWAY—2613 S | E. Geisler |
| BROADWAY—3907 S | F. Hemm |
| BROADWAY—7631 S | L. F. Waibel |
| CARR ST.—1328 | Lion Drug Store |
| CARR ST.—2201 | Crawley's Phar |
| CASS AV.—1000 | Cass Avenue Phar |
| CASS AV.—Cor. 23d | H. W. Strathmann |
| CHOUTEAU AV.—1801 | B. F. A. Spilker |
| CHOUTEAU AV.—2354 | C. Schaefer |
| CHOUTEAU AV.—2837 | W. E. Krueger |
| CLARK AV.—2136 | Chas. P. Ochsner |
| DODIER ST.—2248 | B. Vogt |
| EASTON AV.—3180 | F. C. Pauley |
| EASTON AV.—4161 | Fisher & Co |
| EASTON AV.—4973 | G. P. Mulhall |
| EAST GRAND AV.—1923 | T. T. Wurmb |
| ELEVENTH ST.—3701 N. | T. T. Wurmb |
| FINNEY AV.—3837 | P. E. Fiquet |
| FRANKLIN AV.—1600 | C. Kilpstein |
| GAMBLE ST.—2631 | A. Braun |
| GARRISON AV.—1016 | D. S. Littlefield |
| GRAND AV.—1400 N. | F. Sohn & Co |
| GRAND AV.—1926 N | W. D. Temm |
| GRAVOIS—2946 | B. Jost |
| HICKORY ST.—800 | Ferd. W. Sennewald |
| JEFFERSON AV.—300 S | A. H. Schulte |
| LAFAYETTE AV.—1800 | Philip Kaut |
| LUCAS AV.—1700 | W. S. Fleming |
| LUCAS AV.—3341 | Charles C. May |
| LAFAYETTE AV.—2601 | Paul M. Nake |
| MARKET ST.—2031 | C. G. Penney |
| MARKET ST.—2846 | St. L. Phar |
| MENARD—1434 | G. Weinsberg |
| MICHIGAN AND IVORY AV. | Benno Bribach |
| MORGAN ST.—3930 | J. S. Procter |
| NINTH ST.—2625 N. | O. Claus |
| OLIVE ST.—1500 | R. Riley |
| OLIVE ST.—2800 | J. L. Royston |
| OLIVE ST.—3000 | J. Guerdan & Co |
| OLIVE ST.—3201 | Louis Schurk |
| OLIVE ST.—3500 | Adam B. Roth |
| OLIVE ST.—3615 | W. R. Grant |
| PARK AV.—1937 | G. H. Andreas |
| SALINA ST.—2870 | A. P. Kaltwasser |
| ST. LOUIS AV. | Carey's Drug Store |
| TAYLOR AV.—1900 | G. H. Wagner |
| WASHINGTON AV.—1228 | Primm's Pharmacy |
| WASHINGTON AV.—2338 | T. S. Glenn |
| WASHINGTON AV.—2800 | J. Weiner |
| WASHINGTON AV.—3901 | Sultan's Pharmacy |

### SUBURBAN.

| | |
|---|---|
| EAST ST. LOUIS | O. F. Kresse |
| BELLEVILLE, ILL | Geo. H. Stolberg |

### TO ADVERTISERS.

Owing to the early departure of the fast-mail train, advertisements for the SUNDAY MORNING POST-DISPATCH must be in the office before 9 o'clock Saturday night to insure insertion.

Parties advertising in these columns and having the answers addressed in care of POST-DISPATCH, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes. Parties answering advertisements must have their replies directed to their own POST-OFFICE address.

### RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

United Presbyterian Sabbath School in hall, cor. Newstead and North Market st., every Sabbath at 3 p. m.

### LODGE NOTICES.

I. O. O. F.—Missouri Lodge, No. 11, extends a cordial invitation to members of sister lodges to join with it in giving a hearty and fraternal welcome to Grand Master R. A. De Bolt, who, with the other grand officers, will visit the lodge in the hall, 9th and Olive sts., to-night at 8.
JOHN P. McKEEVER, N. G.
GEORGE HOMBECK, R. S. 33

### SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

#### Book-keepers.

WANTED—By young man, position as bookkeeper or clerk; graduate of Bryant & Stratton College; can give reference. Address G. Z., 2711 Osage st. 36

**THE Bryant & Stratton**

BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND ENGLISH TRAINING SCHOOL, OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. Corner Broadway and Market st. Send for circular. 36

#### The Trades.

WANTED—Situation by a colored compositor with good references. C. A. Logan, 2010 Carr st. 38

#### Boys.

WANTED—Sit. by boy of 14; work of any kind. Address 1525 Park av. 42

#### Miscellaneous.

If you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post Dispatch.

WANTED—Young man who speaks English, German, French and Holland likes to have a position in commercial house; salary moderate. Address T 38, this office. 43

### HELP WANTED—MALE.

#### Book-keepers.

WANTED—Men's rubbers, 25c; ladies' rubbers, 17c. and misses' rubbers 13c a pair, at Hilt's great shoe sale, 616 Franklin av. 53

#### Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—A bill clerk and assistant book-keeper; must have reference and be very correct; state salary. Address E 39, this office. 54

## NIGHT SCHOOL.

Penmanship, book-keeping, arithmetic, shorthand, etc. Hayward's College, 618 and 620 Olive st. 54

## NIGHT SCHOOL.

Barnes' Shorthand and Business College, Laclede building, 408 Olive st. Take elevator. Telephones, 411 and 1396.

#### The Trades.

WANTED—Two tinners for jobbers at J. H. Bockhorst, 1324 Franklin av. 58

WANTED—Two good pattern-makers at once. 211 Chouteau av., Buchanan & Co. 58

WANTED—The Hamilton-Brown $2.50 and $3 calf shoes, now $2 a pair, at Hilt's great shoe sale, 616 Franklin av. 58

WANTED—A man to adjust printing machines; must have some knowledge of machinist trade. Bradley Printer & Roll Paper Co., 217 Olive st. 58

WANTED—Five good trunk-makers, one good trunk box-maker and one trunk-maker that can make all kinds of sample trunks and sample cases and so on at the Wichita Trunk Factory, 125 W. Douglas av., Wichita, Kan., Hy. Hossfeld, prop. 58

#### Waiters.

WANTED—Experienced colored waiter. Call at office Hotel Belvedere. 57

#### Laborers.

WANTED—Ten men to-morrow morning at Normandy. Berglar & Bros. 59

WANTED—The James Means' and W. L. Douglas' $3 shoes, now $2 a pair, at Hilt's great shoe sale, 616 Franklin av. 59

#### Boys.

WANTED—Boy. Palace Restaurant, 1331 Pine st. 61

WANTED—A strong boy to work in drug store. Grand and Easton avs. 61

WANTED—Boy to assist in house and dining-room. 2923 Chestnut st. 61

#### Miscellaneous.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Young man about 20 to work in store. Lynam Bros., 13th and Cass av. 62

WANTED—One night watchman and one fireman. Apply at the St. Louis Refrigerator & Wooden Gutter Co., Main and Park av. 62

WANTED—The Hamilton-Brown $4, $5 and $6 hand-sewed calf and kangaroo shoes, now $3 a pair, at Hilt's great shoe sale, 616 Franklin av. 62

WANTED—A colored man to do housework in a private family; attend table, take care of furnace, etc.; reference required. Call at 3450 Pine st.

WANTED—Man and wife to go in country to keep house for widower of means; nice home; man must be good flower gardener, woman must be good cook; splendid place for right persons. Address Chas. D. Matthews, Sikeston, Scott County, Mo. 62

### SITUATION WANTED—FEMALES

#### Clerks and Saleswomen.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Position, as saleslady preferred or seamstress in private family. Address L 38, this office. 44

#### Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—By a young lady at her home plain sewing of any kind; has experience at dressmaking. Address for three days, 1429½ N. 24th st. 46

#### General housework.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c per line.

## STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

### HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

#### Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—Four good salesladies of nice appearance and with good references. Address K 39, this office. 63

#### Teachers, Companions, etc.

WANTED—A lady teacher to live with family and teach four children; best references given and required; thorough scholar in literature, mathematics and music required; give age, experience, church relations, references and salary expected. Address M 32, this office. 78

#### Cooks, etc.

WANTED—One cook at 2608 Olive st. 68

WANTED—A colored cook. 1418 Washington av. 68

WANTED—A woman to cook, wash and iron. 2730 Lucas av. 68

WANTED—A cook, washer and ironer; small family; no children. 3955 Washington av. 68

WANTED—Good girl to cook and do general housework in small family. Call at 1100 Ohio av. 68

WANTED—At once, 2 girls, white or colored, for cooking and light housework in family of 3; references required. Apply 3708 Cook av. 68

#### Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Girls to sew jeans pants. 930 Hickory st. 69

WANTED—Girls to sew on pants; one machine girl; four finishers. Apply n. w. cor. Jefferson av. and Wright st., up-stairs. 69

WANTED—6 machine operators on fine flannel shirts; none but experienced hands need apply at Premium M. C. Shirt Department, 303 N. 4th st. Also a few good shirtmakers to take work home. 69

#### General Housework.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c per line.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 2923 Easton av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2731 Morgan st. 66

WANTED—Small girl for light housework. 1444 Monroe st. 66

WANTED—Good house girl; best wages. 3443 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Call at 3145 Bell av. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework. 3061 Cass av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. 3913 Finney av. 66

WANTED—Two girls, one as housemaid, other as cook. 2923 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Call at 2708 Stoddard st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; family of two; ref. req. 1120 Channing av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework and wait on table. Apply 3231 Washington av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; German or Swede preferred. 3664 Cook av. 66

WANTED—At 3501 Lindell av., girl for general housework; small family; wages $15. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing or ironing; good wages. 4114 Washington av. 66

WANTED—Small girl from 12 to 15 to do light housework and go home at night. 3012 Dickson street. 66

WANTED—Experienced woman for general housework quick; good references required; good wages. 4057 Washington av. 66

#### Laundresses.

WANTED—Laundress for two days. 1717 Chouteau av. 67

#### Nurses.

WANTED—In answering advertisements in this column mention the Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—A young girl to nurse and assist with housework. 3603A Olive st. 70

WANTED—Good capable colored nursegirl at once; good wages. Apply 4066 Cook av.

#### Miscellaneous.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c per line.

WANTED—A girl to dress wigs. 1635 S. Broadway. 71

WANTED—A good German girl. Inquire at 903 Park av. 71

WANTED—A chambermaid and woman cook. 2930 Locust st. 71

WANTED—German girl. Call at meat market s. e. cor. 17th and Singleton st. 71

### WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—Salesmen at $75 month salary and expenses, to sell line of silver-plated ware, watches, etc., by sample only; horse and team free. Write at once for full particulars and sample case of goods free. Standard Silver Ware Co., Boston, Mass. 73

AGENTS for the new authentic Stanley book, "Heroes of the Dark Continent;" 500 engravings and colored plates free; a handsome large prospectus, ready for work, postpaid, $1; do not be fooled with all the so-called Stanley books; get the one the people want; handle no other; no experience or capital necessary; best terms; mailed free. Dan Linahan Publishing Co., 525 Chestnut st. 73

### WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For stock of goods or city property, 50 to 60-bbl. roller mill; all new "case" machinery; 2 railroads; in splendid wheat country; cause for selling, failing health. Address Moddle Mills, Walnut Grove, Green Co., Mo. G. M. Wrightsman. 24

### BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Room and board (2 meals) in private family; Jewish religion preferred; state price. Address J 39, this office. 20

WANTED—Situation by young lady to teach German and French in private family in exchange for room and board. 1322 S. 10th st. 20

### HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—A flat, 4 rooms with a dressing-room, bath. Address G 39, this office. 21

WANTED—To rent a furnished six-room house or flat near a good car line; location must be central and convenient. Address, stating terms and location, F 39, this office. 21

### DANCING.

R. M. ADAMS' Mardi-Gras ball at Armory Hall, 17th and Pine, Tuesday, February 18. 76

### HORSES AND VEHICLES.

#### For Sale.

FOR SALE—In answering advertisements under this head mention the Post-Dispatch.

FOR SALE—At half cost, carriage almost new, two horses, harness, robes, etc.. etc.; owner leaving city. Address G 38, this office. 12

FOR SALE—Forty second-hand landaus, coaches and hearses, thoroughly repaired and painted, at low prices and on monthly payments. Photographs and descriptions mailed on application. The James Cunningham, Son & Co., 1104 and 1106 Washington av., St. Louis, Mo. 12

### FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

COAL—25 bu., $2; by the large load, 7½c per bu., at T. F. Carroll's, 2021 and 2806 Franklin av.; send postal or telephone 2824. 5

FOR SALE—A thoroughbred Scotch collie, cheap. Address J 37, this office. 5

FOR a fine parlor, dining-room, bedroom or kitchen clock go to Dunn's Loan Office. 5

FOR SALE—A New Home Sewing Machine nearly new; all attachments; $20. 2634½ Geyer av. 5

SEWING-MACHINES from $7 to $15, all in perfect order, at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

ARLINGTON St. Bernard Kennel's dogs and pups from imported stock for sale. Jas. Gracey, 2708 Semple av. and 607 Walnut st. 5

FOR SALE.
Original letters written by

| | |
|---|---|
| Henry Clay. | Abraham Lincoln. |
| John C. Calhoun. | Edward Bates. |
| Wm. P. Fessenden. | Gen. W. T. Sherman. |
| Reverdy M. Johnson. | Admiral D. D. Porter. |
| Hamilton R. Gamble. | Ex-Gov. Yell of Arkansas. |

Address M 39, this office. 5

### PERSONAL.

**Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. Advertisements in this column not of a business nature, of two lines and over, FIFTEEN cents per line.**

PERSONAL—Saturday, 5 o'clock. Herbert. 1

PERSONAL—Ella N.: Should you see this address me at post-office Kansas City. K. V. M. 1

PERSONAL—Gent would like to meet handsome brunette who sat opposite in Cable & Western this morning and bowed as he entered building on Pine st. If agreeable please address L 39, this office. 1

### PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

MRS. S. JEAN MILLER, Manicure and Chiropodist, 506 Olive st., room 14. 74

MRS. DOCTRESS DOSSEN, ladies' physician. A. communications strictly confidential. Ladies in trouble call at 1322 Chouteau av., St. Louis, Mo. 74

MRS. ARTHURS, ladies' physician and midwife; ladies can find help and board during confinement; terms reasonable; strictly confidential. 1324 N. 19th st. 74

MRS. A. BURGER, M. D., receives ladies pending and during confinement; first-class accommodations at very reasonable terms. Ladies in trouble call at 2300 S. 12th st. 74

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1. H. B. Croie & Co., printers, 813 Locust. Send for estimates.

MME. LEAHON tells past, present and future by a burning fluid; satisfaction guar'teed. 1525 Morgan.

MME. E., the great European fortune teller, 1129 N. 7th st.; charges, 50c; past, present and future.

## TRY MRS. DR. SILVA'S

Baths of all kinds; new lady attendants. 1319 Pine st.

### BOOKS.

30,000 Standard books, new and old; six encyclopedias Britannica at $60, cost $138; Chambers at $9, cost $20; American State Papers, 38 vols., and Archives, 9 vols., very valuable and rare, the lot at $100; Catalogue free; Cash paid for Books. Dan. Linahan, Bookseller, 525 Chestnut st.

### REMOVALS.

TOBIN BROS., house and sign painters, removed to 811 Market st. 35

## DRS. S. & D. DAVIESON

Have removed to 2238 Olive st. Office entrance 23d st. 35

### PROFESSIONAL.

PILES, fistulæ, irritable ulcers, etc., a specialty.
FRANCIS O. DRAKE, M. D.,
34 1302 Olive st., St. Louis.

### MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE.

TO LOAN—$10,000, $8,000, $5,000, $3,000, $2,500, $2,000, $1,500, $1,000 and $500 at the lowest rate of interest on St. Louis city and county real estate. KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

### MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROP'TY

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount, lowest rates; no com.chd. 621 Chestnut.

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount, lowest rates. John C. King, 814 Morgan.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly, and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1017 Morgan st. 31

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN from $1 to $10,000, on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, musical instruments, etc. Low rates of interest.
S. VAN RAALTE,
31 12 and 14 S. 4th st.

## $15, $25, $50, $100

to $1,000 loaned on furniture, pianos, horses and wagons without removal, weekly payments taken and costs reduced in proportion. This company is organized under the State law and loans money on long or short time at the lowest possible rates and to the most advantageous terms to the borrower. U. S. Loan Co., 720 Chestnut st., 2d floor, Room 5.

## IF YOU WANT MONEY,

THEN CALL ON THE

*German-American Loan Co.,*

515 PINE ST., SECOND FLOOR,

Before calling elsewhere: they will loan you money—$25 to $5,000 on furniture, pianos, horses and wagons, without removal. The amount borrowed can be returned in installments, and costs reduced in proportion.

This company has the facilities which no other firm has, because they have the largest capital and can afford to loan money at lower rates; no commissions; business confidential. F. W. Peters, Manager. Do you know the number? 515 Pine st., second floor.

## Do You Want Money?

IF SO THEN CALL AT THE EAGLE LOAN CO., who loan from $15 to $1,000 on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, without removing same from residence. Money loaned at very lowest rates without delay and strictly confidential; the amount borrowed can be returned in weekly payments if desired and cost reduced in proportion. If you have bought furniture or a piano on time and cannot meet payments we will pay it for you. Loans made to suit the borrower for long or short time. No commission charged. EAGLE LOAN CO.
O. C. VOELKER, Manager, 714 Pine st.

## FURNITURE LOANS.

$25 and upwards to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential, C. F. Betts, 1003 Pine st. 31

## St. Louis Mortgage Co., 720 Pine St.,

Loan money on furniture; you can keep possession of your property and pay off the loan in installments at your convenience; no commission charged; all business confidential; we guarantee the lowest terms on these loans, and parties wishing temporary accommodations will find it to their advantage to apply to us. If you have a loan elsewhere and wish it carried at a reasonable rate give us a call. 31

### LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A receiving book marked "S. C. D & Co., No. 27." Return to S. C. Davis & Co. and receive reward. 30

LOST—A 60-day note, dated January 15, 1890, payable at Citizens' Savings Bank; payment stopped; return to the bank. 30

LOST—Grayhound bitch, brindle, white nose, breast and feet. Liberal reward if returned to 2815 McNair av., or 203 N. 6th st. 30

LOST—$5 reward; terrier dog pup; black body, light head and light legs, tail cut, ears not cut and stand up straight. 3885 Washington av. 30

LOST—Scotch collie, tan head and feet, white breast, black body; collar marked "Nip," property of F. C. Thompson, 1507 Hickory st. Reward $10 for return to above number. 30

FOUND—Thursday, January 9, a package wrapped in a newspaper. Owner can obtain same on payment of charges at the counting room of this paper.

### STORAGE.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post Dispatch."

STORAGE—Regular storage house for furniture, pianos, trunks, stoves, boxes, etc. Household goods of all description moved, packed and shipped with care. Money loaned; get our rates. Ware-houses, 1014 to 1026 S. Jefferson av. Telephone 1422.
81 R. U. LEONORI, JR., & Co., 1104-6 Olive st.

NEW moth-proof lined separate rooms for fine furniture and household goods; packing and shipping a specialty; large padded vans for hire. Fidelity Storage, Packing & Moving Co., Alfred J. Yancoll, Manager, 1003 Pine st. Telephone 1401. 81

CHEAP storage; furniture stored at 75 cents per load at 111 N. 12th st. D. A. Clark. 24

## STORAGE! MOVING!

**Furniture, Pianos, Household Goods.**

The largest, safest and best storage rooms in the city for furniture, pianos, boxes, trunks and valuable goods of all kinds at lowest rates; cash advances made on same when desired; moving furniture, pianos and household goods from house to house done by experienced men. Packing furniture, pianos, pictures, china, glassware, etc., for shipping a specialty. WM. O. LANGAN & CO.,
Telephone 2594. 1003 and 1005 Morgan st.

### TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT—One half of office 212 N. 8th st. $42.50. FARRAR & CO.,
17 624 Chestnut st.

## FOR RENT.

Our 5-Story Building, No. 413 North Fourth Street.—We will lease the above building to responsible parties, owing to the removal of our general offices and salesroom to our new six-story building in course of erection at our works (near new Merchants' Bridge), North St. Louis. Buck's Stove and Range Co., Main, Second, Destrehan and Mallinckrodt sts. (entire block).

### FOR RENT—ROOMS.

29 S. 16TH ST.—Furnished rooms at reasonable terms. 13

718 N. 15TH ST.—Neatly furnished front rooms on 1st and 2d floors for housekeeping, with good cook stoves; $1.75 to $2.25 per week; evening fires. 13

904 S. 10TH ST.—Furnished back parlor, first floor; $6 per month. 13

1019 OLIVE ST.—Large furnished front room and stove for three, $3 per week; unfurnished corner rooms for business. 13

1109 WASHINGTON AV.—Furnished front rooms $1.50 and $2 per week. 13

1505 WASHINTON AV.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room; also one for housekeeping, and one small room with fire. 13

1512 CHESTNUT ST.—Large front room suitable for two or three gents or man and wife; also other rooms; will let for light housekeeping cheap. 13

1523 WASHINGTON AV.—2 nicely furnished rooms, for gent and wife or gentlemen. 13

1706 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished parlors, single or en suite; third-story room suitable for two or three gents; $10 per month; also rooms complete for housekeeping. 13

1720 OLIVE ST.—Newly furnished rooms; gas and bath. 13

1803 WASHINGTON AV.—Front parlor at $3.50 per week. 13

1921 BACON ST.—Handsome suit of rooms, 2d-story, front and rear hall, $12. 13

2000 OLIVE ST.—Two nicely furnished connecting rooms for housekeeping; all conveniences. 13

2015 OLIVE ST.—Neatly furnished rooms at moderate prices. 13

2122 OLIVE ST.—Second-story front, neatly furnished; hot and cold bath; terms, moderate. 13

2129 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished front rooms; terms moderate; so. ex. 13

2129 PINE ST., corner 22d—Elegant suits of furnished or unfurnished rooms; hot and cold baths; cheap. 13

2658 LUCAS AV.—Two or three unfurnished front rooms; 2d floor. 13

2749 CLARK AV.—Four elegant rooms on first floor; bath, water, etc.; $16.75.
MEAGHER & NAGLE,
13 S. e. cor. 9th and Chestnut sts.

2816 WALNUT ST.—Neatly furnished rooms on second floor in private family. 13

FOR RENT—A fur. room; cars conv.; for quiet transients only. Address C 39, this office. 13

FOR RENT—Two handsomely furnished parlors; quiet locality; convenient to cars, to select private parties only. Address P 38, this office. 13

## ST. LOUIS RENTAL CO.,

608 Walnut st., has rooms furnished or unfurnished, with or without board; single or en suite; and for light housekeeping, etc., in all parts of the city; no charges. 13

## TIME IS MONEY.

You save both by calling at the Missouri Bureau of Information when looking for rooms or wishing to rent them. Room 312, Mermod-Jaccard Building. 13

ROOMS are quickly rented by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch 13

### BOARDING.

1118 PINE ST.—Front rooms with board, day boarders and transients accommodated at reasonable rates. 18

1318 CHOUTEAU AV.—Large, neat furnished front rooms; gas, bath, furnace; best German table board. 18

1424 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished room for gent and wife, or two gents; with or without board. 18

1431 LUCAS PLACE—Desirable rooms for family or gentlemen, with board. 18

1927 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished room for gents, with board; terms reasonable. 18

2000 MORGAN ST.—Fur. rooms, with gas, hot and cold bath; heated by steam; terms moderate. 18

2011 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished rooms with board; good attendance. 18

2328 PINE ST.—Choice rooms on second floor, with or without board. 18

2652 PINE ST.—Handsomely furnished rooms with or without board. 18

2839 WASHINGTON AV.—Second-story front and back rooms with board; also table board. 18

3507 CHESTNUT ST.—Rooms, with board; private family. 18

FOR RENT—A lady occupied during the day can have room and board for $3.50 per week. Address H 39, this office. 18

BOARDERS are secured by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch. 13

### IMP'VED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

FOR SALE—In North St. Louis—Nice 2-story brick house of 7 rooms, hall, bath and gas; side entrance; near Benton and 20th sts.; price, $2,600.
7 KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

FOR SALE—Monthly payments—House No. 2742 Allen av., nice 2-story stock brick front house of 7 rooms, with hall and bath. Terms—$600 cash, balance $30 per month. Keys at
7 KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

FOR SALE—Nice flats, near Lafayette Park, being a nice 2-story stock-brick front house of 7 rooms, 4 rooms down and 3 rooms up; hall, bath and gas; lot 25 feet front. KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

FOR SALE—In the West End—Nice new 2-story stone-front house of 6 rooms, with hall, bath and gas, electric bells; also nice stable in rear, near Olive st. cable; streets all made. Terms, $800 cash, balance $30 to $40 per month.
7 KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

THOMAS ST., 2625—Being a nice two-story house of 8 rooms; suitable for two families; lot 25x118 ft. KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

3804 COOK AV.—Two-story stone front, 7 rooms; cemented cellar; a new furnace. Lot 50x x140; cheap. JOS. HACKMANN,
7 708 Chestnut st.

3922 EVANS AV—Two 2-story brick houses; one has 8 and one has 4 rooms; a big 2-story stable; lot 50x155; a big bargain.
7 JOS. HACKMANN, 708 Chestnut st.

4247 COOK AV.—A 2-story brick, 6 rooms; lot 50x165; it is a big bargain.
7 JOS. HACKMANN, 708 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE—Four houses, 12th, n. e. cor. Lucas av., 80x100, title perfect. Apply at Centennial Dental Rooms, corner 9th and Locust, opposite Post-office. W. H. Wickersham. 7

FOR SALE—A new 5-room dwelling, No. 4591 Maffitt av., attic, porches, shed; substantial and neat; lot 30x145 feet; nice neighborhood; convenient to Easton av. cable and Marcus av. cars; cheap price; cash or monthly payments.

Also a two-story detached central dwelling, 6 rooms, bath, laundry; every convenience; very complete; lot 25x145; owner left the city; price very low; terms to suit; call for descriptive catalogue.
7 WM. C. WILSON & CO., 619 Chestnut.

## PETER COOPER.

The friends of the Peter Cooper Building & Loan Association will be glad to know that a "new series" of stock is now on sale. This, like all the former series, is being rapidly taken. Office, 221 Commercial Building, southeast corner 6th and Olive sts.
7 J. B. FOLLETT, Secretary.

## WHY PAY RENT?

We will buy you a lot in any locality and build you a home on monthly payments. Plans furnished without charge.
THE PEOPLE'S INVESTMENT & BUILDING CO.,
JOS. E. TRUITT, President,
7 1008 Chestnut st.

### CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—25x131 feet, S. W. corner Caroline and Joab. KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

## AGAINST THE LAW

BUT I HAVE IT,

## A Corner in Westminster Place,

the prettiest corner on Sarah st. in this beautiful residence place; low figure if sold within the next ten days; here's a chance for a purchase.
CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
Telephone 885. 713 Chestnut st.

## A Bargain in Lindell Avenue Lots.

One of 100 feet, another of 50 feet; can be had at a great bargain if sold at once.
CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
Telephone 885. 713 Chestnut st.

### FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

## FOR RENT.

4055 Olive st.—Only one left. New, elegant 10-room house, beautifully finished in hard wood, furnace, cemented cellar, electric bells; nothing more desireable in the city.

3616 Dodier st., $25.50—New house, 7 rooms, bath, electric bells and all modern conveniences.

2626 Washington av.—Splendid location, 11-room house, hot and cold water, bath, stable and all conveniences. CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
Telephone, 885. 713 Chestnut st.

## FOR RENT.

A new 6-room brick on Oregon av. and Shenandoah st.; $35 per month and your rent will be credited to purchase of a home.
THE PEOPLE'S INVESTMENT & BUILDING CO.,
JOS. E. TRUITT, President,
7 1008 Chestnut st.

## TIME TABLE

### Of Trains Running Into Union Depot—St. Louis Time.

*Except Sundays; †Daily; ‖Except Saturday; ‡Except Monday; ¶Monday.

| | Depart. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| **ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD (Chicago Line.)** | | |
| Day Express | †8:40 am | *7:00 pm |
| Chicago Express | †8:00 pm | †7:00 am |
| **OHIO & MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.** | | |
| 10 hours to Cin. & Lou.; 4 solid trains. Sleepers to Cin., Lou., Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York. | | |
| Cincinnati & Louisville Accom. | * 6:50 am | * 7:30 pm |
| Cin'ti, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phila. and New York | † 8:00 am | † 6:55 pm |
| Cincinnati Express | † 7:00 pm | † 7:05 am |
| Cincinnati, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phila. and New York | † 8:00 pm | † 7:45 am |
| Salem Accommodation | * 5:15 pm | * 8:40 am |
| **CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY—"BIG FOUR ROUTE."** | | |
| Only line landing passengers in Grand Central Depot, New York, via Lake Shore Railway. No change of cars. | | |
| Day Express | † 7:15 am | † 5:45 pm |
| Southwestern Limited | † 8:05 am | † 6:00 pm |
| Alton Express Daily | 10:40 am | 8:10 am |
| Mattoon Accommodation | * 4:35 pm | *10:30 am |
| Southwestern Express | † 7:25 pm | † 7:30 am |
| Alton Express Daily | 5:55 pm | 1:45 pm |
| Ticket office, cor. 5th and Chestnut sts. | | |
| **CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.** | | |
| Kansas City Mail | † 8:15 am | † 7:00 pm |
| Chicago Express Mail | † 8:30 am | † 7:35 pm |
| Alton Express (except Sunday) | 10:00 am | 8:00 am |
| Through Chicago Express | † 4:40 pm | †10:40 am |
| Jacksonville Accommodation | * 5:50 pm | *10:40 am |
| Chicago Lightning Express | † 7:55 pm | † 7:30 am |
| Kansas City Night Express | † 8:20 pm | † 7:00 am |
| Godfrey Accommodation | | * 1:40 pm |
| **LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.** | | |
| Mt. Vernon Accommodation | | † 9:10 am |
| Southern Fast Mail | † 7:50 am | † 7:45 pm |
| Mt. Vernon Accommodation | * 5:00 pm | |
| Belleville Accommodation | ‖10:45 am | ‖ 1:50 pm |
| Southern Fast Line | † 7:35 pm | † 7:25 am |
| **LOUISVILLE & ST. LOUIS "AIR LINE."** (L., E. & ST. L. CON. R. R.) | | |
| Louisville Day Express | † 7:50 am | † 7:45 pm |
| Louisville Night Fast Line | † 7:35 pm | † 7:25 am |
| **ILLINOIS & ST. LOUIS DIVISION.** | | |
| Belleville Accommodation (b) | * 8:25 am | * 7:55 am |
| Belleville Accommodation | * 11:00 am | *10:30 am |
| Belleville Accommodation | * 2:50 pm | * 2:00 pm |
| Belleville Accommodation (b) | * 5:35 pm | * 5:10 pm |
| On Sundays trains marked (b) will run thirty minutes later. | | |
| **MOBILE & OHIO RAILROAD.** | | |
| New Orleans Express | † 8:25 pm | † 7:25 am |
| Cairo & Jackson Express | * 8:20 am | * 7:00 pm |
| Mobile & Florida Express | † 8:25 pm | † 7:00 am |
| Murphysboro & Chester Acc'm | * 5:05 am | *11:00 am |
| **ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.** | | |
| Windsor Spring Accommodat'n | * 7:10 am | * 6:45 am |
| Windsor Spring Accommodat'n | * 8:30 am | * 8:50 am |
| Through Mail | † 8:25 am | † 6:30 pm |
| Windsor Spring Accommodat'n | *12:30 pm | *10:45 am |
| Windsor Spring Acc. Sun only | 1:00 pm | 10:20 am |
| Windsor Spring Accommodat'n | * 4:00 pm | * 3:15 pm |
| Pacific Accommodation | * 5:15 pm | * 7:50 am |
| Windsor Spring Accommodat'n | * 6:30 pm | * 6:10 pm |
| Through Express | † 8:15 pm | † 6:30 am |
| **WABASH RAILROAD.** | | |
| LINES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER. | | |
| Chicago & Peoria Express | * 7:05 am | * 7:25 pm |
| Chicago & Peoria Fast Express | † 7:55 am | * 6:15 pm |
| New York Fast Express | † 7:55 am | * 6:15 pm |
| Decatur & Jacksonville Accom | * 4:45 pm | * 10:35 am |
| New York & Boston Fast Exp. | † 6:55 pm | † 7:45 am |
| Chicago Night Express | † 8:10 pm | † 7:25 am |
| LINES WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER. | | |
| Through Mail and Express | † 8:30 am | † 6:15 pm |
| Kansas City, St. Joe & Ottumwa Fast Line | † 9:00 pm | † 6:30 pm |
| Montgomery Accommodation | * 5:00 pm | * 11:55 am |
| Omaha, Des Moines & St. Paul Express | † 8:25 pm | † 7:30 am |
| Kansas City, St. Joseph, Denver & Salt Lake Short Line | † 8:35 pm | † 7:00 am |
| Bridgeton Accommodation | * 8:20 am | * 8:10 am |
| Belt Line (Sunday only) | 1:00 pm | 11:10 am |
| Ferguson Accommodation | * 12:40 pm | * 12:30 pm |
| Ferguson Accommodation | * 6:15 pm | * 5:45 pm |
| FROM VINE STREET STATION. | | |
| Belt Line (Sunday only) | 9:45 am | 9:40 am |
| Ferguson Accommodation | *10:25 am | *10:15 am |
| Belt Line (Sunday only) | 4:10 pm | 2:10 pm |
| Ferguson Accommodation | * 4:15 pm | * 2:00 pm |
| St. Charles Accommodation | * 5:40 pm | * 8:00 am |
| **ST. LOUIS & HANNIBAL.** Via Wabash Railroad. | | |
| Bowling Green and Hannibal Mail and Express | * 5:00 pm | *11:55 am |
| Through Express | * 9:00 am | 6:30 pm |
| **VANDALIA LINE.** | | |
| Pennsylvania Special, daily | 8:10 am | 7:40 pm |
| Day Express, daily | 8:40 am | 7:00 pm |
| N. Y., Balt. & Wash. Exp., daily | 8:00 pm | 7:00 am |
| Cincinnati Express, daily | 7:30 pm | 7:00 am |
| Chicago Night Express, daily | 8:00 pm | 7:00 am |
| Chicago Express, exc. Sunday | 8:40 am | 7:00 pm |
| Indianapolis Accom., exc. Sun. | 11.35 am | 5:00 pm |
| Cincin. Day Express, daily | 8:10 am | 7:00 pm |
| Effingham Accom., daily | 5:30 pm | 7:55 am |
| **MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.** | | |
| Dallas, Ft. Worth, Houston, Galveston Express | † 9:00 am | † 6:25 pm |
| Dallas, Ft. Worth, Austin and San Antonio Express | † 9:15 pm | † 6:40 am |
| **MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.** | | |
| Fast Mail | † 3:00 am | |
| Local Express | † 7:55 am | † 6:25 pm |
| Washington Accommodation | * 5:25 pm | 8:00 am |
| Kansas City, Omaha, Lincoln, Southern and Galveston Ex. | † 9:00 am | † 6:45 pm |
| Kansas City, St. Joseph, Omaha and Wichita Fast Line | † 8:20 pm | † 6:40 am |
| Kansas City, St. Joseph, Colorado and Texas Express | † 9:15 pm | 6:40 am |
| **ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN & SOUTHERN.** | | |
| Columbus Accommodation | † 7:55 am | † 6:45 pm |
| Little Rock, Hot Springs, Dallas and Fort Worth Express | † 8:30 am | † 5:50 pm |
| Hot Springs, Gal., San Antonio, Laredo and City of Mexico Fast Line | † 8:10 pm | † 7:30 am |
| Memphis, Little Rock, Hot Springs, Dallas, Fort Worth, El Paso and California Express | † 8:20 pm | † 7:20 am |
| **TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & KANSAS CITY R. R.** | | |
| Day Express | 8:35 am | 4.30 pm |
| Ramsey Accommodation | 5:10 pm | 8:30 am |
| **ST. LOUIS, ARKANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.** | | |
| Arkansas & Texas Express | † 8:20 pm | |
| Texas & St. Louis Express | | † 7:20 am |
| **CAIRO SHORT LINE RAILROAD.** | | |
| New Orleans & Memphis Fast L. | † 7:40 pm | † 7:45 pm |
| Cairo & Memphis Express | † 7:40 pm | † 7:20 am |
| Cairo & Paducah Express | † 7:35 am | † 1:30 pm |
| Grand Tower & Cape Girardeau Express | * 4:30 pm | * 1:30 pm |
| Sparta, Murphysboro & Carbondale Accommodation | * 4:30 pm | * 1:30 pm |
| **ST. LOUIS, ALTON & SPRINGFIELD R. R.** (Bluff Line) | | |
| Grafton Express | * 7:15 am | * 4:45 pm |
| Jerseyville Ex., Sunday only | 7:15 am | 5:45 pm |
| Jerseyville and Springfield Ex. | * 4:20 pm | † 1:45 pm |
| J'ville & Spg. Ex., Sun. only | 5:55 pm | |

**Burlington Route.**

### BURLINGTON ROUTE.

Through trains to Kansas City, St. Joseph, Denver, St. Paul and Minneapolis. Pullman Sleepers on all trains and Free Chair Cars on all West-bound trains.

| | Depart. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| **BURLINGTON ROUTE—ST. L., K. & NW. R. R.** | | |
| St. Paul, Cedar Rapids and Burlington Express | * 9:20 am | * 5:55 pm |
| Denver, Lincoln, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Joseph and California Express | † 8:10 pm | † 7:20 am |
| Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Ft. Madison and Burlington Exp | † 8:45 pm | † 6:50 am |
| **BURLINGTON ROUTE—C., B. & Q. R. R.** | | |
| St. Paul, Dubuque, Omaha and Denver Express | † 9:15 am | † 6:50 am |
| La Crosse, Omaha, Lincoln and Denver Express | † 8:15 pm | ‡ 5:20 pm |

## TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

BIG G. Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio. Trade Mark.

I prescribe and fully endorse Big G as the only specific for the certain cure of this disease.
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Amsterdam, N. Y.

We have sold Big G for many years, and it has given the best of satisfaction.
D. R. DYCHE & CO.,
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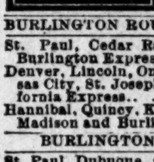
$1.00. Sold by Druggists.



CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
## PENNYROYAL PILLS.
RED CROSS DIAMOND BRAND.
Safe, sure and always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for Diamond Brand, in red metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Send 4c. (stps) for particulars and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return mail. Name Paper. Chichester Chem. Co., Madison Sq., Phila., Pa.

## FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

THOSE who wish a wide circulation for their wants should try the Sunday Post-Dispatch

## THE WEATHER.

### Daily Weather Bulletin.

The following observations were taken at 7 a. m., local time 8 a. m., 75th meridian time at all stations.

SIGNAL OFFICE, ST. LOUIS, MO., Jan. 17, 1890.

| STATIONS. | Height of Barometer. | Thermometer at 7 a. m. | Wind, direction. | Rainfall in 24 h'rs, inches | State of Weather. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis, Mo. | 30.48 | 22 | SW | ..... | Cloudy. |
| Boston, Mass. | 30.46 | 16 | SE | .20 | Snow. |
| New York City | 30.58 | 22 | NW | .02 | Ptly Cldy |
| Philadelphia, Pa | 30.62 | 26 | NW | .02 | Cloudless |
| Washington City | 30.60 | 26 | N | ..... | Cloudless |
| Charlotte, N. C | 30.56 | 26 | N | ..... | Cloudless |
| Wilmington, N. C | 30.60 | 30 | N | ..... | Cloudless |
| Charleston, S.C. | 30.54 | 36 | N | ..... | Cloudy. |
| Augusta, Ga | 30.62 | 30 | N | ..... | Cloudless |
| Jacksonville, Fla. | 30.42 | 42 | N | ..... | Cloudless |
| Atlanta, Ga | 30.56 | 28 | E | ..... | Cloudy. |
| Pensacola, Fla. | 30.44 | 38 | NE | ..... | Cloudless |
| Montgomery, Ala | 30.52 | 30 | NE | ..... | Cloudless |
| Vicksburg, Miss. | 30.50 | 28 | NE | ..... | Cloudless |
| New Orleans, La. | 30.44 | 38 | NE | ..... | Cloudy. |
| Shreveport, La | 30.48 | 30 | E | ..... | Cloudless |
| Fort Smith, Ark. | 30.46 | 28 | E | ..... | Ptly Cldy |
| Little Rock, Ark. | 30.50 | 28 | E | ..... | Cloudless |
| Palestine, Tex. | 30.46 | 28 | NE | ..... | Cloudy. |
| Galveston, Tex. | 30.44 | 42 | NE | ..... | Cloudy. |
| San Antonio, Tex. | 30.42 | 32 | NE | ..... | Cloudy. |
| Brownsville, Tex | 30.36 | 40 | NW | ..... | Cloudless |
| Memphis, Tenn. | 30.54 | 28 | NE | ..... | Ptly Cldy |
| Nashville, Tenn. | 30.54 | 22 | E | ..... | Cloudless |
| Chattanooga, Tenn. | 30.58 | 26 | NE | ..... | Ptly Cldy |
| Louisville, Ky. | 30.56 | 22 | E | ..... | Cloudless |
| Indianapolis, Ind | 30.59 | 16 | SE | ..... | Cloudless |
| Cincinnati, O | 30.60 | 22 | N | ..... | Cloudless |
| Parkersburg, W. Va | 30.66 | 22 | S | .02 | Cloudless |
| Pittsburg, Pa | 30.62 | 22 | NW | T. | Snow. |
| Oswego, N. Y | 30.54 | 8 | SE | .02 | Snow. |
| Buffalo, N. Y. | 30.50 | 20 | NW | .01 | Ptly Cldy |
| Cleveland, O. | 30.60 | 16 | SW | .04 | Cloudless |
| Toledo, O | 30.60 | 14 | SW | ..... | Cloudless |
| Port Huron, Mich. | 30.58 | 18 | SW | T. | Snow. |
| Chicago, Ill | 30.46 | 14 | S | ..... | Cloudless |
| Milwaukee, Wis. | 30.48 | 10 | SW | ..... | Cloudless |
| Grand Haven, Mich. | 30.46 | 18 | SE | 4.00 | Snow. |
| Manistee, Mich | 30.46 | 14 | SE | .20 | Snow. |
| Salt de Ste. Marie | 30.40 | 6 | NW | .02 | Snow. |
| Marquette, Mich. | 30.40 | 4 | W | ..... | Cloudy. |
| Duluth, Minn. | 30.46 | —2 | NW | .02 | Snow. |
| P. A. L'ding, N.W.T | 30.64 | 18 | S | ..... | Ptly Cldy |
| St. Paul, Minn. | 30.40 | 2 | | | |
| La Crosse, Wis. | 30.40 | 6 | Calm | T. | Snow. |
| Dubuque, Io. | 30.36 | 10 | SE | ..... | Cloudless |
| Davenport, Io. | 30.38 | 20 | S | ..... | Cloudless |
| Des Moines, Io. | 30.28 | 14 | SW | ..... | Cloudy. |
| Keokuk, Io. | 30.38 | 24 | S | ..... | Cloudless |
| Springfield, Ill. | 30.46 | 20 | S | ..... | Cloudless |
| Cairo, Ill. | 30.52 | 24 | S | ..... | Ptly Cldy |
| Springfield, Mo. | 30.38 | 22 | S | ..... | Ptly Cldy |
| Kansas City, Mo. | 30.32 | 24 | S | ..... | Cloudless |
| Wichita, Kan | 30.22 | 26 | S | ..... | Cloudless |
| Concordia, Kan | 30.32 | 14 | NE | ..... | Cloudless |
| Omaha, Neb. | 30.34 | 6 | N | T. | Snow. |
| Valentine, Neb. | 30.50 | —14 | N | ..... | Ptly Cldy |
| Fort Sully, Dak. | 30.54 | —14 | NW | ..... | Cloudless |
| Huron, Dak | 30.46 | —18 | N | ..... | Cloudless |
| Moorhead, Minn. | 30.54 | —10 | N | .01 | Cloudy. |
| St. Vincent, Minn. | 30.64 | —34 | NW | ..... | Cloudless |
| Bismarck, Dak. | 30.56 | —14 | E | .10 | Cloudless |
| Fort Buford, Dak. | 30.50 | —12 | E | .04 | Cloudless |
| Q'Appelle, N. W. T | | | | | |
| Minnedosa, N. W. T | 30.72 | —36 | Calm | ..... | Ptly Cldy |
| Calgarry, N. W. T. | 30.78 | —32 | Calm | ..... | Cloudless |
| Ft. Assinab'ne, Mont | | | | | |
| Helena, Mont. | 30.26 | —12 | NW | .02 | Cloudy. |
| Fort Custer, Mont. | | | | | |
| Rapid City, Dak. | 30.54 | —20 | NW | ..... | Cloudless |
| Fort Washakie, Wyo | 30.14 | 2 | SW | ..... | Cloudless |
| Salt Lake City, Utah | 29.96 | 32 | SE | ..... | Cloudy. |
| Cheyenne, Wyo. | 30.08 | 16 | SW | ..... | Cloudless |
| N. Platte, Neb. | 30.38 | — 8 | N | ..... | Cloudless |
| Denver, Colo. | 30.00 | 26 | S | ..... | Cloudless |
| Montrose, Colo | 30.08 | 28 | S | ..... | Cloudless |
| Pueblo, Colo. | 30.08 | 30 | W | ..... | Cloudless |
| Dodge City, Kan | 30.18 | 16 | NW | ..... | Cloudless |
| Fort Elliott, Tex | | | | | |
| Fort Sill, I. T. | 30.28 | 28 | S | ..... | Cloudless |
| Santa Fe, N. M. | 30.30 | 22 | E | ..... | Cloudless |
| El Paso, Tex. | | | | | Cloudless |
| Abilene, Tex. | 30.30 | 34 | SE | ..... | Cloudless |
| Portland, Ore. | | | | | |
| San Francisco, Cal. | | | | | |
| Lynchburg, Va. | 30.62 | 26 | NW | ..... | Cloudless |
| Norfolk, Va | 30.62 | 34 | N | .01 | Cloudless |
| San Diego, Cal. | | | | | |

NOTE.—T. indicates trace of precipitation; —, indicates below zero.

### Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.—Generally fair weather prevails this morning in the lake regions and the Northwest, where light local snows are reported.

It is colder in all districts east of the Mississippi; the temperature fell from 20 to 30 degs. on the Atlantic coast from Maine to Florida; it is below freezing in Georgia and on the east gulf coast; it is warmer in the Mississippi Valley and thence westward to the Rocky Mountain region; a rise of 20 degs. has been recorded in the Lower Missouri Valley, Kansas and Eastern Colorado.

Forecast till 8 a. m. Saturday:
For Illinois—Light local snows; southerly winds.
For Iowa—Light snow; warmer; variable winds.
For Missouri—Increasing cloudiness and rain or snow; warmer; southerly winds.
For Kansas—Light snow to-night; slightly warmer; variable winds.
The Lower Mississippi River will rise; the Ohio will fall.

## THE RIVERS.

### Rise and Fall in the Rivers

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m. All observations taken at the 75th meridian time.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 17, 1890.

| STATIONS. | Danger Line. | H'g't of Water. | Ch'nge |
|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburg | 22 | 17.6 | †0.3 |
| Parkersburg | 38 | 29.0 | †5.2 |
| Cincinnati | 45 | 37.8 | †3.3 |
| Louisville | 24 | 18.3 | †2.4 |
| Nashville | 40 | 26.5 | †10.9 |
| Chattanooga | 30 | 7.2 | †1.8 |
| St. Paul | 7 | | |
| La Crosse | 24 | ...... | ...... |
| Dubuque | 16 | ...... | Frozen |
| Davenport | 15 | ...... | Frozen |
| Keokuk | 15 | ...... | ...... |
| Omaha | 18 | | |
| Kansas City | 21 | 0.7 | †0.4 |
| St. Louis | 30 | ...... | ...... |
| Cairo | 40 | 41.7 | †1.4 |
| Memphis | 34 | 29.9 | †1.9 |
| Helena | 37 | | |
| Fort Smith | 22 | 14.1 | †0.1 |
| Little Rock | 22 | 17.2 | †2.4 |
| Vicksburg | 41 | 30.8 | †1.0 |
| Shreveport | 29 | 20.9 | †0.1 |
| New Orleans | 13 | 8.9 | †0.4 |
| Hermann | ...... | 10.3 | -0.4 |
| Arlington | ...... | 3.7 | -1.1 |
| Grand Tower | ...... | 16.3 | -0.7 |
| Louisiana | ...... | 1.4 | -0.6 |

†Rise. -Fall. *No river word received. xBelow gauge.

W. H. HAMMON,
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

### River News.

ARRIVALS.

Cherokee, Memphis; Belle Memphis, Natchez; City of St. Louis, New Orleans.

DEPARTURES.

Cherokee, Memphis; Idlewild, Cape Girardeau.

NOTES.

The City of Florence is booked for the Tennessee River Saturday.

The Cherokee is receiving to clear for Memphis this afternoon at 5.

Capt. Moss' popular Idlewild sails for Cape Girardeau at 4 p. m. sharp to-day.

Mr. John Scullin has succeeded Henry W. Gays as manager of the Wiggins Ferry Co.

Weather clear and warmer. The gauge foot of Market street shows 16 feet, a fall of nearly 2 feet.

Commodore Bart E. Linehan passed through the city yesterday. He left for Cape Girardeau to look after his interests.

The river above is full of running ice and some of it will reach here in a few days, but not enough to interfere with steamboats.

The Anchor Line steamers City of St. Louis and Belle Memphis arrived this morning and are loading to return to-morrow for Natchez, Miss.

The tow boat Henry Lourey and barges cleared to New Orleans with 160,000 bu corn, 6,000 sacks oats, 3,000 sacks bran and 3,500 bbls flour for export.

River men who are very much interested in the weather, especially at this season of the year, have no longer much confidence in the Signal Service reports.

The officers of the Tennessee River Line are becoming alarmed on account of the rapid rise in the Ohio River, which they fear may prevent the boats from passing under the bridge at Cairo.

### River Telegrams.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Jan. 17.—River rising. Arrived: De Soto, from Cincinnati, 3 a. m. Departed: Arkansas City, to Natchez, noon. Weather clear and cool.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 17.—River falling; 18 feet 1 inch in the canal, 15 feet 9 inches on the falls. Departed: Golden Rule, New Orleans, 7 a. m. Clear and cold.

CAIRO, Ill., Jan. 17.—Arrived: City of New Orleans, St. Louis, 5 a. m. River 41 feet 7 inches and rising. Clear and cold.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 17.—River 37 feet 9 inches, rising. Cloudy. Thermometer 35.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Jan. 17.—River 36 feet 6 inches and rising. Clear.

WHEELING, W. Va., Jan. 17.—River 25 feet, stationary. Clear and cold.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 17.—River 17 feet 4 inches; falling. Cloudy and cold.

### RIVER TRANSPORTATION.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

St. Louis and Cape Girardeau Tri-Weekly Packet.

## Str. IDLEWILD.

GEO. G. KEITH, Master. ROBT. TAYLOR, Clerk. Leaves MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 4 p. m., for Cape Girardeau and all way landings. Lowest rates. [illegible] TOM PENISTON, Agt.

## SOCIETY GOSSIP.

Mrs. Davis of Olive street has been quite ill with la grippe, but is now convalescent.

Miss Minerva Primm will go to New Orleans next week to remain until after the carnival.

Mrs. H. Henly left on Tuesday evening to make a visit to friends and relatives in Nashville.

Mr. Joseph Boyce of Pine Bluff is spending some time in the city visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. W. C. Jackson of the Indian Territory, is making a visit of a week to St. Louis friends.

The engagement of Miss Helen Jackson to George Edward Yerger of Mississippi has been announced.

Miss Anna Force is still with her grandmother in Atlanta, Ga., and will not return home before spring.

Mrs. R. Scott of St. Ange avenue entertained on Wednesday evening the progressive euchre club of which she is a member.

Miss Annie Lee Warren of Washington avenue has left the city to spend several weeks visiting friends at Fort Worth, Tex.

Mrs. Ada L. Metcalf, with her little daughters, Grace and Mabel, returned a few days ago from her visit to her father at La Grange.

Miss Julia Schofield, formerly of this city, daughter of Rev. Dr. Schofield, is here, visiting Mrs. Bradford, at No. 3845 Delmar avenue.

Mrs. Chas. Green has returned from Brown County, O., where she went with her daughters, when they returned to school after the holidays.

Mrs. Hammett and Miss Guy Hammett, after a detention of several days at Piedmont, arrived safely at Hot Springs and are located at the Arlington House.

Mrs. S. M. Gamble and her daughter, Miss Mary Gamble, of Jefferson City arrived here on Monday to visit their friends and attend the Jefferson-Florence season.

Mrs. William L. Breckenridge of Webster Grove was summoned to the bedside of her mother, Mrs. Clark of Louisville, Ky., who died immediately after her daughter's arrival.

Mrs. James Gillespy of Columbia, who has been spending several weeks in St. Louis visiting her cousins, Mrs. Auguste Ewing and Mrs. William Eoff, left on Tuesday evening for New Orleans.

Mr. Minor Merriwether, has been confined to his home on Delmar avenue, for several weeks past by illness. Mrs. Lee Merriwether of Jefferson City is with him and Miss Merriwether for a visit this week.

The History Club which meets at the Lindell Hotel every Friday afternoon, have had for the past three weeks, the women of all nationalities who have been famous in history. George Sands was the subject of the last lecture.

Mrs. Phillips, who has been occupying her new home on West Morgan street, for the past two months, has been confined to it by serious illness, for several weeks past. She is somewhat improved this week, though not able to be out.

Miss Minnie McGavock, who has been spending the winter in the city with friends on Locust street, preparing for the stage under John W. Norton, left for New York last Saturday to join the company with whom she has secured an engagement. Miss McGavock is a Southern girl of great refinement and culture and belongs to one of the best Arkansas families.

### Mrs. Kerens' Reception.

The reception given last night in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Russell Harrison by Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Kerens, was one of the most brilliant affairs of the season. Their handsome home in Vandeventer place was lavishly decked with plants and great vases of "American Beauties" were placed in every convenient nook. Mandolins furnished the delightful musical accompaniment down stairs, while an orchestra screened off by curtains of smilax furnished the music for the dance in the ball room on the third floor, which was converted into a floral bower for this occasion.

There were present a number of notable guests. Archbishop Ryan and several members of the clergy formed the center of a coterie and the new Postmaster, Maj. Harlow, was the center of another circle.

W. J. Florence, the actor, was also among the guests. In the Louis XIV. parlor on the right the receiving party was stationed, Mr. and Mrs. Kerens and Mr. and Mrs. Harrison. Mrs. Kerens wore a very artistic and beautiful gown of rose pink China crepe gracefully draped across the front, the long princess train formed of a rich brocade of pale pink over-run by roses in their natural colors, in velvet pile; the bodice was made with long points, decollete and sleeveless, finished with point lace and gemmed with diamonds.

Mrs. Harrison, who is a very beautiful woman of rather more than medium height and of graceful figure, a decided blonde, wore an exquisite gown of soft gray mousseline de soie delicately embroidered in colors, the corsage decollete and sleeveless, made with long points, and about her throat a collet of diamonds. In her hand she carried a large bunch of pink roses.

The Misses Kerens assisted in the entertainment of the guests, with Miss Emma Bailey, and they proved themselves charming young hostesses.

Miss Katharine Kerens wore an artistic gown of maize-tinted crepe de Chine, with soft draperies, and Directoire bodice cut in deep points and sleeveless, and girdled with a jeweled belt of amethysts; her beautiful black hair was worn a la Pompadour, and she carried a large bunch of roses.

Miss Madaline Kerens, a lovely young debutante, wore a pretty gown of pure white mousseline de soie, embroidered in white, and carried a posy of lilies of the valley.

Miss Emma Bailey, another pretty and accomplished young debutante, wore a Paris dress of white tulle, shimmering with crystals, the decollete bodice ornamented with scarlet barberries and their green leaves.

On the upper floor there was another interesting reception, that of Mrs. Harrison's pretty little baby girl, aged 2 years, who, in muslin and lace, excited the admiration of all the ladies in attendance.

### TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Meck Terrel, a negro, was drowned at Aberdeen, Miss., while trying to catch driftwood.

John Wiley and Thomas Curran were killed at Wheeling, W. Va., yesterday by being run over by an engine.

The Mississippi River at Burlington, Io., was frozen over yesterday with the thermometer 14 deg. below zero.

Miss Laura Dixon of Elizabeth, N. J., shot and killed herself yesterday because her lover had upraided her for flirting.

John Kuhm, the murderer of Wm. Christen at Madison, Wis., said he killed him because he would not believe in the Bible.

The Elections Committee at Washington, D. C., have decided to appoint a special committee to look into the Clayton murder.

Charles Gerke, 58 years of age and Mary Eichmiller, 60 years of age, two beggars in Louisville, Ky., were married yesterday by a Squire.

The Supreme Court of North Carolina, handed down a decision in the case of Father J. J. Boyle the priest yesterday, granting him a new trial.

The crew of the schooner D. D. Sawyer arrived in Rockland, Me., yesterday, after spending a week on a barren island, living on three crackers a day.

It has been noticed by the Canadian authorities that the Frazer River, which irrigates all of the finest portions of the British possessions, is rapidly eating its way into the United States.

The teachers in a public school at Baltimore, Md., yesterday dismissed the classes of boys and girls without bustle, and then called the fire department to put out the fire in the upper floors of the building.

### HOTEL PERSONALS.

W. M. Johnson, Rochester; L. F. Parker, Rolla; A. C. Howe, Chicago, and E. K. White, Mattoon, Ill., are at the Planters'.

W. H. Phelps, Carthage, Mo.; A. J. Knox, Vandalia, Ill.; W. Brooks, Chicago, and W. C. Arthur, Kansas City, are at the Laclede.

J. F. Fisher, New York; G. E. Palmer, Chicago; E. R. Dewis, New York; C. H. Perry, Baltimore, and W. B. Bain, Vienna, Ill., are at the Lindell.

Chas. Lamor, Canton, O.; C. H. Norton, Carrollton, Ill.; Jas. Long, Elsberry, Mo., and Frank K. Calhoun, Nashville, Tenn., are at the St. James.

T. Cooley, Nashville, Tenn.; J. W. Reno, New Madrid, Mo.; Ed Wood, Salt Lake, Utah; W. H. Rushforth, Rutherford, N. J., and W. E. Brown, New York, are at Hurst's.

W. A. Clark, New York; H. H. Paddock, Trenton; J. Allen, San Francisco; C. H. Hulse, New York; J. H. Hites, Newark, N. J., and H. H. Smith, Philadelphia, are at the Southern.

A set of single buggy harness and a pair of rubber boots were stolen from the stable in the rear of the residence of Florian De Donato, [illegible] North Grand avenue, some time last night.

PETER NICHOLSON, President. ORSON HEWIT, Vice-President. WALKER HILL, Cashier.

**AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK,**

Third and Pine Sts., St. Louis, Mo.

DIRECTORS.

F. G. NIEDRINGHAUS, President St. Louis Stamping Co.
J. B. M. KEHLOR of Kehlor Bros. and President Citizens' Insurance Co.
J. B. C. LUCAS, Capitalist.
GEO. W. UPDYKE, Secretary Grier Commission Co.
ALVAH MANSUR, Pres. Mansur & Tebbetts Imp. Co.
PETER NICHOLSON, "David Nicholson."
O. HEWIT, President Hewit. Sharp Commission Co.
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ALONZO C. CHURCH, Vice-President Wiggins Ferry Co.
DANIEL S. HOLMES of John A. Holmes & Co.
F. W. HUMPHREY of F. W. Humphrey & Co.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

| | January 1, 1888. | January 3, 1889. | January 1, 1890. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Loans and discounts | $388,290 74 | $557,397 58 | $ 904,735 22 |
| Stocks, bonds and real estate | 21,011 90 | 19,797 79 | 16,827 34 |
| Due from banks and currency | 73,227 59 | 144,185 79 | 241,149 12 |
| | $482,530 23 | $721,381 16 | $1,162,711 68 |
| Capital | $200,000 00 | $200,000 00 | $200,000 00 |
| Surplus and undivided profits | 70,740 71 | 75,513 40 | 91,700 81 |
| Deposits | 211,789 52 | 445,867 76 | 871,010 87 |
| | $482,530 23 | $721,381 16 | $1,162,711 68 |

Accounts solicited, promising best attention to their interest and liberal treatment.

THOS. H. WEST, President.
JOHN T. DAVIS, 1st Vice President.
JOHN A. SCUDDER, 2d Vice President.
A. C. STEWART, Secretary and Counsel.

**St. Louis Trust Company,**

CAPITAL..................$1,500,000.

EQUITABLE BUILDING, SIXTH AND LOCUST STS.,

Executes Trusts of all kinds.
Guarantees, Registers and Certifies Bonds.
Guarantees Titles, Manages Estates, Collects Rents.
Transfers and Registers Stocks.
Acts as Executor, Guardian, Curator and General Financial Agent.
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**F. C. TAYLOR & CO.,**

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

208 and 210 North Main Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Scrap Iron firm and in demand; Wrought, 92½c; Steel, 60c; Last, 55c; Stove, 45c. Coal Oil bbls., 95c. Good Rags, $1.35. Eggs firm. We sold our receipts to-day, 200 cases, @ 12¼c.

Poultry higher. Live Chickens. 7½c to 8c; dressed, 8c to 9c. Live Turkeys, 7½c to 8c; dressed, 10c to 11c. Live Ducks, 7½c to 8c; dressed, 9c to 10c. Live Geese, 5c to 5½c; dressed, 6½c to 8c.

Dressed Hogs, 4c to 4½c.

Our facilities for handling Dried Fruit, Hides, Wool, Fur, Feathers, etc., are unsurpassed. Ship to us and will do you all the good we can. We furnish coops and cases free to parties shipping up. Consignments and correspondence solicited.

☞ Send us your orders for Seeds, Meat, etc

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LACLEDE BUILDING..........................ST. LOUIS, MO.

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TOBACCO, GRAIN AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

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224 N. COMMERCIAL ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.

Consignments of all kinds solicited.

*Grain, Hay, Seeds, Wool, Hides, Furs, Etc.*

☞ Track stuff a specialty.

**H. C. SCHOPPE & SON,**

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

316 N. COMMERCIAL ST., - ST. LOUIS, MO.

A. N. EATON. J. R. CRANDALL. J. S. M'CLELLAN.

**EATON, McCLELLAN & CO.**

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GENERAL COMMISSION.

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**BLAKELY, SANDERS & CO.,**

Commission Merchants, for the sale or forwarding of all kinds of live stock.

Offices 5 and 6 Union Stock Yards, St. Louis. Office No. 5 National Stock Yards, East St. Louis, Ill. All Stock consigned to us at either yards will receive our personal attention.

**HESSE & CO.,**

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

117 N. MAIN ST., : ST. LOUIS, MO.

Reference, Third National Bank.

**Billingsley & Nanson Commission Co.,**

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

For the sale of grain, hay, flour, seed, wool and hog products. Parties preferring to sell on track instead of shipping may rely on our offering the highest prices. Grain sacks furnished at regular rates. Correspondence solicited. Office 202 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis, Mo.

**GRIER COMMISSION CO.,**

Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis, Mo.

Consignments of all kinds solicited. We make a specialty of track and sample selling; liberal advances made on shipments; special attention given to handling all kinds of grain, flour, mill feed, hay, grass seed, flaxseed, castor beans, wool, etc., etc.

C. BERNET. H. G. CRAFT.

**BERNET & CRAFT,**

FLOUR COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 8 South Main St., St. Louis, Mo.

**Russell-Massengale Commission Co.**

AND

LUMBER COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

And dealers in all kinds of hardwood lumber, southwest corner Main and Olive sts., St. Louis.

E. B. HULL, Genl. Mangr. Z. T. STEELE, Cattle Salesman. C. T. STEELE Bookkeeper CHAS. WELLS, Hog Salesman.

**HULL, STEELE & CO.,**

Live Stock Commission Merchants

Office: Rooms 7 and 8, Union Stock Yards, St. Louis Mo.

**M. D. HELTZELL & CO.,**

GENERAL Commission Merchants.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

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**GAYLORD, BLESSING & CO.,**

Stock and Bond Brokers, 307 Olive St.

We make a specialty of State, County, City and School Bonds and carry a full line of choice Bonds for investors.

**RAILROAD STOCKS.**

We are connected by private wire with Jones, Kennett & Hopkins of New York and Chicago and are prepared to execute orders for the purchase and sale of railroad stocks and bonds for cash, and we also carry the same on margins. Our facilities for obtaining quick and reliable information are unsurpassed.

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1436 TO 1446 N. BROADWAY.

Special Attention Given to Selling on Commission

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**J. W. OVERSTREET & CO.,**

Commission salesmen and forwarding agents for all kinds of

LIVE STOCK,

Office Nos. 1 and 2, Union Stock Yards, St. Louis, Mo. Cash advances made on consignments.

## MONEY.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17, 11 a. m.—The stock market this morning presented the same character as that of yesterday, except that there was a somewhat better tone to the dealings, and while Sugar Refineries and Lackawanna were specially active, Union Pacific, Missouri Pacific, Reading, Canada Southern and Rock Island were in the second rank and all the others were dull and generally without feature or interest. First prices, as compared with the final figures of last evening, were generally slight fractions higher, and Lackawanna was up ½ per cent, though Jersey Central at 120½ was down ⅛. Jersey Central was quickly lifted 1 per cent, and Canada Southern a like amount, both on extremely light dealings, and though Sugar Refineries rose 1 per cent at 56½, it was only ⅛ per cent higher than last night's figures. The other changes were very slight and the fluctuations for the hour were generally made within a range of less than ½ per cent. Toward the end of the hour some weakness was developed in the trusts and Cotton Oil receipts dropped 1½ per cent to 29, and Sugar lost a fraction. At 11 o'clock the market was dull and rather heavy, but generally at about opening prices.

Noon—Money is easy at 4@5 per cent. Bar silver, 97⅝. The stock market remained devoid of feature of special interest after 11 o'clock, and while Reading showed more animation there was less in Sugar and Lackawanna. The trusts were again rather heavy, but the regular list continued stagnant, and the fluctuations were on the same limited scale as those of the first hour, but with less character to the trading. At noon Sugar was weak at something under its opening figure, but the regular list was dull and steady.

3 p. m.—Money has been easy at from 3 to 5 per cent. The stock market closed dull and steady at small fractions above opening figures.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 17.—Mexican 4s, 69¾@69⅞; stock 17⅛@17¼; Allouez, 1½@1¾; Calumet, 260@267; Huron, 4@4¼.

LONDON, Jan. 17, 4 p. m.—Consols closed at 97 5-16c for money and 97 7-16c for the account. A. & G. W. firsts, 34¾c; Canadian Pacific, 79½c; Erie, 27c; do seconds, $1.03½; Illinois Central, $1.23; Mexican Ordinary, 37½c; St. Paul Common, 70½c; Pennsylvania, 54⅝c; Reading, 18⅜c; Mexican Central new 4s, 71⅝c.

### New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Whittaker & Hodgman, successors to Matthews & Whittaker, bond and stock brokers, Chamber of Commerce Building, St. Louis, Mo.

ST. LOUIS, MO., Jan. 17.

| STOCKS. | Opening. | Highest. | Lowest. | Closing. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Atchison | 30¾ | 31 | 30¼ | 31 |
| Canada Southern | 55½ | 54⅝ | 54 | 54½ |
| Canadian Pacific | 77¾ | | | 77¾ |
| Central New Jersey | 121½ | 122 | 121 | 122 |
| Central Pacific | | | | |
| Chicago Gas Trust | 46⅛ | 46⅛ | 45¾ | 45¾ |
| C., C., C. & I. | 70⅞ | 72 | 70⅞ | 71½ |
| Chi., St. P., M. & O. | | | | |
| Chi., St. P., M. & O. pfd. | | | | |
| Chi., R. I. & P. | 95⅛ | 96¼ | 95⅛ | 96⅛ |
| C., B. & Q. | 105⅞ | 105⅞ | 105¾ | 105⅜ |
| Chi., Mil. & St. P. | 68¼ | 68⅜ | 68 | 68⅜ |
| Chi., Mil. & St. P. pfd. | | | | |
| Chi. & N. W. com. | 110 | | | 110 |
| Cotton Oil Trust, new stock | 30½ | 30½ | 29 | 29½ |
| Cotton Oil Trust, old stock | | | | |
| Del., Lackawanna & Western | 136 | 136⅛ | 135⅞ | 135⅞ |
| Delaware & Hudson | 150 | | | 150 |
| Denver & Rio Grande | | | | |
| East Tennessee com. | | | | |
| East Tennessee pfd | | | | |
| Erie com | 26⅝ | 26⅝ | 26⅜ | 26⅜ |
| Erie pfd | | | | |
| Erie 2d mortgage bonds | | | | |
| Fort Worth & Denver | 34 | 34 | 33¼ | 33½ |
| Hocking Valley | 20 | | | 20 |
| Houston & Texas | | | | |
| Illinois Central | 119 | | | 119 |
| I., B. & W. | | | | |
| Lake Shore | 104⅜ | 104½ | 104⅜ | 104½ |
| Louisville & Nashville | 86⅞ | 87 | 86⅝ | 86⅞ |
| Lead Trust | 20⅝ | 20⅞ | 20⅝ | 20⅞ |
| Michigan Central | | | | |
| Missouri Pacific | 72⅛ | 72⅝ | 72 | 72⅝ |
| M., K. & T. | 10¼ | 10¼ | 10 | 10 |
| Mobile & Ohio | 14 | 14¼ | 14 | 14½ |
| Manhattan Elevated | | | | |
| New York & New England | 44⅜ | 44⅝ | 44⅜ | 44⅝ |
| New York Central | | | | |
| Norfolk & Western com. | | | | |
| Norfolk & Western, pfd | | | | |
| Northern Pacific, com. | 30⅜ | | | 30⅜ |
| Northern Pacific, pfd. | 73½ | 73⅞ | 73½ | 73⅝ |
| Ohio Southern | 16½ | | | 16½ |
| Oregon & Trans. | 33¾ | 34⅛ | 33¾ | 34⅛ |
| Oregon Nav. & Trans. | | | | |
| Ohio & Miss. | | | | |
| Pacific Mail | 38½ | 38⅞ | 38½ | 38⅝ |
| Peoria, Decatur & Evansville | 16¾ | 16⅞ | 16¾ | 16⅞ |
| Philadelphia & Reading | 36⅝ | 36¾ | 36¼ | 36⅝ |
| Pullman Palace Car | 193⅝ | | | 193⅝ |
| Richmond Terminal | | | | |
| St. Paul & Duluth, com. | | | | |
| St. Paul & Duluth, pfd | 83 | | | 83 |
| Sugar Trust | 55½ | 56¼ | 55⅜ | 56⅛ |
| St. L. & S. F., com | | | | |
| St. L. & S. F., 1st pfd. | 90 | | | 90 |
| St. L. & S. F., 2d pfd. | 38 | 38½ | 38 | 38½ |
| St. P., M. & M. | 113 | | | 113 |
| Tennessee Coal & Iron | 85 | 86½ | 85 | 86½ |
| Texas & Pacific | 20¾ | 20⅞ | 20½ | 20⅞ |
| Union Pacific | 65½ | 66 | 65⅜ | 65⅞ |
| W., St. L. & P. | | | | |
| W., St. L. & P., pfd. | | | | |
| Western Union Telegraph Co | 84 | 84⅛ | 84 | 84⅛ |
| West Shore bonds | 104½ | 104¾ | 104⅜ | 104¾ |

### Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, broker, 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.

| | When Due. | Interest Payable | Bid. | Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4½ ℘ cent bonds | 1891 | J. S. D. & M. | 104¾ | 105¼ |
| 4 ℘ cent bonds | 1907 | J. A. J. & O. | 125¾ | 126¾ |
| RAILWAY BONDS. | | | | |
| Mo. Pac. consols | 1920 | May and Nov. | 109 | 111 |
| Mo. Pac. 3d | 1895 | May and Nov. | 120 | 125 |
| No. Mo 1st m 7s | 1895 | Jan. and July | 113½ | 114½ |
| K. P. 1st m 6s | 1896 | Feb. and Aug. | 111 | 111¾ |
| K. P. 1st m 6s | 1896 | June and Dec | 108½ | 109 |
| K. P. D. Ex. 6s | 1899 | May and Nov. | 113 | 114 |
| K. P. consols | 1910 | May and Nov. | 114½ | 114¾ |
| St. L. & M. 1st 7s | 1892 | Feb and Aug. | 106¼ | 107 |
| ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS. | | | | |
| City 3-65 sterling | 1907 | June and Dec. | 101½ | 102½ |
| City 4s sterling 10-20s | 1902 | May and Nov. | 102 | 104 |
| City 4s sterling 10-20s | 1895 | June and Dec. | 106 | 106 |
| City 5s sterling 10-20s | 1900 | June and Dec. | 101 | 103 |
| City 5s | 1900 | Jan. and July | 108 | 110 |
| City 6s, gold | 1892—93 | Various | 106½ | 106½ |
| City 6s, sterling | 1898 | June and Dec. | 114 | 116 |
| City 6s, water | 1899 | June and Dec. | 115 | 117 |
| City 6s, water | 1892 | April and Oct | 105 | 106 |
| City 6s, bridge approach | 1892 | June and Dec | 106 | 106¾ |
| County 6s, gold | 1895—96 | Jan. and July | 109 | 110 |
| County Park | 1905 | April and Oct | 124 | 126 |

CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

| | |
|---|---|
| Clearances | $3,571,976 |
| Balances | 597,562 |

### Exchange Quotations.

Furnished by A. G. Edwards & Sons, 313 N. 3d st.

| | |
|---|---|
| New York | .50 premium |
| Boston | .50 premium |
| Philadelphia | .50 premium |
| Chicago | .25 premium |
| Cincinnati | par |
| Louisville | par |
| New Orleans | .25 premium |

## COMMERCIAL.

### Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles at St. Louis

For the twenty-four hours ending Friday, January 17, 1890, and corresponding day in 1889, as reported by the Merchants' Exchange:

| ARTICLES. | Receipts by River and Rail. 1890. | Receipts by River and Rail. 1889. | Shipments by River and Rail. 1890. | Shipments by River and Rail. 1889. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Flour, bbls | 2,606 | 2,010 | 10,272 | 5,779 |
| Wheat, bu. | 26,989 | ...... | 3,060 | 17,573 |
| Corn, bu. | 191,790 | 145,200 | 189,464 | 314,175 |
| Oats, bu. | 24,335 | 13,000 | 10,225 | 19,720 |
| Rye, bu | 3,300 | 1,100 | 6,360 | 1,600 |
| Barley, bu | 4,800 | 1,800 | 500 | ...... |
| Bran, Shipstuff, sks | 200 | ...... | 1,805 | 1,908 |
| Do in bulk, cars | 1 | 1 | 1 | ...... |
| Cornmeal, bbls | ...... | ...... | 1,041 | 525 |
| Cotton b'l's local | 1,264 | 800 | 3,742 | 3,013 |
| Do. bales, through | 304 | 630 | | |
| Hay, tons | 181 | 435 | 141 | 188 |
| Pork, bbls | 270 | ...... | 74 | 24 |
| Hams, lbs | ...... | 52,960 | 29,788 | 86,236 |
| Meats, lbs | 490,885 | 709,500 | 909,853 | 519,428 |
| Lard, lbs | 970 | 28,650 | 129,017 | 209,621 |

### Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

| | Wheat bu. | Corn bu. | Oats bu. | Rye bu. | Barley bu. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| T'd | 1,982,639 | 1,871,622 | 332,136 | 30,941 | 78,653 |
| Yst | 1,996,308 | 1,914,097 | 350,261 | 31,776 | 77,179 |
| '89 | 3,362,751 | 2,446,065 | 580,944 | 90,262 | 163,562 |
| | No. 2 Red. | No. 2. | No. 2. | No. 2. | |
| T'd | 1,694,088 | 1,362,831 | 118,091 | 24,664 | |
| Yst | 1,698,673 | 1,409,250 | 121,292 | 25,496 | |
| '89 | 1,154,955 | 1,920,882 | 154,193 | 68,686 | |

### Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

| | RECEIPTS. Wheat. | RECEIPTS. Corn. | SHIPMENTS. Wheat. | SHIPMENTS. Corn. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 26,989 | 191,790 | 3,060 | 188,464 |
| Milwaukee | 23,635 | 1,950 | .... | .... |
| Baltimore | 17,904 | 73,563 | .... | 170,071 |
| Toledo | 3,645 | 83,500 | 7,450 | 132,200 |
| New York | 18,700 | 113,400 | .... | 17,230 |
| Chicago | 25,734 | 204,164 | 13,789 | 270,659 |
| Detroit | 6,952 | 2,520 | 4,551 | 10,208 |
| Duluth | 3,497 | .... | 3,435 | .... |
| Minneapolis | 117,160 | .... | 18,560 | .... |
| Philadel'hia | 2,855 | 68,167 | 3,600 | 7,697 |

### Closing Prices—1:15 P. M.

ST. LOUIS:

| | Closing Yesterday. | Highest To-day. | Lowest To-day. | Closing To-day. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| WHEAT. | | | | |
| Jan. | 77⅞ b | .... | .... | 77½ n |
| Feb. | 78⅛ b | | | 78 n |
| Mch. | 79 b | | | 79 n |
| April | 80 n | | | |
| May. | 80⅛@⅞ | 80⅞ | 80⅛ | 80⅛ b |
| June | 80⅛@¼ a | 80⅛ | 79¾ | 79¾ b |
| July. | 77⅛ b | 77⅛ | 77⅛ | 76¾ a |
| CORN. | | | | |
| Jan. | 25¾ b | | | 25⅞ b |
| Feb. | 26⅛@¼ a | 26¼ | 26⅛ | 26¼ a |
| Mch. | 26⅞ b | 27 | 27 | 27 a |
| May. | 28⅛@¼ a | 28¼ | 28 | 28 |
| July. | 29⅛@⅛ | | | 29⅛@¼ a |
| OATS. | | | | |
| Jan. | | | | |
| May | 21⅝ a | 21¾@⅞ | 21¾ | 21¾@⅞ b |
| CHICAGO: | | | | |
| WHEAT. | | | | |
| May | 81½@⅝ | 81⅞ | 81 | 81 |
| July | 80 | 80⅛ | 79¾ | 79¾ |
| CORN. | | | | |
| Feb. | 29¼ | 29⅛@⅛ | 29⅛@⅛ | 29⅛@⅛ |
| May | 31⅝@¾ | 31⅞ | 31⅛ | 31⅝@⅛ |
| OATS. | | | | |
| May | 22 | 22⅛ | 21⅞@22 | 22 |
| PORK. | | | | |
| Feb. | 9.50 | 9.52 | 9.50 | 9.52 |
| May | 9.87 | 9.87 | 9.90 | 9.90 |
| LARD. | | | | |
| Feb. | 5.87 | 5.87 | 5.85 | 5.87 |
| May | 6.07 | 6.07 | 6.05 | 6.07 |
| SHORT RIBS. | | | | |
| Feb. | 4.70 | 4.70 | 4.67 | 4.70 |
| May | 4.90 | 4.92 | 4.90 | 4.92 |

NEW YORK—January, 86⅝c; February, 86¾c; March, 87⅝c b; April, 88⅜c; May, 88⅝c b; June, 87⅝c; July, 86⅝c. Corn—January, 37⅝c; February, 38c; March, 38⅜c b; May, 39⅝c b. Oats—January, 29c; February, 28⅜c; May, 27⅝c.

TOLEDO—Wheat—January, 81½c; February, 81⅝c; March, 82½c b; May, 84⅛c a.

### Future Sales To-Day.

WHEAT—May—205 at 80⅞c, 60 at 80⅜@⅞c, 270 at 80⅜c, 290 at 80⅛@⅜c, 115 at 80⅛c, 210 at 80½@⅝c, 65 at 80½c, 240 at 80⅛@⅜c, 90 at 80⅛c. June—50 at 80⅛c, 110 at 80c, 20 at 79⅞@80c, 25 at 79⅞c, 50 at 79⅜c. July—30 at 77¼c, 20 at 77⅛c. No. 3 red—5 February at 74⅛c.

CORN—February, 10 at 26⅛c, 20 at 26¼c; March, 10 at 27c; May, 40 at 28⅛c, 10 at 28c.

OATS—May, 25 at 21¾c, 10 at 21¾@⅞c.

### Commercial Notes.

Some snow has fallen in the Northwest and North, but the ground throughout the winter wheat section is still bare. While this fact will hardly hurt the growing crop, it may hurt the shorts if cold weather continues.

After the insignificant fluctuations that have been seen in wheat, the ⅜c higher opening in Chicago this morning was accepted by the trade generally as an indication that a decided change one way or the other was to be made in wheat, and that the fluctuations will be larger and more marked.

It was stated that the higher Chicago opening was due to Hutchinson's buying on the curb. This made the other traders believe it a put up job.

The freight blockade on the docks of the lake transit lines in Milwaukee continues about as great as ever, and probably not much less than 1,600 carloads of stuff is piled up awaiting transportation eastward.

The amount of wheat and flour due at ports in the United Kingdom from the Pacific coast is small, and during the next thirty days is equivalent to about 2,200,000 bu wheat.

Dornbusch states that the stock of wheat at Odessa proves to be larger than many anticipated. It amounts to 7,472,000 bu. The stock January 1, 1889, was 13,649,000 bu. The stock of rye is 928,000 bu, against 1,670,000 bu January 1, 1889.

The area of winter wheat seeded in Illinois is reported at 1,916,770 acres, or 7 per cent more than last year.

Johnny Grier is still trying to buy that No. 2 white corn for May at 29⅛c, and Sardius Smith is still working to sell some at 29⅞@30c. John Thyson came in to-day and raised Grier out by bidding 29⅞@⅞c, after which Thyson passed and made it a jack pot.

The Cincinnati Price Current is out with an estimate that this country now has 52,000,000 bu wheat it can spare for export the balance of this crop year. This only means 2,000,000 bu a week up to July 1, 1890, and present exports of flour and wheat are more than 2,000,000 bu a week.

Latest advices from India report a stronger market for flaxseed and prices for the new crop advancing.

European reports indicate that reserves of wheat are small, and that they are being freely drawn upon. Importations rule small in the leading countries.

Owing to the scarcity of ice in the Eastern markets, merchants are storing larger quantities of meats in the West than usual, especially in the large cities where packing-houses are provided with ice-manufacturing machines.

Advices from Taganrog, Russia, December 20, state "Advices from Germany respecting the indifferent condition of the autumn-sown wheat crop, coupled with severe frost throughout Russia, with the absence of snow, have promoted exporters to buy up lots of rye, wheat and barley, and all the small stores have been cleared of available supplies; while considerable transactions have been entered into for spring delivery."

A well posted Chicago trader wired Col. Tom Burns: "Lindblom is very bullish and has been buying wheat in New York for several days. Dunham says: 'This is the time to buy wheat. I am bullish.' Charley Singer has not much interest in the market, as he is going to Europe, but he would sell if he did anything. Hutch is a conundrum still. He is only a scalper for ⅛ cent. C. A. Pillsbury of Minneapolis, is bullish and has been buying very largely in past few days."

Dunlap Bros. of Glasgow, Scotland, in their annual review of the year's business, say: "With regard to imports, wheat shows an increase upon the moderate supply of 1888 of 21,841 qrs. Flour presents the large total this year of 1,668,100 sacks, being 128,408 sacks over the preceding year's return. All other articles of the trade show a marked increase with the exception of East Indian and Canadian pease, upon which there is considerable diminution. As to the sources of our wheat supply we have again been indebted chiefly to America and Russia, the former having contributed about 56 per cent of our requirements while the latter supplied 35 per cent, the balance being made up by home and continental ports. Of flour, America sent us the greatest proportion, namely, upwards of a million and a quarter sacks—an increase of 51,500 sacks compared with 1888. Hungary supplied 297,000 sacks, being 47,000 sacks more than was received from her last year. With the exception of 7,000 quarters obtained from the Black Sea and other foreign ports, this year's large import of Indian corn has been derived from America.

A hint to American butter makers. Norway finds South America a good market for her butter. This Norwegian butter is very nice, and is put up neatly and securely in impervious tin packages holding one pound, which sell at 75c each.

New Orleans cleared yesterday 75,100 bu corn for Liverpool and 45,768 bu for Bremen.

New York to Small: "Liverpool wheat dull and shade lower." To Green: "Cables wheat inactive and prices unchanged; corn fair consumptive demand; future deliveries inactive."

### St. Louis Markets.

REGULAR SESSION, CLOSING 1:15 P. M.

Wheat once more started in strong, though dull and weak cables were again on hand. Really the only bull influence was Chicago, which opened ⅜c higher upon nothing in particular, so far as could be learned, but this was sufficient to bring out some buying here at 80⅞c for May, at which considerable was traded in. There was nothing in receipts to influence the market, our own keeping up to the former full dimensions and light at other points, but export clearances were very small, only 2,028 pkgs flour and 3,600 bu wheat reported. Chicago appeared to grow tired very soon of its advance, and it began to weaken off, which was the signal for a downward slide by all markets including our own. Later in the session the market took a perfect toboggan slide. There was no fresh news to hold prices, much more bull them, most shorts appeared to have covered, and there wasn't much demand, and every outside market was plunging down hill at a great rate. Some large selling orders came in from Chicago, adding to the weight on the market, and May finally broke to 80⅛c, closing at the bottom, and ⅜@½c below yesterday. June sold at 80⅛c to 79¾c, and July at 77⅛c to 77⅛c. A sale of No. 3 red for February was made at 74⅛c. Spot grades firm and in demand. No. 2 red steady, 9 cars selling regular at 77¾c and No. 3 red higher, with sale of 1 car regular at 74½c and bids of 74½c for regular, 74⅝c for E. side, 75c for St. L., C. and M. No. 4 offered regular at 66c, bid 65c E. side, 66c this side. Rejected offered at 48c regular, 46½c bid and 48½c bid E. side, 50c for U. and A. No. 2 hard salable this and E. side at 67c and No. 3 hard at 64c. Samples were as firm as for several days past, with an active milling demand, especially for best grades, but lower qualities selling well, also. Sales: 1 car low-grade at 50c, 1 car at 62c, 2 rejected at 65c, 3 No. 4 at 70c, 2 No. 3 E. track at 75½c, 3 do at 76c; 2 cars No. 3 and 77 sks at 76c, 77 sks at 77c, 113 sks at 78½c, 2 cars No. 2 E. track and 998 sks fancy at 79c.

CORN—Speculation was dead, for over two hours not a trade being made. Receipts were again large, but so were shipments and most of the arrivals went through, and though cables were weak the cash demand was excellent. The strength and advance in the spot article stiffened the market somewhat and February sold at 26⅛ to 26¼c, March at 27c and May at 28⅛c, but the break in wheat weakened the feeling and May declined to 28c and there were sellers at close of February and March and no buyers. Spot grades firm and higher, the shipping demand continuing active and steady and not finding enough offered to supply their wants. This was especially the case with No. 2, the offerings of which were very small and exporters, who have tonnage engaged, paid higher prices. Sales: No. 2, five cars regular at 25⅞c, twelve do at 26c, and later bid for more. No. 2 white, five cars this side at 27⅛c; E. side offered at 26¾c, bid 26⅜c and 26½c bid for U. and A., 27¼c for St. L. and M. No. 3, two cars in St. L. at 25c, three in St. L. and C. E. side at 24⅞c, for C., 24¾c bid. No. 4, seven cars E. side at 23c, one in E. at 23½c; for St. L. 23½c bid. No. 3 yellow—1 car E. side at 25¼c. No. 3 white offered E. side at 26½c bid, 26⅜c and 26½c bid for U. and A., 27c for St. L. and M. No. 2 yellow—26¼c bid E. side. No grade offered in U. at 21c and 20c bid. Sample sales—1 No. 3 color at 26c, 466 sks St. Charles at 31½c.

OATS—The future market was stronger, May opening at 21¾c and afterwards improving to 21¾c@⅞c, but late the decline in other markets and in wheat set the price back to 21¾c, at which there were sellers at close. Spot grades were firm and No. 3 sold higher, a car selling regular at 21c and that bid for more. Bids for No. 2 were 21c regular and 21¼c, and for no grade in St. L. 19c, but none offered. Samples were somewhat firmer and for mixed there was a good demand, but white sold slowly. Sales: 2 cars No. 3 at 21c, 1 do at 21¼c, 1 No. 3 color at 21½c, 3 No. 2 at 21⅝, 1 No. 3 color at 22c, 1 No. 3 white at 22¾, 4 No. 2 white at 23¾c.

RYE firm, but quiet. A car No. 3 sold in St. L. at 39¼c and for regular 39c bid. No. 2 offered regular at 41¼c and in E at 42c, with 41c bid for former.

BARLEY—The market was active, but values unchanged. Sales: 1 car Minnesota at 50c, 5,000 bu Wisconsin to arrive at 57c, 1 car Minnesota at 55c, 10 cars Wisconsin at 50c, 10,000 bu Iowa to arrive, p. t. Quotations: Iowa, 25@30c for dark. 30 to 35c for bright and heavy; Minnesota and Wisconsin ordinary, 40@50c; choice, 50@53c; fancy, 58c; Canada, No. 2, 68c, and No. 1, 74c; Kansas, 20@25c.

FLOUR was held just as firmly, but there was very little demand and most buyers wanted to buy at cheaper rates than sellers would accept. Sales: 40 bbls at $270, 130 at $385, 40 at $410 450 bbls patent p. t. We quote XXX, $2.10@2.25; family, $2.40@2.45; choice, $2.60@2.65; fancy, $3.20@3.35; extra fancy, $3.65@3.75; patents, $4.05@4.20. Prices for lots at depot and on levee this side.

CORNMEAL—At $1.55@1.60 and pearl meal, grits and hominy at $2.15@2.25.

RYE FLOUR—Steady at $2.85@2.90 del.

BRAN was easy, though 43c bid f. o. b. boat. Sales—Bulk—2 cars at country points at 39c. Sacked—2 cars at country point at 41½c, 1 f. o. b. this side at 42½c, 2 East track at 43½c, do at 43c; also 1 car middlings at country point at 55c. A car bran sold f. o. b. boat on direct order at 44½c.

HAY—The offerings were small, especially the best grades and really fancy timothy would readily have commanded $13. There was a very fair local demand and everything sold well, except low grades, which dragged at low-down prices. Sales: 4 car choice prairie at $8, 2 cars red top mixed at $7, 1 clover mixed at $7.50, 8 red top at $8, 1 do at $8.25, 1 prime timothy at $8.50, 2 choice at $10.50@11, 1 fancy at $12, 1 do at $12.50.

RYE STRAW—Sale 1 car at $6.

PROVISIONS—Higher and strong. There was no let up to the active demand for bacon and cured dry salt meats, and their scarcity was more plainly marked than ever, higher prices failing to bring out free offerings. Sales of 8 cars fully-cured dry salt c'ribs, 45-lb average, at 4.85c, and 65-lb held at 4⅞c. During the past few days about 2000 tcs prime steam lard sold E. side for shipment East for export. A car green meats sold at 3c for shoulder and 7c for hams from the block. Loose dry salt of shipping age sold f. o. b. for cash—Shoulders, 3¾c; longs and c'ribs, 4.80c; shorts, 5c; boxed 15 to 30-day shoulders, 3¾c; longs, 4.65@1¾c; c'ribs, 4¾@5.85c; shorts, 4.85@5c. Packed bacon: houlders, 4¼@4⅜c; longs, 5.55c; c'ribs, 5.60@5.65c; shorts, 5.75@5.80c. Hard side in job lots at 9.62½, and standard mess pork at $9.87½@10. Prime steam lard held at 5⅜c and 5¼c bid; fancy leaf, 6¾c. second brand, 6¼c. Sugar-cured hams, 9¼@12¼c. Breakfast bacon, 8@9c. Beef—Family, $6.50@10 ℘ bbl; on orders higher. $4@5.50 ℘ ¼-bbl; dried, 9@10c; selected, 10@11c ℘ lb; smoked beef tongues, $4@5 ℘ doz. Salt—Domestic, 85@90c ℘ bbl on E.; 90@95 ℘ bbl on this side. Ground alum, $1.10@1.15 ℘ 1-b sack; small way higher.

HIGHWINES unchanged at $1.02 in St. Louis, Cincinnati and Chicago, $1.03 in Peoria.

LEAD has finally worked out of the $3 60@3.62½ rut and has declined on weak outside advices. New York is quoted at $3.85 asked, and London at £13 15s, is 10s per ton lower than latest previous quotations. In the home market 5 cars chemical sold E. side at $3.60 and 5 cars on this side at $3.55, and desilverized was offered at $3.60 delivered.

### Afternoon Curb.

May wheat lower and weak, with sales at 80⅛@¼c; puts, 80⅛c a; calls, 80¼@⅜c. Chicago—May, 81c a.

### Chicago Market Letter.

Special to J. C. Ewald.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—Wheat opened firm and higher on reports of a good demand for cash, both here and at country points, which however, was not confirmed. The early market was actively bulled by parties who bought heavily yesterday, but they could not hold prices, outside support and bull news being equally scarce. The latter part of the market was a contest as to whether wheat should be put, large numbers of those privileges having been sold at about 81⅛c for May, the close developing into a selling foot race between those who bought wheat yesterday and those who were liable to have it put to them to-day. The close was active and very weak, shorts being the only buyers.

Corn and provisions were steady and very dull. The only feature in provision was the purchase by Armour of a considerable amount of lard.

W. G. McCORMICK & CO.

### Coffee Market

As reported by the Hanley & Kinsella Coffee & Spice Co.

| | 1st call. | 2d call. | 3d call. |
|---|---|---|---|
| January | 15.90 | ...... | ...... |
| February | 15.90 | ...... | ...... |
| March | ...... | ...... | ...... |
| April | 15.95 | ...... | ...... |
| May | 15.95 b | ...... | ...... |
| June | 15.95 b | ...... | ...... |

Fair coffee in New York, 20c.

Mail Pouch coffee in St. Louis, 24½c.

RIO, Jan. 17.—Prices and exchange unchanged. Receipts of 16th, 9,000. Clearances for United States, nil. Clearances for Europe, nil. Stock, 189,000. Market steady. Santos receipts, 4,000.

### Leaf Tobacco.

At the Planters' Warehouse 24 hhds. were on the break. The bids were: 3 hhds. Kentucky burley at $4.10, $5, $.510; 9 hhds. Missouri burley at $4. $4, $4, $4.50, $4.60, $5, $5.30, $8.10, $6.30; 5 hhds. bright smokers at $3.50 to $4; 2 hhds. new crop Missouri bright wrappers at $10.25; 1 hhd. redried old style leaf at $4.60; 4 hhds. old style leaf, passed. The market was dull and inactive.

The market was tame, as cold weather interfered with the attendance of buyers at Evans Bros. warehouse; 31 hhds were on sale and bid off as follows: 15 old style dark leaf passed; 4 old style lugs at $1.25; 3 old burley lugs common at $1.45@1.90@2.25; 4 Virginia smoker lugs at $4.45@5; 11 new burley at $1.75@2.50 for lugs and $3@7.25 for leaf, 1 old burley leaf at $7.

### Country Produce.

STRAWBERRIES—Florida sold at 40@65c per quart.

APPLES—Received, 213 bbls. Geniting at $1.50@2; choice and fancy varieties at $2.25@3.25 ℘ bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples—Sun-dried, 3@3¼c; evaporated quarters, 5@6c, and rings, 6½@7½c. Peaches—Sun-dried, 2½@2¾c; evaporated, unpeeled, 5@8c, and peeled, 10@14c. Sale 1 car sun-dried apples at 3¼c.

ORANGES—Firm, but quiet. Florida Russet, $2.00@2.50; choice and fancy bright, $2.75@3.00 per box; Valencia, $5.00@5.50 per case.

LEMONS—Messina and Palermo at $2.50@3.50 per box.

COCOANUTS—$5 per 100, $45 per 1,000.

BANANAS—Choice bunches on orders $2.00@2.50.

CRANBERRIES—$11.50 per bbl. and $3.75 per box for Eastern.

POTATOES—Quiet at 20@25c for near-grown to 30@35c for Northern; Rose firm at 50c.

ONIONS—Choice, 70@75c; fancy, 80c ℘ bu.

SWEET POTATOES—Home-grown on orders; Bermuda, $1.75; Nansemond, $2.50 ℘ bbl.

RUTABAGAS—Quotable at 28@30c ℘ bu; orders, $1.25 ℘ bbl. Some of the Southern is arriving in bad orders leafy and damaged.

CABBAGE—Northern, $15@20 ℘ ton, according to quality; choice stock on orders, $2.50 ℘ crate; new Southern at $1.50@2 ℘ crate.

SAUERKRAUT—Choice city make on orders, bbls at $3.40 and half-bbls at $2.40.

TURNIPS—Home-grown on orders, $1 ℘ bbl.

CARROTS—Home-grown on orders, $1.25 ℘ bbl.

PARSNIPS—Home-grown on orders, $1.25@1.50 ℘ bbl.

HORSERADISH—Home-grown on orders, $2.75@3.25 per bbl.

BUTTER—Receipts, 37,369 lbs. Market firm and good demand for fancy, but all low grades dead dull. We quote: Creamery—Choice gathered cream at 20@22c; fancy separator goods, 26@27c; fancy Elgin, 28@29c. Dairy—Choice at 23@24c; fair at 16@18c; medium at 7@9c. Near-by country make—Packed at 5c for low, to 8@11c for choice. Roll—Near-by at 5@6c for low to fair, to 8c for selected; Northern, 13@14c; grease butter at 4c.

CHEESE—Wisconsin full cream—Twins, 9¾@10c; singles, 10@10¼c. Y. A.—Full cream, 10¼c; light skims, 8½@9c.

EGGS—Received, 1,508 cases, Firm, at 12c for good stock.

DRESSED POULTRY—In good demand and firm. Hen turkeys sold at 10c to 11c and gobblers 8c to 9c ℘ lb; chickens at 7c to 9c for hens, to 4@5c for large roosters; ducks at 9@10c; geese at 6c to 8c for rough, to 7@7½c for choice.

LIVE POULTRY—Offerings light and demand good. Chickens, 7½@8c; old roosters, 3½c per lb; turkeys, 7c for large and 7½c for small; ducks, 7@7½c; geese, 5@5½c; pigeons, 75c per dozen.

GAME—Firm and in demand. Sales ranged as follows: Grouse, $4.50; pheasants, $4.50; snipe, $1. Ducks—Mallard, $3; teal, $2.50; mixed, $1.50. Wild turkey, 5 to 6c per lb; deer carcasses, 6@8c, and venison saddles, 11 to 13c; antilope saddles, 8 to 10c and carcasses, 5 to 6c; rabbits, 65@75c; squirrel, 30@40c.

VEALS—Choice, 5@5½c; heretics, 2½@3c per lb.

FURS—Market dull and easy. We quote:

| DESCRIPTION. | Large No. 1. | No. 1. | No. 2. | No. 3. | No. 4. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Raccoon | $ 60 | $ 45 | $ 35 | 25 | 15 |
| Mink | 50 | 40 | 30 | 20 | 10 |
| Fox, red | 1 00 | 80 | 50 | 30 | 15 |
| Fox, gray | 60 | 55 | 40 | 25 | 10 |
| Otter | 6 00 | 5 00 | 3 00 | 1 50 | 50 |
| Beaver | 5 00 | 4 00 | 3 00 | 1 50 | 50 |

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Opossum | 5@ 8 | Wolf, prairie | 10@85 |
| Muskrat | 5@15 | Badger | 10@60 |
| Wild cat | 10@30 | Bear | 25@38 |
| Pole and house cat | 5@10 | | |

Skunk: black 80c, short 60c, narrow 30c, broad 40c—open territory 20@30c.

☞ "Open" mink, fox, otter, skunk, opossum, muskrat, cats and badger 10@20 per cent less. Scabs worthless.

WOOL—Receipts, 49,155 lbs. Unchanged. We quote:

| UNWASHED—STATES AND TERRITORIES. | Bright, medium. | Braid, coarse. | Low sandy |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mo., Ill., Ark., etc | 24 @ | 19@22 | 16@18 |
| Kansas and Nebraska | 19 @20 | 14@16 | 11@13 |
| Texas and Ind. Ty... 8 to 12 mo. | 23 @24 | 18@21 | 15@17 |
| Texas and Ind. Ty... 4 to 6 mo. | 19 @20 | 14@16 | 11@13 |
| Colo., New Mexico, etc | 20 @21 | 16@19 | 13@15 |
| Mont., Wyo., etc | 21 @22 | 18@21 | 15@17 |

| UNWASHED—STATES AND TERRITORIES. | FINE. Light. | FINE. Heavy. |
|---|---|---|
| Mo., Ill., Ark., etc | 21 @22 | 16 @19 |
| Kansas and Nebraska | 17 @19 | 13 @16 |
| Texas and Indian Territory... 8 to 12 mo. | 20 @22 | 15 @18 |
| Texas and Indian Territory... 4 to 6 mo. | 17 @18 | 11 @14 |
| Colo., New Mexico, etc | 18 @19 | 13 @16 |
| Montana, Wyoming, etc | 19 @20 | 15 @18 |

Tub—Choice, 35c; inferior at 30@33c. Sacks—10@20c. Tare, 3@4c ℔. Burry, cotted, etc.—slightly, 3@4c off; moderately, 4@5c off; hard at 10c for Southern, to 14c for Missouri; black, 2@5c off.

HIDES—Market quiet and easy. We quote: Green salted—No. 1 at 4¼c; No. 2 at 3¼c; bull at 3c; uncured and Southern ticky, ½@1c less; pepper boxes or badly grubby at 2c. Dry flint—No. 1 at 9c; No. 2 at 6c; skins weighing less than 10 lbs and bulls at 5c; dry salted at 6½c for No. 1 and 5c for No. 2; glue at 1½c for green and 3c for dry; dry flint sell round at 6@8c; green salted at 3½@4¼c.

TALLOW—Quiet and steady. Prime and strictly prime in oil barrels and cake 3½@4c; in regular pkgs ¼c less; No. 2 at 3½c.

SHEEP PELTS—Quiet. Green—Large heavy wooled, 90c@$1; medium sized and fairly wooled, 60@70c; lambs, 40@60c. Dry, 10@25c less. Shearlings—Green, 20@35c; dry, 5@20c.

DEER SKINS—Quiet and easy. Prime flint at 28c; green, salted, damaged, meaty, etc., half price; antelope at 18@20c, and goat at 10@25c.

FEATHERS—Steady. Prime live geese at 41@42c, top rate for small sacks; prime gray, quilly, unripe, etc., 35c; white old at 36c; mixed, old, etc., at 15@35c; chicken (dry picked) at 4c; duck at 20c for dark, to 30c for white; tare 3 and 10 per cent.

WHITE BEANS—Dull. Poor, 60@75c; prime, $1@1.10.

ROOTS—Ginseng at $2.80@2.90—large worth more; seneca at 27@28c—oppy less; snake, 20c; blood, 3c; May apple, 3@3½c; golden seal, 20c; angelica, 5½c; pink, 17c; black, 5c; wahoo root bark, 10c; blue flag, 5c, bitter sweet bark, 6c.

MOSS—Rough—Gray, 2¼@3½c; brown, 3@3½c, brown mixed with black, 2@3¼c; black, 3@3½c.

NUTS—Peanuts, red, 2¼@3⅛c; white, 4@5c; pecans, Western and Territory, 5@5½c; Texas, 6@6½c; hickorynuts, shellbark, 50c; large, 30c; walnuts, 20c; hazelnuts, 8c.

BROOM CORN—Steady at 2@2¼c for common, to 3½@4c for choice; fancy and burl at 4½@5c.

HONEY—Comb at 12@13c for inferior, to 14@15c for choice; strained and extracted—in cans, 7@8c; in bbls, 5@6½c.

SCRAP IRON, ETC.—Wrought, 30c; heavy cast, 35c; plow, 45c; stove plate, 43c; malleable and burnt, 30c. Brass—Heavy, 8c; light, 6c; copper, 8c; lead, 3¼c; zinc, 2¼c; pewter, 8c.

BONES—Green, $11@13; junk, $14@15; mixed, $15@16; partly bleached to strictly bleached, $17@19.

RAGS, ETC.—Country mixed rags, $1.25@1.35; old paper, 55c; old rubber, $2.50; old rope, $1.25@2.25.

BALINGSTUFF—Hardly any demand. Prices range: 1¼-lb bagging at 6½c, 1¾-lb at 7c, 2¼-lb at 8½c; hemp twine in job lots, 9c; iron cotton ties, $1.15@1.20.

GRASS SEED—Quiet; clover $2.75@3.30; timothy, $1@1.25; other descriptions entirely nominal.

FLAX SEED—Unchanged at $1.80.

CASTOR BEANS—Car lots prime, $2; smaller lots less.

HEMP SEED—Quotable at $1.70.

### Cotton.

There was a good strong advance to-day, a veritable boom, in fact, and the appearance of all the markets was very firm and tending upward. Speculation appears to be thoroughly convinced that the crop has been largely estimated and this, with the fact that receipts are considered light and that there is a strong demand for the staple, is having a very bullish effect. Even the foreign market is affected, Liverpool futures closing 4@5 points above yesterday, though spots were quiet and unchanged, with only a moderate demand. In New York futures there was a sharp advance. Spots were firm and 1-16c higher. The home market was 1-16c better and very firm. Offerings were rather restricted, as sellers were holding very stiffly, yet sales of 2,805 bales were reported.

Manchester reported that buyers of cloths refuse to pay the advance and yarns strong, but not very active.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary, nominal, ordinary, nominal; good ordinary, 9⅜c; low middling, 9 13-16c; middling, 10 1-16c; good middling, 10 5-16c; middling fair, 10 13-16c; fair, nominal; stained, ¼@⅜c less than white.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS—Gross receipts, 2,101 bales; since September 1, 1889, 412,400 bales, against 443,927 bales same time last season; shipments to-day, 2,786 bales; since September 1, 1889, 325,135 bales, against 357,759 bales same time last season; net receipts, 1,558 bales; since September 1, 1889, 186,607 bales, against 209,341 same time last year; shipments 2,243 bales; since September 1, 1889, 99,343 bales, against 123,123 same time last year; stocks in compresses and warehouses to-day, 87,777 bales, against 90,128 bales same time last year.

NEW ORLEANS—Receipts, 10,104 bales. Spot steady at 10c. Futures steady at 12; 10 p. m.—January, 10.17c; February, 10.13c; March, 10.20c; April, 10.27c; May, 10.34c; June, 10.41c.

GALVESTON—Receipts, 1,114 bales; market dull at 10c

SAVANNAH—Receipts, 4,158 bales; market quiet at 10⅛c.

NORFOLK—Receipts, 2,082 bales; market firm at 10¼c.

MOBILE—Receipts, 1,186 bales; market firm at 10c.

CHARLESTON—Receipts, —— bales; market firm at 10c.

WILMINGTON—Receipts, 277 bales; strong at 10c.

MEMPHIS—Receipts, 1,984 bales; very firm at 10c.

BALTIMORE—Receipts, 3,200 bales; nominal 10⅜@½c.

BOSTON—Receipts 210 bales; quiet at 10⅝c.

AUGUSTA—Receipts, 762 bales; firm 10⅛c.

PHILADELPHIA—Receipts, ——; firm 10¾c.

LIVERPOOL—Spot, 5 13-16d; sales, 10,000 bales; receipts 31,000 bales, 27,800 of which American.

| | Closed Yesterday. | Closed To-day. |
|---|---|---|
| January and February | 5.49 | 5.53 |
| February and March | 5.49 | 5.53 |
| March and April | 5.50 | 5.55 |
| April and May | 5.52 | 5.56 |
| May and June | 5.53 | 5.57 |
| June and July | 5.54 | 5.58 |
| July and August | 5.55 | 5.60 |
| August | 5.55 | 5.60 |
| | Barely steady. | Irregular. |

NEW YORK—Receipts, —— bales; middling, 10 9-16c.

| | Closed Yesterday. | Highest To-day. | Lowest To-day. | 2:22 pm To-day. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| January | 10.40 | 10.54 | 10.44 | 10.54 |
| February | 10.43 | 10.58 | 10.48 | 10.58 |
| March | 10.50 | 10.64 | 10.56 | 10.64 |
| April | 10.57 | 10.71 | 10.63 | 10.71 |
| May | 10.62 | 10.76 | 10.69 | 10.76 |
| June | 10.67 | 10.82 | 10.74 | 10.82 |
| July | 10.72 | 10.87 | 10.79 | 10.87 |
| August | 10.77 | 10.92 | 10.84 | 10.92 |
| September | 10.35 | 10.46 | 10.39 | 10.46 |
| October | 10.08 | 10.20 | 10.12 | 10.20 |
| | Barely steady. | | | Firm. |

Sales to-day, 133,000 bales.

### Lumber.

Reported by the Russell-Massengale Commission Co., Southwest corner Main and Olive.

We report a good feeling in the hardwood lumber trade for the week past, and sales have been, on the whole, satisfactory, though not so large as we would have had had the weather been more favorable. Our correspondents and shippers from a dozen or more points in Arkansas, and many in Missouri, Tennessee and Illinois, complain loudly of incessant rains, and consequently bad country roads, which rendered hauling timber and lumber almost an impossibility. We quote sales:

POPLAR—squares—Cut 4x4, 5x5, 6x6, 7x7 and 8x8; all lengths; $26 and $16.

BOARDS—1, 1½ and 2 inch, $24 and $26, $14 and $16. The demand very good for both boards and squares—especially if the grades are good.

CYPRESS—This lumber is coming into favor with our yards and manufacturers. We quote: 1, 1¼ and 2 inch, $26 and $16; white, 2½ and 3 inch, $27 and $17, provided the grades run well; poor stock not wanted.

WHITE OAK—In good demand for boards, dimension and wagon material. For boards, $24@26 and $14@16: dimension, $16@19 mill run; felloes, 65c per set; reaches and bolsters, $25 per 1,000; tongues, $30 per 1,000.

RED GUM—Demand fair. For boards, 1 to 2 inch at $21 and $10 for dry stock.

ASH—Is wanted; 1 to 3 inch at $26@28 and $16@18; dry common, 1 inch $16.

WALNUT—Good stock scarce; worth $70@75 for first and second; $40 common and $20 for culls.

CHERRY—Scarce; about same price as walnut; all depends on grades.

COTTONWOOD—Good dry stock wanted at $13@14, mill run.

YELLOW PINE—In fair demand for dry finishing boards and flooring strips. We quote: Rough, $18@19 and $9; for country D. & M. flooring, $17@18 for first and second and $15@15.50 for star.

SYCAMORE—Dry stock, $12@13.

ELM—Dull; $12.50@13 mill run.

SOFT MAPLE—In fair demand for dry 1 inch to 2 inch at $16, mill run.

HICKORY—Wanted; $28@29 and $15; axles, $30@32.50, as to size.

RED OAK—Quiet; $22@24 and $12@14, as to quality.

## MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Wheat—Receipts 18,700; sales, 264,000 bu, No. 2 red; advanced 3-16c, reacted, now easy, quiet; January, 86¾c; February, 87⅛c; March, 88¼@88⅜c; April, 88¾@88 15-16c; May, 88⅞@88 15-16c; July, 86⅝@86¾c; August, 84⅝c; December, 87⅛c. Rye—Firm; State, 57@60c; Western, 45@60c; 57@60c. Barley quiet; State, 50@56c; Canadian, 58@75c. Corn—Receipts 113,400; sales, 32,000 No. 2; dull, easier; mixed Western, 35@41c. Oats—Receipts, 64,000 bu; sales, none; No. 2 dull and nominal; Western, 26½@34c. Beef quiet; plate, $7.75@8.00; extra mess, $7.00. Pork strong and quiet; new mess, $10.50@11.00; old mess, $9.75@10.25; extra prime, $9.25@9.75. Lard strong, fair demand; steam rendered, 6.20@6.22½c. Butter—Receipts, 3,803 pkgs.; dull and unchanged; Western dairy, 8@16c; Western creamery, 12@16½c; Elgins, 28@28½c; imitation creamery, 9@18c. Cheese—Receipts, 5,600 pkgs; quiet, unsettled; State, 8¼@10½c; fancy, 10@10½c; Western, 8@10c; skims, 2@8c. Eggs—Receipts, 4,487 pkgs; steady and quiet; Western, 16@16½c. Sugar—Raw, firm; fair refining, 5⅛c; centrifugal, 96 test, 5 9-16@5⅝c; refined, steady; powdered, 6¾c; granulated, 6½c; crushed, 7⅛c. Coffee—Rio, quiet; fair cargoes, 19¾c; options, firmer. Turpentine spirits, dull and easy at 43½@44. Molasses nominal.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 17, 11 a. m.—Wheat—May, 81½c. Corn—January, 28¼c. Oats—May, 22c. Pork—January, 9.25c bid. Lard—January, 5.82½c bid. Short ribs—February, 4.67½@4.70c.

1:15 p. m.—Wheat easy; January, 76⅝c; May, 81c. Corn steady; January, 20⅛c; May, 31⅝c. Oats steady; January, 20⅛c; May, 22c. Rye—January, 44¼c. Barley—No trading. Prime timothy, $1.20. Flax—Cash, $1.35. Whisky, $1.02. Pork higher; January, $9.45; May, $9.90. Lard steady; January, 5.82½c; May, 6.07½c. January short ribs, $4.70. Butter and eggs steady.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 17.—Wheat—No. 1 white cash, 78½c; No. 2 red and January, 80c; February, 80⅜c, nominal; May, 83¾c bid, 83⅞c asked. Corn—No. 2 January, 29¾c; February, 30c bid. Oats—No. 2 cash, 24½c; No. 2 white cash, 26¾c. Receipts—Wheat, 8,000 bu; corn, 2,500 bu; oats, 2,200 bu.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 17.—Wheat—Quiet, easy; cash and January, 81⅝c; May, 84½c. Corn steady; cash, 50½c; May, 32¼c. Oats steady; cash, 22¼c; May, 24c bid. Cloverseed—Firm; cash, January and February, $3.50 bid; March, $3.55 bid.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 17.—Wheat weak; No. 2 spring on track cash, 72@73c; May, 75¼c; No. 1 Northern, 82½c. Corn quiet; No. 3 on track, 27c. Oats quiet; No. 2 white on track, 22½c. Rye steady; No. 1 in store, 45¼c. Barley quiet; No. 2 in store, 42½c.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 17.—Wheat—No. 1 hard firm at 91c; No. 1 Northern, 88½c; winter wheat, No. 2 red, 85c. Corn—No. 2 in store, 34c. Receipts—Wheat, 5,000 bu; corn, 8,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat—9,000 bu.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 17.—Flour quiet. Wheat steady, 80c. Corn weak, 32@33c. Oats quiet, 24c. Rye steady, 51c. Provisions firmer. Whisky steady; sales 1,068 bbls.

### Oil and Petroleum.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 17.—Petroleum quiet; S. W. 110, 7½c; 74 gasoline, 9c; 86 gasoline, 12c; 63 naphtha, 7c.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 17.—Petroleum is dull and steady; the market opened at $1.05¼, sold at $1.05 and at noon $1.05½ was quoted.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 17.—Turpentine steady at 40c.

### Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 17, 3:45 p. m., Close.—Pork is in poor demand; prime mess Eastern, 54s 6d, dull; do Western, 45s, dull. Lard is in poor demand; spot, 31s 9d, easy; January 32s, dull; February and March, 32s 3d, dull. Wheat is in poor demand; new No. 2 winter, 7s, firm; do spring, 7s 5d, firm. Flour is in poor demand, 10s 3d, steady. Corn—Demand poor for spot and fair for futures; spot, 4s 3d, steady; January, 4s 4d, steady; February, 3s 10¼d, steady; March, 3s 10d, dull.

### The St. Paul Kid Won.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 17.—James Kennar, better known as the St. Paul Kid, defeated "Beddy" Strauss of Buffalo in a fight to a finish here early this morning in the thirty-seventh round. Both were terribly

## LIVE STOCK.

Receipts and shipments of live stock as reported by the Merchants' Exchange:

| | Cattle. | Hogs. | Sheep. | Horses and Mules. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Receipts | 789 | 5,782 | 527 | 602 |
| Shipments | 938 | 1,642 | ... | 906 |

### Union Stock Yards.

Bremen Avenue and River.

FRIDAY, Jan. 17, Noon, 1890.

TO-DAY'S RECEIPTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cattle | 246 |
| Hogs | 2,147 |
| Horses and mules | 328 |
| Sheep | 51 |

CATTLE—The market this morning opened in strength all as good as yesterday's traffic. The volume of the trade to-day, however, did not equal that of yesterday for the very good reason that receipts of good cattle were restricted to such a degree that there was an absolute scarcity of good butcher material. Of the common class of cattle there was an ample supply in the pens.

To-day's sales:

| No. | Description. | Av. | Price. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 16 | Southwest cows | 773 | $2 00 |
| 23 | Southwest cows | 800 | 2 12½ |
| 11 | native cows and heifers | 769 | 2 65 |
| 16 | native cows and heifers | 780 | 2 70 |
| 10 | Southwest cows and heifers | 915 | 2 37½ |
| 14 | Southwest cows | 1,120 | 1 90 |
| 16 | Southwest stockers | 788 | 2 30 |
| 12 | native heifers | 617 | 2 25 |
| 24 | native heifers | 650 | 2 30 |

161 retail from $2 to $3.50.

HOGS—The wind was from the south to-day; packers were holding off some and trade easier. The top price ruled at $3.60, while the extreme range was from $3.40 to $3.60.

To-day's sales:

| No. | Av. | Price. | No. | Av. | Price. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 58 | 314 | $3 75 | 64 | 243 | $3 65 |
| 58 | 259 | 3 50 | 55 | 243 | 3 65 |
| 49 | 240 | 3 60 | 73 | 213 | 3 52½ |
| 49 | 195 | 3 50 | 70 | 215 | 3 50 |
| 40 | 239 | 3 55 | 68 | 239 | 3 60 |
| 50 | 174 | 3 50 | 53 | 210 | 3 55 |
| 66 | 225 | 3 60 | 40 | 194 | 3 60 |
| 98 | 206 | 3 55 | 124 | 256 | 3 65 |
| 110 | 231 | 3 55 | 94 | 248 | 3 60 |
| 48 | 200 | 3 55 | 64 | 305 | 3 65 |
| 61 | 201 | 3 55 | 58 | 258 | 3 55 |
| 51 | 237 | 3 60 | 67 | 209 | 3 55 |
| 47 | 269 | 3 55 | 80 | 239 | 3 55 |

SHEEP—As usual, there was a good, strong, active demand again to-day, with a splendid opening for sheep of all classes. Prices are still as high as ever and at former quotations.

NOTES.

A. B. Robertson, an extensive live stock grower of Colorado, Tex., is in the city, stopping at the Laclede.

Mr. John E. Richards of Moscow, Mo., was at the Union to-day with a carload 58 choice hogs, average 314 pounds, of his own raising. These hogs were taken by W. D. Grant, the packer, at the way up top price $3.75 per cwt. The Grant hams and lard have for many years been famous, and he always takes this kind of hogs to keep up his standard. Mr. Richards, who raised and marketed these hogs, mentioned that he was on this market with a carload of the same quality and breeding of hogs six years ago, when Mr. J. S. McKinnon, a well-known salesman at the Union Yards, dumped them at $7.30 per cwt., which was 30c above the market at the time, the same W. D. Grant got the hogs. These points are given to show that good stock will always bring the money. As before stated, these two lots of hogs were of the same good breeding and quality, a Poland China-Chester White cross.

### Weekly Review.

CATTLE—The market for the week closed as it opened, strong on good first-class material, but weaker on common or inferior stock, of which there was too many. There is a fair demand for feeders at from $2.50 to $3.25 per 100 owing to quality.

There is a scarcity of good butcher stock and they are wanted at $3.50@4. But an extra lot of good light steers from 1,000 to 1,100 lbs would command from $4.10 to $4.25 per 100. Cows and calves are not in demand and are weak in prices.

The receipts of cattle for the week were 1,930 head and sales 2,147 head.

HOGS—The market was only moderately fair during the week, with liberal receipts. During a few days in the fore part of the week the situation dragged some, and a decline of 5c was the sequel, with the same condition or feature of other markets. The chief reason for the drag was that the big storm cut off telegraphic communication with foreign markets, and the supply of hogs was too large for the local trade alone. Prices ruling to-day was $3.60 as the top and $3.40@3.60 as the range. The market closed steady for the week ending to-day. The receipts for the week were 12,266 head and sales 10,289

SHEEP—Briskness has again been the characteristic of the sheep market at the Union yards. The demand has far exceeded the demand for every grade of sheep. Growers, however, are finding the advantages that this market offers, and receipts are growing moderately better all the while. In proportion, St. Louis is doing even better than other markets.

### National Stock Yards.

CATTLE—As the supply was somewhat light buyers were restricted in their operations. The demand from the dressed beef company, interior shippers and home buyers for good butcher steers and cow stuff was more than fair. All offered changed hands promptly at slight higher prices. Good to fancy native shipping steers were in demand and none offered. Common cow stuff sold well for want of anything better.

| No. | Description. | Av. | Price. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 19 | native steers | 1,071 | $3 50 |
| 14 | native steers | 1,264 | 3 75 |
| 75 | native steers | 1,138 | 3 40 |
| 20 | native steers | 1,034 | 3 30 |
| 38 | native steers | 1,082 | 3 45 |
| 12 | native steers | 1,215 | 3 35 |
| 12 | native heifers | 900 | 2 75 |
| 11 | native cows | 890 | 2 10 |
| 16 | native cows | 954 | 2 30 |
| 36 | Southwest yearlings | 485 | 1 35 |
| 14 | Southwest stockers | 673 | 2 20 |
| 8 | Southwest stockers | 660 | 2 35 |
| 4 | Southwest stockers | 827 | 2 40 |
| 12 | veal calves | 105 | 5 50 |
| 18 | veal calves | 98 | 5 15 |

HOGS—There is no change to note whatever. The demand from the different classes of buyers was again large, and the liberal supply was worked off without much difficulty at about the prices prevailing yesterday. The range paid in extremes was from $3.50@3.65, with the bulk of sales going at $3.60@3.62½ per 100 lbs. Shippers operated quite freely and paid $3.60 for good light-weights; skips and culls, $3.10@3.40.

Representative sales:

| No. | Av. | Price. | No. | Av. | Price. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 75 | 166 | $3 60 | 81 | 228 | $3 62½ |
| 69 | 275 | 3 65 | 80 | 168 | 3 60 |
| 128 | 222 | 3 60 | 103 | 234 | 3 60 |
| 46 | 279 | 3 60 | 57 | 185 | 3 60 |
| 71 | 302 | 3 65 | 58 | 255 | 3 62½ |
| 71 | 220 | 3 57½ | 39 | 259 | 3 62½ |
| 50 | 239 | 3 62½ | 60 | 225 | 3 60 |
| 67 | 281 | 3 60 | 67 | 268 | 3 60 |
| 65 | 296 | 3 60 | 64 | 237 | 3 60 |
| 65 | 184 | 3 60 | 40 | 161 | 3 60 |
| 82 | 245 | 3 62½ | 29 | 192 | 3 60 |
| 74 | 186 | 3 60 | 132 | 254 | 3 65 |
| 63 | 240 | 3 60 | 65 | 232 | 3 60 |
| 58 | 185 | 3 55 | 39 | 173 | 3 60 |
| 48 | 174 | 3 55 | 24 | 178 | 3 60 |
| 72 | 196 | 3 60 | 63 | 170 | 3 50 |
| 81 | 253 | 3 60 | 40 | 276 | 3 57½ |
| 63 | 230 | 3 60 | 73 | 206 | 3 60 |

SHEEP—No supply worth speaking of, consequently no business could be transacted. The demand from all classes of buyers very large and prices higher than ever, the range being from $4.50@6 ℘ 100 lb, according to quality.

### Horses and Mules.

Reported daily by Martin Bros., Auction, Sale and Feed Stables, Nos. 1436 and 1446 North Broadway.

HORSES.

The horse market has been very good this week with the receipts moderate and the demand very good. Everything in the line of smooth young stock sold readily, and there was also a small demand for plugs. Nice Southern mares for the Tennessee market and good smooth horses for Georgia were the most in demand and sold rapidly. We look for heavier receipts and a consequent decline in prices for next week. Buyers here from Georgia, Mississippi, Louisiana, Tennessee, Kentucky and South Carolina.

Prices:

| | |
|---|---|
| Heavy draft, extra | $150@165 |
| Heavy draft, good | 120@150 |
| Drivers, extra | 150@175 |
| Drivers, good | 120@150 |
| Saddlers | 125@200 |
| Streeters | 90@115 |
| Southern mares, extra | 100@120 |
| Southern mares, good | 85@100 |
| Southern horses | 75@100 |
| Plugs | 20@40 |

MULES.

The mule market has been better this week than any other time within the past year. There were more buyers here for good, nice, smooth mules than there has been for a long time. Shippers sold out immediately on arrival and at prices that made them money. There are now less mules on the market than any time since summer, but the local dealers have all their buyers out, and by Sunday they will have their usual large stock on hand. We look for a slight decline in prices next week.

Prices:

| | |
|---|---|
| 14 hands, 4@7 years | $ 80.00@ 85.00 |
| 14½ hands, 4@7 years | 85.00@ 90.00 |
| 14½ hands, 4@7 years, extra | 90.00@100.00 |
| 15 hands, 4@7 years | 100.00@107.50 |
| 15 hands, 4@7 years, extra | 107.50@115.00 |
| 15½ hands, 4@7 years | 115.00@130.00 |
| 15½ hands, 4@7 years, extra | 135.00@150.00 |
| 16 hands, 4@7 years | 150.00@165.00 |
| 16 hands, 4@7 years, extra | 165.00@180.00 |

### Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 17.—Hogs—Receipts, 27,000; market fairly active, firm and higher; light, $3.65@3.85; rough packing, $3.60@3.65; heavy packing and shipping, $3.70@3.85. Cattle—Receipts, 8,000; market steady; beeves, $3.50@5.10; cows, $1.50@2.90; stockers and feeders, $2.25@3.20. Sheep—Receipts, 7,000; market steady; muttons, $3.50@5.60; lambs, $5@6.40; cornfed Westerns, $4.75@5.25

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 17.—Cattle dull and unchanged. Receipts, 140 loads through, 5 sale; sheep and lambs receipts, 2 loads through, 15 sale. Sheep, firm; lambs, steady. Hogs, steady, 5c higher on Yorkers; receipts, 10 loads through, 40 sale. Medium and heavy, $3.75; mixed, $3.80; Yorkers, $3.85@3.90; pigs, $3.85@3.90.

### Wichita Board of Trade.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WICHITA, Kan., Jan. 17.—The new directory of the Board of Trade held a meeting this morning and elected George L. Rouse President and H. L. Pierce Secretary, for the ensuing year.

Eat Your Supper
AT THE
DELICATESSEN.

## CITY NEWS.

Oh, such crowds!! Oh, such a jam!! Oh, such a crush!! Oh, such giving away of nice goods!! Oh, such an enriching of the people of St. Louis!! as is to-day the fact at the Great Salvage Sale of D. Crawford & Co.

**Dr. E. C. Chase,**
Corner of 9th & Olive streets. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

### BARONESS VON HELDBOURG.

**The Deceased Morganatic Wife of the Duke of Saxe-Meinengen.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Apropos the death of the morganatic wife of the Duke of Saxe-Meinengen in Berlin, it may be stated that Duke George of Meinengen is a tall, exceedingly handsome man, and his great glory as a ruler in the German Empire has been his devotion to dramatic art. His wife, an English actress, whom he married March 18, 1873, had a great influence upon him in this respect, and she it was who induced him to make his theatrial company—the celebrated Meinengen troupe—the most perfect organization of its kind in the world. She was a beautiful woman, very intellectual and suggested rather an American than an English origin. A correspondent of the POST-DISPATCH paid his respects to the Duke some time ago and asked him to give the American public the secret of the success achieved by his theatrical company. "Permit me," said his highness, "to introduce you to my wife; she knows more about that than I do," and he took his visitor and presented him to the Baroness von Heldbourg, who is now reported dead.

***STILL TIME TO BEGIN IT.*** The greatest and latest of Rider Haggard's novels, "Beatrice," a dramatic story, profusely illustrated, is now running in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH. The second installment, with a complete synopsis of the first, was given in last SUNDAY'S POST-DISPATCH. Begin it now. Copies of the paper to be had at this office.

### BOSS PLATT HAPPY.

**A Complimentary Notice in the Boss Mugwump Editor's Paper.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The friends] of Mr. Platt, according to the WORLD of to-day, are having a good laugh at the expense of George William Curtis. A recent issue of *Harper's Weekly* contained a very complimentary sketch of Mr. Platt as President of the United States Express Co., together with an excellent portait of the Republican leader. All through the article Mr. Platt is referred to in the highest terms as a business man and politician. The article has been copied extensively by the country papers and credited to *Harper's Weekly*. The funny part of it all is that most of the rural editors in commenting on it have assumed that Mr. Curtis was its author and have indulged in speculations as to the causes that produced the change of heart in the distinguished mugwump editor. "Has Curtis become a spoilsman?" is a question that has frequently been propounded. It is said that Mr. Curtis has been in an indescribable state of mind in consequence. The explanation of the appearance of the sketch of Mr. Platt in *Harper's Weekly* is that Mr. Curtis' reign does not extend beyond the editorial columns of the paper.

**To Hot Springs Without Change.**

The long-looked for and much-desired arrangement of running sleeping-cars through to Hot Springs without transfer at Malvern has at last been consummated. Passengers leaving St. Louis for this popular resort via the Iron Mountain route can secure a sleeper at 8:10 p. m. and go through without change, arriving at noon the next day. The great new Hotel Eastman will be opened before the 1st of February. Ticket offices 102 North Fourth street and Union Depot.

### HELD FOR ASSAULT TO KILL.

**John Johnston Has a Preliminary Examination in the C. C. C. To-Day.**

In the Court of Criminal Correction Judge Campbell heard the evidence in the bloody shooting affray which occurred on Christmas Day.

John Johnston, John Rerdhall and Charles Geggus are three workmen employed in the malt-house at the corner of Eleventh and Market streets. Christmas day they were canning beer at a lively rate and a fight ensued. Johnson shot Geggus three times, inflicting wounds from the effect of which the injured man was expected to die at any hour for days afterward. Johnston fled to Illinois, but was captured through a telegram and brought back.

Beggus recovered and was discharged from the City Hospital three days ago. Johnston and Berdhall both claimed that Beggus had assaulted them with a hatchet before Johnston fired.

Judge Campbell discharged Berdhall on the evidence and held Johnston to the Grand-jury in the sum of $800 for assault to kill.

**The Burlington Route to the North and West.**

Through trains from St. Louis to Kansas City, St. Joseph, Denver, St. Paul and Minneapolis. The best line for Lincoln and Columbus, Neb. Ticket-offices, 112 North Fourth street and Union Depot.

### A CASE OF SNAKES.

**James Heffernan, a Chicago Man, Becomes Insane in a Depot.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—James Heffernan, a Chicago man, 24 years old, was taken violently insane in the waiting-room of the Central Railroad, in the Grand Central Depot, Wednesday night. He had a ticket for the West, and sat quietly on a bench with his valise beside him until it was near train time and the waiting-rooms were filled with people. Then he gave way to a terrific yell, sprang to his feet and hurled his valise from him. "Keep them away from me or they will kill me! for God's sake keep them off!" he screamed as he threw his arms wildly about his head and retreated into a corner of the room. Men and women fled in alarm. Heffernan was taken to the police station in the basement of the building and was arraigned at Yorkville Court yesterday. He was committed for examination as to his mental condition.

WE have removed our city retail department from the old stand at Sixth and Pine streets, three doors north, to 205 North Sixth. We have refitted the new building throughout in the very finest style, and our patrons can rely upon finding at the new establishment the best of bread, pies, cakes, crackers, etc. Remember the new number, 205 North Sixth street. DOZIER CRACKER CO.

**New Warrants.**

Warrants were sworn out this morning charging William Brummer with burglary and larceny in breaking into the residence of James H. Bright, 1215 North Market street, and stealing a lot of clothing; Wm. Willoughby, grand larceny in stealing $10 in cash and a promissory note for $25,000 from Mrs. E. Jenkins; Jacob Rose, keeping a common gambling-house.

FOR the cure or prevention of the *Influenza* or *Grippe* take Dr. Enno Sander's Double or Tenfold Carlsbad Water, properly diluted with hot water.

A SPECIAL DRIVE
—IN—
Ladies' Fine Shoes

Ladies' Best French Kid Turns, hand-made,
☞ *Cut from $5 down to $3*
Ladies' French Kid Button, double soles, hand-sewed,
☞ *Cut from $5.00 down to $3.50*
Ladies' Straight Goat Button, double soles, tips or plain, hand welts,
☞ *Cut from $3.50 down to $2.00*
Ladies' Best Oil Pebble Button, double soles, hand-sewed,
☞ *Cut from $3.50 down to $2.00*
☞ REDUCTIONS IN BOYS', MISSES AND CHILDREN'S SHOES. ☜
FAMOUS SHOERS, LARGEST IN THE WORLD.

## THE HARVARD BOYS HOT.

**OBNOXIOUS ORDER PROHIBITING THEM FROM TAKING PART IN CONTESTS.**

**Entries to the Chicago Running Meeting—Herman Oelrichs and A. H. Curtis Leave the New York Athletic Club—Jim Hart to Be Secretary of the Chicago League Team—Racing, Base Ball and Other Sports.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 17.

HARVARD COLLEGE athletics, hereafter, are to have all the latest kindergarten improvements. A Chinese wall is not to be built around the college campus to prevent the boys going out nights. Not exactly that, but they may not go over to New York or to Philadelphia or to many wicked places outside of dear old New England to engage in any college sports. In fact New England must be their exclusive playground or they must have none at all. An edict by that awe-inspiring body known as the Athletic Committee of the faculty has said so. Here is the exact languare of it:

1. Harvard athletic organizations hereafter shall engage in inter-collegiate contests only n New England.

2. This rule shall not apply to the Harvard Athletic Association for the academic year 1889-90.

3. That the athletic organizations and Graduate Advisory Committee be requested in framing agreements with other colleges to urge the following limitation on membership in university teams, it having been voted by a meeting of representative athletic graduates and under graduates held December 11, 1889, that such limitation is expedient, provided other colleges should agree to its application in inter-collegiate contests. "No one shall be a member of any university team who is not a candidate for the A. B. or S. B. degree or a special student in the college or scientific school."

This order, of course, created a great sensation in Cambridge and Boston yesterday. Harvard graduates and undergraduates talked of nothing else. The learned gentlemen of the faculty probably did not hear the criticisms passed on themselves and their conduct, but the average Harvard man's accomplishment in the way of refined and masterly swearing emphasized itself wherever the students congregated. The boys are indignant, disgusted and disappointed.

**Joined the Manhattans.**

At a regular meeting of the Board of Governors of the Manhattan Athletic Club held on Friday, January 3, Mr. Herman Oelrichs and Mr. A. H. Curtis were elected members of the club. Both of these gentlemen were once ardent supporters of the New York Athletic Club, but since the opening of that organization's spacious club-house in 1885 have ceased to take an active interest in the club's doings. They are still members of the "Mercury Foot," although not workers for it. Each had an unpleasant experience in the N. Y. A. C., and to these episodes the cause for their lack of interest is laid.

Mr. Oelrichs' trouble was brought about by the after affects of the grand feast which he gave the club on the occasion of the opening of the new club-house. The club had spent a great deal of money on the building and yet it wanted to open it with appropriate ceremonies. Mr. Oelrichs was Chairman of the Building Committee and had worked most assiduously while the structure was building. He capped the climax by offering to give the opening dinner, and it being accepted, the banquet took place with great eclat. It cost the donor over $4,500, for the delicacies were plentiful and champagne could hardly be more abundant. One month later the annual election of officers was held and Mr. Oelrichs absolutely refused to run on any ticket or for any office, although he had been a prominent governor for several years previous. It was also noticed that he had not been in the new club house since its opening, and all manner of rumor was circulated.

The reason which the more conservative element gave for his retirement is that a report was circulated to the effect that he had given the handsome dinner for political reasons. Mr. Oelrichs never after crossed the threshold of the club, and in the spring of 1887, when Mr. Wm. R. Travers, the President, died, he resigned. A committee from the club waited on him, and a withdrawal of his resignation was the result, but to this day, it is said, he has not been in the club-house.

Mr. Curtis was Vice-President of the club for three years up to 1885, when he was defeated at the election that Mr. Oelrichs refused to figure in. Mr. Curtis has frequented the building a great deal since his defeat, and thoroughly enjoys its privileges. He told a *Sun* reporter that he had joined the Manhattan Athletic Club because he considered it a growing organization which would soon have the largest and handsomest athletic club house in the world, but he is still most friendly with his old organization, of which he is a life member.

**The Ward Case Under Advisement.**

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The motion of the Metropolitan Exhibition Co., to restrain John M. Ward from playing with any other base ball organization than the New York League Club, was up for hearing in the Supreme Court Chambers yesterday. Judge Howland, Ward's counsel, said the "reserve" claim in the contract did not hold a player for more than seven months. The National agreement contained three things which were distasteful to the American people: Boycotts, trusts and slavery. Mr. Choate for the League Club held that Ward in his new book on base ball admitted that the reserve rule held a player for a year and it was absurd to deny that it did. Decision of the question was reserved.

**Ball Players Depart.**

Capt. Charley Comiskey of the Browns left for Chicago last night with his wife and boy. Secretary Frank Brunell of the Players' League and Tip O'Neill and his mother were also of the party. O'Neill and his mother will go to their home at Woodstock, Canada. Comiskey will sign a contract to-morrow to manage, captain and play first base for the Chicago Brotherhood club for the next three years. That team will have five of the leading lights of the old Browns. They are Comiskey, Latham, O'Neill, King and Boyle. The last named left last night for his home in Cincinnati.

**The Princeton Base Ball Team.**

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 17.—There is an unusually large number of good men working for positions in the University base ball nine. Five are trying for the position of catcher, four for that of pitcher and twenty-five for various positions in the field. Among these are the following last year's men, who will probably take the same positions this year.

Brokaw, '92, catcher; Young, '92, pitcher, (in four games); Capt. Dana, '91, first base; Watts, '91, third base; Knickerbocker, '91, short stop; Durell, '89, center, and Payne, '91, left field.

The team is weaker by the loss of Ames (pitcher) who, on account of the death of his father, may not return to college; O-borne, second base, and King, right field and Captain. These men have been working in the gymnasium and outdoors since the holidays and expect to get into the new cage about the middle of February. Charles Reilly, who played third base on the Columbus nine last season, is coaching the men in base running and batting.

**Jim Hart in Chicago.**

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 17.—Jim Hart, erstwhile manager of the Bostons, who engineered the trip of the Browns and Bostons to the Pacific Coast, arrived in this city yesterday. He comes to Chicago it is said, to act as Secretary of the Chicago League Club, the coming season. He will also accompany the team and look after the finances. Mr. Hart reported a fairly successful trip on the coast. The two clubs came out about even on the venture, but neither made any money.

**Pete Sweeney Signed.**

It is stated that President Van der Ahe has signed Pete Sweeney, the California League player, who covered third bag for the Browns a short time last season. He was formerly a member of the Washington League Club. Since his return to California, Sweeney has been leading the California League in batting.

**Base Ball Briefs.**

The new grounds at Washington will have a pavilion after the style of the Philadelphia grounds.

Toronto has forfeited its charter and its players are for sale. President McConnell lost $20,000 in three years.

Providence and Springfield are finding no trouble in raising the necessary funds to put clubs in the New England League.

Tom McCarthy, the right fielder of the St. Louis Browns, is putting in his spare time tending bar for Mike Corless at South Boston.

It looks as if President Hewitt intends to open this season with one man on the Washington pay roll. That is the extent of the number of players signed.

John L. Sullivan takes a deep interest in the Brotherhood's struggle. He wants to see the players win, and talks in a very logical manner of the weak points they must overcome.

Judge Choate excited even the Court to smile when he said, in reply to Judge Howland's question regarding the length of time the plaintiffs required, "Oh, we only want one short stop."

Paul Hines is in Washington, looking after a position in the congressional document-room. Paul has been playing professionally since 1872, when he caught for Nick Young's Washington Club.

**New Orleans Results.**

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 17.—The races here yesterday resulted as follows:

First race, selling, six furlongs, five starters—Skobeloff cantered in a winner by four lengths; Winnie Davis, second, three-quarters of a length before Crispino, third; Nickel Plate, fourth; Merry Girl, last. Time, 1:20.

Second race, selling, five furlongs, eleven went to the post—Knoxville came in winner by a length; Mattie McHenry, second, half length ahead of Lady Rose, third; Frank Clapp, Zeb Ward, Van Renssalaer, Millionnaire, Joe Pierson, Moma P., Specie. Nellie Foster, as named. Time, 1:06½.

Third race, selling, eleven-sixteenths of a mile. Three starters—Marchburn won by five lengths; Castillian, second, a length and a half before Peanut, third. Time, 1:11.

Fourth race, handicap, seven furlongs. Five starters—On the turn Buckler went to the front and came in the winner by a length; Col. Gore, second, a length before Ireland, third; Cora L., fourth; Probus, fifth. Time, 1:34¼.

**Guttenberg Races.**

GUTTENBERG, N. J., Jan. 17.—Below is the result of the races here yesterday:

First race, five-eighths of a mile—Shakspeare 100, Jones, first; Japhet 109, Moser, second; Imogene 95, F. Doane, third. Time, 1:06½.

Second race, one mile and an eighth—Bela 110, Doane, first; Hamlet 120, Ransom, second; Lancaster 116, Miller, third. Time, 2:04.

Third race, six and a half furlongs—Tyrone 140, Bergen, first; Mamie Hay 113, Downing, second; Banker 115, Gerhardy, third. Time, 1:28.

Fourth race, one mile—Drumstick 112, Compton, first; Telie Doe 112½, Taral, second; Pat Donovan 115, Merrick, third. Time, 1:49½.

Fifth race, three-fourths of a mile—Dr. Jekyll 88, Jones, first; Shotover 88, F. Doane, second; Howe 1:07½, Bergen, third. Time, 1:20½.

Sixth race, seven-eighths of a mile—King Idle 118, Doane, first; Facial B. 122, Griffith, second; Neptunus 115, Miller, third. Time, 1:34½.

**Washington Park Entries.**

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—Secretary Brewster of the Washington Park Jockey Club reports thrt 408 entries to the stakes of the club have been received. With just exactly half of the hoped for number in, and the Californian and other far western stables, the Tennessee stables, those now at New Orleans, a number in Kentucky and others nearer home yet to hear from, it appears probable that Secretary Brewster's desire will be realized.

When the rich Wheeler handicap was instituted, it was anticipated that the event would be recognized as the most important handicap of the West and on a par with the Suburban and Brooklyn in the East.

Heretofore the Oakwood has always received the greatest number of entries, but it is already evident that the Wheeler has supplanted it, and taken the place it was designed to fill in the estimation of Western owners. Secretary Brewster has already received sixty-two entries for this race.

**National Trotting Breeders.**

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The Executive Committee of the National Trotting Breeders went into session behind closed doors at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday, President H. W. T. Mall occupying the chair. Among those present were: C. F. Emory of Ohio, S. A. Brown and H. W. T. Mall of New York, S. H. Humble of Connecticut, W. B. Dickerman of New York and A. J. Caton of Illinois. Dates will be fixed at this meeting for the opening of stakes for 1890 and the question of "tin-cup" records, which means records made under private trials, will be discussed at length.

FAMOUS'
BOUGHT OUT
Wanamaker & Brown.

We have consummated the purchase of Wanamaker & Brown's entire stock of

Clothing and
Furnishing Goods!

Upwards of $100,000, which is now being removed to our establishment, to be rearranged and marked down to be sold at about

25 Cents on the Dollar!

Due notice will be given of date of sale.

WAIT FOR US!
FAMOUS
SHOE AND CLOTHING CO.,
BROADWAY AND MORGAN.

**Horses for California.**

LEXINGTON, Ky., Jan. 17.—Samuel Gamble of San Francisco, Cal., has purchased of Hart Boswell, this city, Nancy Lee, bay mare, 12, by Dictator, dam Sophy by Alexander's Edwin Forrest, for $6,000. She is the dam of the famous Nancy Hanks, who was never beaten. John Madden of Lexington has bought of Joseph Greer, Ella Ohio, brown filly, 3, by Declaration, dam Nellie Draco, for $1,500.

**Turf Talk.**

An effort will be made to train Sir Dixon and Hanover for the spring handicaps.

The Dwyers will probably yet regret the sale of Fordham. He seems to be unbeatable just now.

The work on the new Monmouth Park track is progressing, and there is no longer any doubt that the beautiful course will be finished before July 4.

The Dwyers' 3-year-old contingent this season will begin as an almost untried lot. Outside of Blackburn and June Day few of them have done anything.

The sale of the Rancho del Paso youngsters has been set for June 30. There will be 100 in the lot that will come from the Pacific Slope to New York. The sale, as usual, will be without reserve.

The Nashville people are certain they will have El Rio Rey, Rey el Rey and other famous animals at the meeting in April. It is also said by Nashville papers that Mr. Theo Winters will not come East until July, beginning the Eastern season at Monmouth.

**Sporting Notes.**

There is great satisfaction over the selection of Sturgis as captain of Harvard's Mott Haven team.

M. M. Ford has been forced to settle with Jordon on the terms agreed upon originally for their Thanksgiving Day match.

Willie Windle, the boy wonder, has been reinstated as an amateur by the Racing Board of the League of American Wheelmen.

It is dollars to cents that the new cutter building in England for Jameison will not come to this country after the America Cup.

William Beach, the Australian oarsman, will probably visit this country next March and arrange a race with William O'Connor or John Teemer.

Tommy Barnes, a feather-weight pugilist, has won another fight on a foul. Tommy is making as much out of fouls as if he were in the poultry business.

The names of John W. Mackay, Leland Stanford and Charles A. Crocker appear on the membership list of the Olympic Athletic Club of San Francisco.

Efforts will be made to make the skating record of Joe Donoghue of 17m. 8s. for five miles stand. McCormack and Lally are out with affidavits to back up the record.

Charlie Mitchell has at last engaged in a scrap which Americans can enjoy. He pummeled Viscount Mandeville. This is something for Lady Mandeville to put in her scrap-book.

**California on Wheels.**

This free display of California products, comprising cereals, wines and fruits, will remain at Sixteenth street and Clark avenue until and including Tuesday, January 21. All are cordially invited.

### A FINANCIAL SENSATION.

**A Toronto Bank Out $40,000 Through the Carelessness of a Clerk.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

TORONTO, Ontario, Jan. 17.—It was reported here Wednesday that a leading city bank had lost $100,000 by the crookedness of some of its clerks. This was exaggerated, for it was afterward ascertained that the bank is out $40,000 through clerical irregularities. Owing to the carelessness of Accountant Moffatt, Ledger-keeper Harry Brown's book was not regularly balanced, and that young man allowed customers to overdraw to the extent mentioned. Brown has disappeared, and his wife does not know when he will return. It is not yet known whether or not Brown got any of the money.

MRS. WINSLOW'S Soothing Syrup for Children Teething relieves the child from pain; 25c.

### BROUGHT TO JUSTICE.

**The Mysterious Assailant of Father Kelly of Oneida, N. Y.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

ROME, N. Y., Jan. 17.—The investigation into the attempts upon the life of the Rev. Father Kelly in the village of Oneida seems to be bearing fruit, for it was reported here last night that detectives have at last found the guilty parties. The Oneida *Union* of yesterday says it is probable that arrests will be made this week.

"Indeed, Father Kelly said as much during the course of his remarks Sunday morning and further stated that when the guilty party stood revealed it would be a great surprise to his people. Father Kelly spoke earnestly and feelingly of the matter and evinced thorough satisfaction that his assailant was brought to justice."

INVEST, young man! invest twenty-five cents in a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

## BOODLE OFFERED BRADY.

**HE DECLINED $1,000 TO VOTE FOR JANITOR AHEARN'S REINSTATEMENT.**

**Director McEntire Will Be Heard in Tones of Thunder if Reorganization is Attempted—Brady's Platform for Free Books and Free Clothes, Too, if the School Board Will Vote With Him—A Story for Grand-Jury Investigation.**

NOW that free books have been adopted by the School Board the general inquiry is what next? The prevailing opinion is that the next move will be for reorganization. That the opposition combine will attempt any such a proceeding as this, however, is not credited by many who ought to be very good judges of the probabilities. It is said that there are some members in the combine who are too smart to have any serious intention of ousting the present officers of the board, because such an action would create the suspicion that they were out for spoils, and besides they have, it is claimed, nothing to gain by reorganization as long as they have the majority and can carry what they want. Mr. Macklin said this morning that the solid eleven had no definite plans for reorganization and, in fact, no such procedure was contemplated at present. What might be done in the future he did not know.

**ATTEMPT TO BRIBE BRADY.**

Mr. Brady is with the Auler crowd; that is certain. He himself admits it openly. "How could I go back on them in anything that is just and proper after the way they stood by me," he asks. Mr. Brady was met this morning by a POST-DISPATCH reporter just as the former was about to go up to Director McEntire's office on Fourth street. He was asked if there was any truth in the story that a member of the House of Delegates had come to him and told him that there was $1,000 ready for him if he would agree to vote for Janitor Ahearn's reinstatement, just to down Walter McEntire, at whose instigation, principally, Ahearn was discharged. He said that such an offer had been made him at his own house. He was told that the money had been raised by subscription and that it would be paid to him Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock if he would give his word to put Ahearn back. He indignantly declined the offer and voted to sustain McEntire. On the way up in the elevator Mr. Brady was asked if he would give the name of the man who had attempted to bribe him, but he positively refused.

When Mr. McEntire's office was reached McEntire asked Brady if all statements purporting to have come from him were correct. Brady said that they were.

"Well, John," said Mr. McEntire, "you have shown yourself to be a friend of mine, and I am a friend of yours—as good a friend as you have got. You can just bet that Brady will stand by me in anything," continued he, turning to the reporter.

"I don't know about that, I won't say that," put in Mr. Brady, much to Mr. McEntire's consternation.

"You don't mean to say you are not my friend?"

"I am, indeed, in anything that is right," answered Brady.

"Well, you don't think I would ask you to stand by me in anything that was not proper, do you?"

"Of course not," replied Mr. Brady.

"Well, then," said Mr. McEntire.

"How about reorganization; are you in with the Auler faction for that?" asked the reporter of Mr. McEntire.

As Mrs. Malaprop would say this question threw Mr. McEntire into the "hydrostatics." There was nothing he could think of that would be unseemly that he averred he wouldn't do before he would be a party to any such an outrage as that, and if it was ever attempted he would be heard from in tones of thunder. If he uses the same tones on that occasion, if it ever comes to pass, as he did this morning, it will be a sole wager that he will.

**WHAT BRADY WOULD DO.**

Mr. Brady was asked whether he would be with the Auler faction in such a movement, but declined to say what he would do in that event.

When asked how he regarded the suggestion that as he had been so successful in his advocacy of free books, he ought now to advocate free clothing, the big-hearted director said:

"If I had my way I would clothe every shivering child in St. Louis in garments of "warmeth."

**HE WILL FIGHT.**

In regard to reorganization, a POST-DISPATCH reporter was most creditably informed to-day that the friends of two of the directors who are with the Auler faction had called on President Miller and told him that these two directors would never countenance any attempt to remove him. President Miller is saying nothing. He asserts that all the talk about reorganization is giving him not the slightest trouble. His friends say should the talk about reorganization culminate in action that the Auler faction will find that they will have to deal with a fighter who does not know what it is to give up.

HUMPHREY'S.

ST. LOUIS, January 17, 1890.

BARGAINS.

Parents who have a Boy or Boys in need of Clothing should visit our Boys' Clothing Room to-day or to-morrow; *the Bargains are there.* The goods are thoroughly good, the garments excellently well made, and all cut in the latest style—*no old, unsalable trash,* but clean, new goods.

500 BOYS' KNEE-PANT SUITS,
Consisting of Cheviots, Plaid Cassimeres, striped and fancy mixtures, for $5.00; former price, $10, $8.50, $7.50; sizes, 4 to 15 years.

BOYS' LONG-PANT SUITS,
Fancy mixed Cheviots, $5.00; regular price, $8.50; sizes 11 to 18 years.
Fine Cassimeres, Worsteds and Cheviots, $7.50, $8.50, $10, $12, $15 and $17.
Elegant Blue and Black Cheviots, $12, $15 and $17.

BOYS' REEFERS, 4 to 8 Years.
Fancy Blue Cheviot, with braid, $8.50; sizes 4 to 14 years.
Plain Beaver, Blue and Black Chinchilla, $5, $6.50, $7.50, $8.50, $10 and $15.

BOYS' OVERCOATS, with Cape, Sizes 4 to 10 Years.
Meltons, Kerseys, Chinchillas, Fur Beavers, Plaid Cassimeres and Scotch Mixtures, $5, $6, $7.50, $8.50, $10, $12, $14, $15.

BOYS' OVERCOATS, Sizes 12 to 18 Years.
Blue and Black Chinchilla, Plain and Fur Beavers, Mixed Cassimeres, Meltons and Kerseys; prices, $5, $6.50, $7.50, $8.50, $10, $12, $14, $15, $18.
BOYS' EXTRA LONG PANTS, sizes 11 to 18 years, $1.50, $2.50, $3, $4, $5 and $6.
BOYS' KNEE PANTS, sizes 4 to 16 years, $1.50, $1.75, $2, $2.50, $3 and $4.
ELEGANT LINE OF STAR WAISTS, 65c, all sizes, worth $1. Broken Lots, 50c.
Fine line of Boys' Jersey Suits, sizes 4 to 8 years; price $5.00.
Boys' 3-PIECE Sherwood Suits, sizes 4 to 9 years. Fine Tricots, Fancy Worsteds and Cassimeres; prices, $7.50, $8.50, $10, $12 and $15.

FREE.
One of the celebrated *Manhattan Stop Watches* to every purchaser of goods amounting to $25 and over. These Watches are stem-winding and stem-setting, open face, with nickel case. They're excellent time-keepers and will wear for years. *It is a bona-fide gift on our part, and costs you nothing. See our prices; see the prices for goods elsewhere,* and you'll readily see that you'll be a Watch ahead (and a good one at that) by trading with

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"BROAD-GAUGE" SHOE FOR MEN,
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Policemen, Railroadmen, Firemen, Gripmen,
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A SEWED SHOE, made of the best calfskin, with triple sole and extra broad shank and heel.
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At 311 NORTH BROADWAY.

THE most delicate constitution can safely use Dr. J. H. McLean's Tar Wine Lung Balm; it is a sure remedy for coughs, loss of voice, and all throat and lung diseases.

### A CONVICT'S PLEA.

**After Twenty Years' Imprisonment He Yearns to See the Outside World.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 17.—Gov. Gordon yesterday received a curious letter dated from the Cole City convict camp. It was from Charles Ramsey, a colored convict, now serving his twentieth year of a life sentence for murder. The letter says:

"I beg of Your Excellency to please proclaim liberty for me. I have been confined in the State Prison ever since my trial and conviction, and have never attempted to escape. I do sincerely beg of you to please allow me to see the outside world one time more, for very little of it have I ever seen. I I have no relatives or friends whom I could ask to help me out. I came here when I was quite a boy and I am penniless and cannot employ an attorney to seek clemency for me. In all my long, wearisome years in prison I have not received a single line of handwriting. I beg you to write me one line that I may rejoice."

Gov. Gordon at once wrote the convict an autograph letter, the contents of which he has not disclosed, but which are believed to promise a pardon.

**For Constipation**
Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Dr. J. R. FORTSON, Kiowa, Ind. Ter., says: "I have tried it for constipation, with success, and I think it worthy a thorough trial by the profession."

**A New Rule Regarding Encores.**

The managers of the Musical Union have decided to inaugurate at the next concert a rule in regard to encores. One encore will be allowed for each soloist, and no encore of any orchestral number will be permitted. The experience is that indiscriminate encores mar the beauty of the programme and increase the length of the concert unreasonably.

The second concert will take place at Music Hall, next Tuesday evening. The public dress rehearsal will take place next Monday afternoon at 2 p. m. The orchestral numbers will be Mendelssohn's Scotch Symphony, Gillet's "In the Mill," Arditi's "L'Ingenue Gavotte," Nicolai's Overture to the "Merry Wives of Windsor." Mrs. Fanny Bloomfield-Zeissler and Mrs. Oscar H. Bollman will be the soloists.

Four Years on Crutches.
For fifteen years I was afflicted with rheumatism, four years of which I was compelled to go on crutches. Words are inadequate to express the suffering I endured during that time. During these fifteen years of existence (it was not living), I tried every known remedy without receiving any benefit. I finally began on Swift's Specific (S. S. S.), which from the first gave me relief, and to-day I am enjoying the best of health, and am a well man. I candidly believe that S. S. S. is the best blood purifier on the market to-day. J. D. TAYLOR, Cuba, Mo.
Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.